Job No.:	J5S3346
Route:	С
County:	Crawford

JOB SPECIAL PROVISIONS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Job Special Provisions shall prevail over General Provisions whenever in conflict therewith.)

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JOB SPECIAL PROVISION

A. <u>General - Federal JSP-09-02G</u>

1.0 Description. The Federal Government is participating in the cost of construction of this project. All applicable Federal laws, and the regulations made pursuant to such laws, shall be observed by the contractor, and the work will be subject to the inspection of the appropriate Federal Agency in the same manner as provided in Sec 105.10 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction with all revisions applicable to this bid and contract.

1.1 This contract requires payment of the prevailing hourly rate of wages for each craft or type of work required to execute the contract as determined by the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations and requires adherence to a schedule of minimum wages as determined by the United States Department of Labor. For work performed anywhere on this project, the contractor and the contractor's subcontractors shall pay the higher of these two applicable wage rates. State Wage Rates, Information on the Required Federal Aid Provisions, and the current Federal Wage Rates are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT", "Contractor Resources". Effective Wage Rates will be posted 10 days prior to the applicable bid opening. These supplemental bidding documents have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

1.2 The following documents are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at <u>www.modot.org</u> under "Doing Business with MoDOT"; "Standards and Specifications". The effective version shall be determined by the letting date of the project.

General Provisions & Supplemental Specifications

Supplemental Plans to July 2021 Missouri Standard Plans For Highway Construction

These supplemental bidding documents contain all current revisions to the published versions and have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

B. <u>Contract Liquidated Damages</u>

1.0 Description. Liquidated Damages for failure or delay in completing the work on time for this contract shall be in accordance with Sec 108.8. The liquidated damages include separate amounts for road user costs and contract administrative costs incurred by the Commission.

2.0 Period of Performance. Prosecution of work is expected to begin on the date specified below in accordance with Sec 108.2. Regardless of when the work is begun on this contract, all work shall be completed on or before the date specified below. Completion by this date shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sec 108.7.1.

Notice to Proceed:	January 3, 2022
Completion Date:	November 1, 2022

2.1 Calendar Days. The count of calendar days will begin on the date the contractor starts any construction operations on the project.

Job Number	Calendar Days	Daily Road User Cost
J5S3346	90	\$1800

3.0 Liquidated Damages for Contract Administrative Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged contract administrative liquidated damages in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount of **\$750** per calendar day for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. For projects in combination, these damages will be charged in full for failure to complete one or more projects within the above specified completion date or calendar days.

4.0 Liquidated Damages for Road User Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged road user costs in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount specified in Section 2.1 for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. These damages are in addition to the contract administrative damages and any other damages as specified elsewhere in this contract.

C. <u>Work Zone Traffic Management</u>

1.0 Description. Work zone traffic management shall be in accordance with applicable portions of Division 100 and Division 600 of the Standard Specifications, and specifically as follows.

1.1 Maintaining Work Zones and Work Zone Reviews. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall maintain work zones in accordance with Sec 616.3.3 and as further stated herein. The WZS shall coordinate and implement any changes approved by the engineer. The WZS shall ensure all traffic control devices are maintained in accordance with Sec 616, the work zone is operated within the hours specified by the engineer, and will not deviate from the specified hours without prior approval of the engineer. The WZS is responsible to manage work zone delay in accordance with these project provisions. When requested by the engineer, the WZS shall submit a weekly report that includes a review of work zone operations for the week. The report shall identify any problems encountered and corrective actions taken. Work zones are subject to unannounced inspections by the engineer and other departmental staff to corroborate the validity of the WZS's review and may require immediate corrective measures and/or additional work zone monitoring.

1.2 Work Zone Deficiencies. Failure to make corrections on time may result in the engineer suspending work. The suspension will be non-excusable and non-compensable regardless if road user costs are being charged for closures.

2.0 Traffic Management Schedule.

2.1 Traffic management schedules shall be submitted to the engineer for review prior to the start of work and prior to any revisions to the traffic management schedule. The traffic management schedule shall include the proposed traffic control measures, the hours traffic control will be in place, and work hours.

2.2 The traffic management schedule shall conform to the limitations specified in Sec 616 regarding lane closures, traffic shifts, road closures and other width, height and weight restrictions.

2.3 The engineer shall be notified as soon as practical of any postponement due to weather, material or other circumstances.

2.4 In order to ensure minimal traffic interference, the contractor shall schedule lane closures for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. Lanes shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

2.5 Traffic Congestion. The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of 10 minutes to prevent congestion from escalating to 15 minute or above threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues of 15 minute delays or longer, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable.

2.5.1 Traffic Safety.

2.5.1.1 Recurring Congestion. Where traffic queues routinely extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway, the contractor shall extend the advance warning area, as approved by the engineer.

2.5.1.2 Non-Recurring Congestion. When traffic queues extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway infrequently, the contractor shall deploy a means of providing advance warning of the traffic congestion, as approved by the engineer. The warning location shall be no less than 1000 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on divided highways and no less than 500 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on undivided highways.

3.0 Work Hour Restrictions.

3.1 Except for emergency work, as determined by the engineer, and long term lane closures required by project phasing, all lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during the five major holiday periods shown below, from 12:00 noon on the last working day preceding the

holiday until 6:00 a.m. on the first working day subsequent to the holiday unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Memorial Day Labor Day Thanksgiving Christmas New Year's Day

3.1.1 Independence Day. The lane restrictions specified in Section 3.1 shall also apply to Independence Day, except that the restricted periods shall be as follows:

12:00 noon July 1, 2022 – 6:00 a.m. July 5, 2022

3.2 The contractor shall not perform any construction operation on the roadway, including the hauling of material within the project limits, during restricted periods, holiday periods or other special events specified in the contract documents.

3.3 Any work requiring a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic within the City of Bourbon shall be completed during nighttime hours. Nighttime hours shall be considered to be 8:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. for this project.

4.0 Detours and Lane Closures.

4.1 When a changeable message sign (CMS) is provided, the contractor shall use the CMS to notify motorists of future traffic disruption and possible traffic delays one week before traffic is shifted to a detour or prior to lane closures. The CMS shall be installed at a location as approved or directed by the engineer. The CMS shall be capable of communication with the Transportation Management Center (TMC), if applicable, prior to installation on right of way. All messages planned for use in the work zone shall be approved and authorized by the engineer or its designee prior to deployment. When permanent dynamic message signs (DMS) owned and operated by MoDOT are located near the project, they may also be used to provide warning and information for the work zone. Permanent DMS shall be operated by the TMC, and any messages planned for use on DMS shall be approved and authorized by the TMC at least 72 hours in advance of the work.

4.2 At least one lane of traffic in each direction shall be maintained at all times except for brief intervals of time required when the movement of the contractor's equipment will seriously hinder the safe movement of traffic. Periods during which the contractor will be allowed to interrupt traffic will be designated by the engineer.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions, unless specified elsewhere in the contract document. All authorized changes in the traffic control plan shall be provided for as specified in Sec 616.

D. <u>Utilities</u>

1.0 For informational purposes only, the following is a list of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the <u>known</u> utility companies in the area of the construction work for this improvement:

<u>Utility Name</u>	<u>Known</u> <u>Required</u> <u>Adjustment</u>	<u>Туре</u>
AT&T Distribution Contact: Kathy Smith 636-448-9571 Ks9340@att.com	None	Communications
Centurylink-Local Contact: Chris Mueller <u>Chris.mueller@lumen.com</u> 573-341-0452	None	Communications
Charter Communications Contact: Tom Staack <u>Thomas.Staack@charter.com</u> 573-216-6434	None	Communications
City of Bourbon Contact: Mark McEuen <u>mk.mceuen@cityofbourbon.com</u> 573-259-5550	None	Sewer, Water
Crawford Electric COOP Inc Contact: Kurtis Reed <u>k.reed@crawfordelec.com</u> 573-732-4415	None	Electric
Level 3 Now Centurylink AKA Lightcore Contact: Jerry Woodall Jerry.woodall@level3.com 913-645-5032	None	Communications
MOGAS Pipeline LLC Contact: Dan Klein <u>dklein@mogaspipe.com</u> 636-856-8035	None	Gas

1.1 The existence and approximate location of utility facilities known to exist, as shown on the plans, are based upon the best information available to the Commission at this time. This information is provided by the Commission "as-is" and the Commission expressly disclaims any representation or warranty as to the completeness, accuracy, or suitability of the information for

any use. Reliance upon this information is done at the risk and peril of the user, and the Commission shall not be liable for any damages that may arise from any error in the information. It is, therefore, the responsibility of the contractor to verify the above listing information indicating existence, location and status of any facility. Such verification includes direct contact with the listed utilities.

1.2 Various utilities listed above have overhead lines in the project limits in the vicinity of the Contractor's work. The Contractor shall use caution when working near any overhead lines and shall contact the utility companies at least two (2) weeks in advance if line protection is necessary. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage to the overhead lines. There will be no direct pay for compliance to the above specification.

E. <u>Emergency Provisions and Incident Management</u> JSP-90-11A

1.0 The contractor shall have communication equipment on the construction site or immediate access to other communication systems to request assistance from law enforcement or other emergency agencies for incident management. In case of traffic accidents or the need for law enforcement to direct or restore traffic flow through the job site, the contractor shall notify law enforcement or other emergency agencies immediately as needed. The area engineer's office shall also be notified when the contractor requests emergency assistance.

2.0 In addition to the 911 emergency telephone number for ambulance, fire or law enforcement services, the following agencies may also be notified for accident or emergency situation within the project limits.

Missouri Highway Patrol 573-751-1000 (cell - *55)		
City of Bourbon Crawford County		
Fire: 573-732-4405	Sheriff: 573-775-3121	
Police: 573-732-4838		

2.1 This list is not all inclusive. Notification of the need for wrecker or tow truck services will remain the responsibility of the appropriate law enforcement agency.

2.2 The contractor shall notify law enforcement and emergency agencies before the start of construction to request their cooperation and to provide coordination of services when emergencies arise during the construction at the project site. When the contractor completes this notification with law enforcement and emergency agencies, a report shall be furnished to the engineer on the status of incident management.

3.0 No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of the communication equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

F. <u>Project Contact for Contractor/Bidder Questions</u> JSP-96-05

All questions concerning this project during the bidding process shall be forwarded to the project contact listed below.

James Beattie, Project Contact MoDOT – Central District 1511 Missouri Blvd., P.O. Box 718 Jefferson City, MO 65102

Telephone Number: 573-751-5217 (O) or 573-508-4967 (C) Email: <u>James.Beattie@modot.mo.gov</u>

All questions concerning the bid document preparation can be directed to the Central Office – Design at (573) 751-2876.

G. <u>Supplemental Revisions</u> JSP-18-01R

Compliance with <u>2 CFR 200.216 – Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video</u> Surveillance Services or Equipment.

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission shall not enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) using federal funds to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as substantial or as critical technology as part of any system where the video surveillance and telecommunications equipment was produced by Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

Stormwater Compliance Requirements

1.0 Description. This provision requires the contractor to provide a Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for any project that includes land disturbance on the project site and the total area of land disturbance, both on the project site, and all Off-site support areas, is one (1) acre or more. Regardless of the area of Off-site disturbance, if no land disturbance occurs on the project site, these provisions do not apply. When a WPCM is required, all sections within this provision shall be applicable, including assessment of specified Liquidated Damages for failure to correct Stormwater Deficiencies, as specified herein. This provision is in addition to any other stormwater, environmental, and land disturbance requirements specified elsewhere in the contract.

1.1 Definitions. The project site is defined as all areas designated on the plans, including temporary and permanent easements. The project site is equivalent to the "permitted site", as defined in MoDOT's State Operating Permit. An Off-site area is defined as any location off the project site the contractor utilizes for a dedicated project support function, such as, but not limited to, staging area, plant site, borrow area, or waste area.

1.2 Reporting of Off-Site Land Disturbance. If the project includes any planned land disturbance on the project site, prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit a written report to the engineer that discloses all Off-site support areas where land disturbance is planned, the total acreage of anticipated land disturbance on those sites, and the land disturbance permit number(s). Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a copy of its land disturbance permit(s) for Off-site locations. Based on the total acreage of land

disturbance, both on and Off-site, the engineer shall determine if these Stormwater Compliance Requirements shall apply. The Contractor shall immediately report any changes to the planned area of Off-site land disturbance. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining its own separate land disturbance permit for Off-site areas.

2.0 Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM). The Contractor shall designate a competent person to serve as the Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for projects meeting the description in Section 1.0. The Contractor shall ensure the WPCM completes all duties listed in Section 2.1.

2.1 Duties of the WPCM:

- (a) Be familiar with the stormwater requirements including the current MoDOT State Operating Permit for construction stormwater discharges/land disturbance activities; MoDOT's statewide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); the Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, when applicable; the project specific SWPPP, the Project's Erosion & Sediment Control Plan; all applicable special provisions, specifications, and standard drawings; and this provision;
- (b) Successfully complete the MoDOT Stormwater Training Course within the last 4 years. The MoDOT Stormwater Training is a free online course available at MoDOT.org;
- (c) Attend the Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading and Land Disturbance and all subsequent Weekly Meetings in which grading activities are discussed;
- (d) Oversee and ensure all work is performed in accordance with the Project-specific SWPPP and all updates thereto, or as designated by the Engineer;
- (e) Review the project site for compliance with the Project SWPPP, as needed, from the start of any grading operations until final stabilization is achieved, and take necessary actions to correct any known deficiencies to prevent pollution of the waters of the state or adjacent property owners prior to the engineer's weekly inspections;
- (f) Review and acknowledge receipt of each MoDOT Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) for the Project within forty eight (48) hours of receiving the report and ensure that all Stormwater Deficiencies noted on the report are corrected as soon as possible, but no later than stated in Section 5.0.

3.0 Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading/Land Disturbance and Required Hold Point. A Pre-Activity meeting for grading/land disturbance shall be held prior to the start of any land disturbance operations. No land disturbance operations shall commence prior to the Pre-Activity meeting except work necessary to install perimeter controls and entrances. Discussion items at the pre-activity meeting shall include a review of the Project SWPPP, the planned order of grading operations, proposed areas of initial disturbance, identification of all necessary BMPs that shall be installed prior to commencement of grading operations, and any issues relating to compliance with the Stormwater requirements that could arise in the course of construction activity at the project.

3.1 Hold Point. Following the pre-activity meeting for grading/land disturbance and subsequent installation of the initial BMPs identified at the pre-activity meeting, a Hold Point shall occur prior to the start of any land disturbance operations to allow the engineer and WPCM

the time needed to perform an on-site review of the installation of the BMPs to ensure compliance with the SWPPP is met. Land disturbance operations shall not begin until authorization is given by the engineer.

4.0 Inspection Reports. Weekly and post run-off inspections will be performed by the engineer and each Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) will be entered into a web-based Stormwater Compliance database. The WPCM will be granted access to this database and shall promptly review all reports, including any noted deficiencies, and shall acknowledge receipt of the report as required in Section 2.1 (f.).

5.0 Stormwater Deficiency Corrections. All stormwater deficiencies identified in the Inspection Report shall be corrected by the contractor within 7 days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer when weather or field conditions prohibit the corrective work. If the contractor does not initiate corrective measures within 5 calendar days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer, all work shall cease on the project except for work to correct these deficiencies, unless otherwise allowed by the engineer. All impact costs related to this halting of work, including, but not limited to stand-by time for equipment, shall be borne by the Contractor. Work shall not resume until the engineer approves the corrective work.

5.1 Liquidated Damages. If the Contractor fails to complete the correction of all Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the MoDOT Inspection Report within the specified time limit, the Commission will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, potential liability, required mitigation, environmental clean-up, fines and penalties. These damages are not reasonably capable of being computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of \$2,000 per day for failure to correct one or more of the Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the Inspection Report within the specified time limit. In addition to the stipulated damages, the stoppage of work shall remain in effect until all corrections are complete.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

COVID-19 Safety

1.0 Description. The coronavirus disease 2019 or COVID-19 has reached a pandemic stage across the United States, including the State of Missouri. To reduce the impact of COVID-19 outbreak conditions on businesses, workers, customers and the public, the contractor shall be aware of all COVID-19 guidance from the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and other government health mandates. The contractor shall conduct all operations in conformance with these safety directives. The guidance may change during the project construction and the contractor shall change and adapt their operation and safety protocols accordingly.

2.0 Safety Plan. The contractor shall include these procedures in the project safety plan as called for in the contract documents and revise the safety plan as needed.

3.0 Essential Work. In accordance with any state or local Stay at Home Order, care for the infrastructure has been deemed essential and MoDOT is moving forward with construction projects, this project is considered essential and the contractor and their employees, subcontractors and suppliers are considered essential business and performing essential functions.

4.0 Basis of Payment. Compliance with regulations and laws pertaining to COVID-19 is covered under Sec 107 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

Anti-Discrimination Against Israel Certification

By signing this contract the Company certifies it is not currently engaged in and shall not, for the duration of the contract, engage in a boycott of goods or services from the State of Israel, companies doing business in or with Israel or authorized by, licensed by, or organized under the laws of the State of Israel, or persons or entities doing business in the State of Israel as defined by Section 34.600 RSMo. This certification shall not apply to contracts with a total potential value of less than One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) or to contractors with fewer than ten (10) employees.

H. Contractor Quality Control for Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling NJSP-15-21A

1.0 Description. The contractor shall provide Quality Control (QC) testing and shall perform verification procedures associated with the production and placement of Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling Mixture in accordance with this provision.

2.0 Asphalt Plant Requirements. The contractor shall perform quality control testing in the production of the Surface Leveling Mixture and report the results electronically on MoDOT-provided forms. All reports shall include the Contract ID, Project Number, Route, County, and Job Mix number.

2.1 Calibration of the asphalt plant shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.2.2. Record retention for verification of test reports shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.3.2.

2.2 At a minimum, the contractor shall perform one QC sieve analysis test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons to verify the aggregate is within the required gradation range. Results of the QC sieve analysis test shall be reported to the engineer daily. A split of each sample shall be clearly labeled and stored by the contractor in a manner that prevents contamination. The engineer will collect a minimum of one random QC split sample, and one full sample from plant production, for testing per each 10,000 tons of production. Uncollected QC split samples shall be retained by the contractor until the engineer authorizes disposal or until the Final Inspection, whichever occurs earlier.

2.3 The contractor shall monitor the quantity of asphalt binder used in the production of the mix, including any commercial mix, and report that quantity to the engineer. Original asphalt binder delivery tickets shall accompany the report submitted to the engineer. The engineer will perform a minimum of one asphalt binder content test per each 10,000 tons of production for any project that exceeds a total of 5,000 tons of production.

2.4 The contractor shall take a daily QC sample of the asphalt binder per instructions in Section 460.3.13 of the EPG. The engineer will collect the QC samples and ship to the MoDOT Central lab for random testing. In addition, the engineer will take a minimum of one random Quality Assurance sample per project from the binder line. The engineer sample will be shipped to the Central Lab along with the daily samples and will be designated for testing.

2.5 The contractor shall perform one moisture content test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons. The frequency of the moisture test may be reduced if approved by the engineer.

3.0 Roadway Requirements. The contractor shall perform quality control verification of the Surface Leveling Mixture on the roadway and shall monitor the asphalt tonnage placed in relation to plan quantity.

3.1 Irregularities. Additional tons of Surface Leveling mix will be provided for irregularities in the existing roadway surface. The tonnage specified for irregularities is an estimated quantity and shall only be placed at locations where it is necessary to fill ruts and other low points. Prior to placing the mix, the contractor and engineer shall evaluate the entire route and develop a plan that best utilizes the tonnage needed for irregularities. Any excess quantity of irregularities shall not be placed.

3.2 Tack. On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate proper application of tack coat in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, when the engineer is not present to witness the application of the tack coat, the contractor shall document the tack application by taking a minimum of two high-resolution date/time stamped photographs of the tacked surface per one-mile segment. Pictures should be taken just in front of the paver in order to account for loss of tack from truck tires. The contractor shall also monitor and document the application rate. The contractor shall take distributor readings at the beginning and ending of each shift and document the quantity used.

3.3 Spreading and Rolling. On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate successful spreading and compaction of the mixture, including proper rolling patterns, in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, the contractor shall monitor all roadway production procedures and document daily. Use of approved Intelligent Compaction technology is an allowable substitute for daily documentation.

3.4 Monitoring of Quantity. The contractor shall monitor the quantity of Surface Level mix placed and report that information to the engineer and production staff as specified herein.

3.4.1 The contractor shall verify that the quantity of Surface Leveling mix in the contract for each route is sufficient to cover the roadway as shown on the typical sections, including any surface irregularities. Any discrepancies shall be brought to the engineer's attention in writing prior to the pre-construction conference. Plan quantity shall be defined as the total tons computed to cover the surface area according to the typical section, plus any amount pre-approved by the engineer for pavement irregularities.

3.4.2 The contractor shall provide temporary log mile reference points at no less than ½ mile intervals along each route to monitor the tons of Surface Leveling mix laid in relation to plan quantity. Entrances, shoulders, or other irregular areas will be monitored as directed by the engineer.

3.4.3 During production, the contractor shall document the total tons placed in each one-mile segment, along with the plan quantity and the percent over/under for that segment. The cumulative quantity and percent over/under for the route should also be documented. After each one-mile segment, the contractor shall provide a status report to the production manager

and the engineer. When the engineer is not present on the project, the contractor shall send an electronic status report to the engineer.

3.4.4 The goal is to keep the placed quantity within 2% of plan quantity for the project. The engineer will monitor the status reports and will advise the contractor on how to proceed when there is an excessive variance from plan quantity. The engineer may decrease the frequency of the electronic status reports when the variances are consistently low.

3.4.5 The contractor shall collect asphalt tickets from the delivery trucks and group them per each one-mile segment. The contractor shall submit to the engineer a daily summary report that includes all of the information specified in Section 3.4.3. The contractor shall sign the summary report confirming that the information is accurate and that the attached tickets represent the asphalt material placed.

3.4.6 The contractor shall be equipped with a contractor-furnished cellular device capable of providing and maintaining a reliable means of immediate communication with the engineer when the engineer is not present on the project.

4.0 Excessive Quantity. If the contractor places Surface Level mix on any one-mile segment, or any other isolated areas, in excess of plan quantity by 5% or more, without prior approval from the engineer, further investigation may be required to determine if the excess was warranted. If directed by the engineer, the contractor shall core the pavement at locations established by the engineer to determine the amount that was excessive, if any. No payment will be made for the cost to core the pavement or for the tons of Surface Level mix that the engineer determines to be excessive. If the amount of Surface Level mix is determined to be justified, payment will be made for the mix, and for the cost of coring at the fixed price established in Sec 109. Placement of asphalt in excess of plan quantity for two consecutive segments without prior approval from the engineer may result in issuance of an Order Record to stop work.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision. All costs shall be considered completely covered under the pay items provided in the contract.

I. <u>Contractor Quality Control NJSP-15-42</u>

1.0 The contractor shall perform Quality Control (QC) testing in accordance with the specifications and as specified herein. The contractor shall submit a Quality Control Plan (QC Plan) to the engineer for approval that includes all items listed in Section 2.0, prior to beginning work.

2.0 Quality Control Plan.

- (a) The name and contact information of the person in responsible charge of the QC testing.
- (b) A list of the QC technicians who will perform testing on the project, including the fields in which they are certified to perform testing.
- (c) A proposed independent third party testing firm for dispute resolution, including all contact information.
- (d) A list of Hold Points, when specified by the engineer.
- (e) The MoDOT Standard Inspection and Testing Plan (ITP). This shall be the version that is posted at the time of bid on the MoDOT website (<u>www.modot.org/quality</u>).

3.0 Quality Control Testing and Reporting. Testing shall be performed per the test method and frequency specified in the ITP. All personnel who perform sampling or testing shall be certified in the MoDOT Technician Certification Program for each test that they perform.

3.1 Reporting of Test Results. All QC test reports shall be submitted as soon as practical, but no later than the day following the test. Test data shall be immediately provided to the engineer upon request at any time, including prior to the submission of the test report. No payment will be made for the work performed until acceptable QC test results have been received by the engineer and confirmed by QA test results.

3.1.1 Test results shall be reported on electronic forms provided by MoDOT. Forms and Contractor Reporting Excel2Oracle Reports (CRE2O) can be found on the MoDOT website. All required forms, reports and material certifications shall be uploaded to a Microsoft SharePoint® site provided by MoDOT, and organized in the file structure established by MoDOT.

3.2 Non-Conformance Reporting. A Non-Conformance Report (NCR) shall be submitted by the contractor when the contractor proposes to incorporate material into the work that does not meet the testing requirements or for any work that does not comply with the contract terms or specifications.

3.2.1 Non-Conformance Reporting shall be submitted electronically on the Non-Conformance Report form provided on the MoDOT Website. The NCR shall be uploaded to the MoDOT SharePoint® site and an email notification sent to the engineer.

3.2.2 The contractor shall propose a resolution to the non-conforming material or work. Acceptance of a resolution by the engineer is required before closure of the non-conformance report.

4.0 Work Planning and Scheduling.

4.1 Two-week Schedule. Each week, the contractor shall submit to the engineer a schedule that outlines the planned project activities for the following two-week period. The two-week schedule shall detail all work and traffic control events planned for that period and any Hold Points specified by the engineer.

4.2 Weekly Meeting. When work is active, the contractor shall hold a weekly project meeting with the engineer to review the planned activities for the following week and to resolve any outstanding issues. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent or project manager and any foreman leading major activities. This meeting may be waived when, in the opinion of the engineer, a meeting is not necessary. Attendees may join the meeting in person, by phone or video conference.

4.3 Pre-Activity Meeting. A pre-activity meeting is required in advance of the start of each new activity, except when waived by the engineer. The purpose of this meeting is to review construction details of the new activity. At a minimum, the discussion topics shall include: safety precautions, QC testing, traffic impacts, and any required Hold Points. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent and the foreman who will be leading the new activity. Pre-activity meetings may be held in conjunction with the weekly project meeting.

4.4 Hold Points. Hold Points are events that require approval by the engineer prior to continuation of work. Hold Points occur at definable stages of work when, in the opinion of the engineer, a review of the preceding work is necessary before continuation to the next stage.

4.4.1 A list of typical Hold Point events is available on the MoDOT website. Use of the Hold Point process will only be required for the project-specific list of Hold Points, if any, that the engineer submits to the contractor in advance of the work. The engineer may make changes to the Hold Point list at any time.

4.4.2 Prior to all Hold Point inspections, the contractor shall verify the work has been completed in accordance with the contract and specifications. If the engineer identifies any corrective actions needed during a Hold Point inspection, the corrections shall be completed prior to continuing work. The engineer may require a new Hold Point to be scheduled if the corrections require a follow-up inspection. Re-scheduling of Hold Points require a minimum 24-hour advance notification from the contractor unless otherwise allowed by the engineer.

5.0 Quality Assurance Testing and Inspection. MoDOT will perform quality assurance testing and inspection of the work, except as specified herein. The contractor shall utilize the inspection checklists provided in the ITP as a guide to minimize findings by MoDOT inspection staff. Submittal of completed checklists is not required, except as specified in 5.1.

5.1 Inspection and testing required in the production of concrete for the project shall be the responsibility of the contractor. Submittal of the 501 Concrete Plant Checklist is required.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

J. <u>Optional Shoulder</u> JSP-13-03

1.0 The bid item for the shoulder material is for the bituminous asphalt option, however, a Concrete Shoulder option is allowed as shown on the typical section and as specified herein.

1.1 Should the contractor choose to construct the Concrete Shoulder option, notification should be given to the engineer in advance of the work so that a change order can be issued to facilitate payment of the Concrete Shoulder with a contingent item as specified herein.

1.2 For the Concrete Shoulder option, a zero-cost change order will be issued to deduct the theoretical tonnage of asphalt mixture necessary to construct the shoulder, and a contingent item for the total volume of Concrete Shoulder will be added to the change order. The engineer will determine the theoretical tonnage of asphalt and the total cubic yards of Concrete Shoulder. No additional payment will be made for a Concrete Shoulder rumble strip.

1.3 The theoretical tonnage of asphalt will be determined by converting the theoretical volume to weight using a factor of 1.98 tons/cubic yard. The theoretical volume is the total amount of asphalt material needed to construct the shoulder and Safety Edgesm, according to the typical section.

1.4 The tonnage will be deducted from the contract and replaced with the computed volume of Concrete Shoulder (cubic yards). The contingent item for Concrete Shoulder would include both providing and placing the Concrete Shoulder. The total price for the concrete shoulder will be equivalent to the computed total price of the theoretical tonnage of asphalt mixture

necessary to construct the shoulder. A unit price will be determined by dividing the total concrete price by the total computed concrete volume.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Concrete Shoulder shall meet the applicable requirements of Sec 502. Roller Compacted concrete is an allowable option for the Concrete Shoulder.

3.0 Method of Measurement. For the Concrete Shoulder option, measurement shall be made per cubic yard.

4.0 Basis of Payment. For the Concrete Shoulder option, the accepted quantity of Concrete Shoulder will be paid for at the established unit price. The Concrete Shoulder rumble strip will be paid for at the unit price bid for the bituminous shoulder rumble strip.

K. Modified Linear Grading Class 2

1.0 Description. Modified Linear Grading, Class 2 shall consist of preparing the shoulder subgrade by excavating, compacting, fine-grading, and shaping existing shoulder and ditch fore-slope, conforming to the typical section shown on the plans. It may also be necessary to haul material and involve work on high banks, side hills, and rock outcroppings. Modified Linear Grading Class 2 shall also consist of hauling embankment material to the project or obtaining embankment material from the right of way as approved by the engineer to accommodate the 2 foot shoulder widening and inslope as shown in the plans.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Embankment construction shall be in accordance with applicable requirements of Section 203 or similar methods approved by the engineer in order to produce a stabilized roadway embankment. The shoulder shall be excavated and graded as shown on the typical section with minimal disturbance of the existing sub-grade and fore-slope, except where new embankment or rock fill is required. Embankment and subgrade density shall be obtained from reasonable compactive efforts consisting of no less than three passes with a roller until no further visible compaction can be achieved, or by other methods approved by the engineer. Subgrade preparation and compaction shall also be in accordance with Sections 209 and 210.

2.1 Following placement of the shoulder pavement, the shaping of the fore-slope shall be done as shown on the typical section.

2.2 All ditches shall maintain existing flow direction and provide adequate capacity for drainage, as approved by the engineer. All ditches shall use existing drainage structures unless shown otherwise in the project documents. Slopes can be steepened if necessary to use existing drainage structures as approved by the engineer.

2.3 It may be necessary to go outside the limits of the right of way to obtain additional material or to dispose of excess material. All costs for providing additional material or disposing of excess material shall be included in contract unit price for item MODIFIED LINEAR GRADING, CLASS 2.

2.4 For areas where it is required to haul embankment material to the project to accommodate the 2 foot shoulder widening and inslope, the top 6 inches of embankment material shall be Class A material in areas where the adjacent property owners mow and/or maintain the right of

way or as directed by the engineer. The Class A material shall be free of rocks and other materials undesirable for growing grass.

2.5 Included in this work is any pavement edge treatment that might be necessary in order to stay in compliance with the Standard Plans. The need for edge treatment is determined by the contractor's method of operations.

3.0 Method of Measurement. Final measurement will not be made except where appreciable errors are found in the contract quantity.

3.1 Where required, measurement will be made to the nearest 1/10 Station for the length of the shoulder along each side of the roadway, measured along centerline of the traveled way and totaled to the nearest Station for the sum of all segments.

3.2 If material is encountered that may be classified as other than Class A Excavation as described in Sec 203.2.1, the limits of linear grading will not be underrun. Material classified as other than Class A Excavation will be measured and paid for per cubic yard in accordance with Sec 203.8. Where undergrading is necessary, backfilling of the undergraded area will be considered as part of the linear grading operation.

4.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for MODIFIED LINEAR GRADING, CLASS 2 as described in this provision will be made at the contract unit price for item 207-99.09, "MODIFIED LINEAR GRADING, CLASS 2", per stations.

L. <u>Pavement Edge</u>

1.0 Description. The contractor's excavation method of the shoulder material shall provide a clean and vertical edge along the existing pavement.

2.0 Construction Requirements. At the beginning of the excavation of the existing shoulder, the contractor shall demonstrate the excavation method to the engineer for approval. The operation shall provide a neat and clean vertical line without damaging the existing pavement.

2.1 If the contractor's grading operation is not able to provide a suitable edge for shoulder construction, the engineer may determine a saw cut is necessary. This requirement shall not be considered a change of condition and justification for a claim. There will be no direct payment for the saw cut if necessary.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor for the above requirements. All costs incurred by the contractor for labor, equipment and materials in compliance with the above requirements shall be considered incidental to and completely covered by other items in the contract.

M. <u>Fertilizing, Seeding, and Mulching</u>

1.0 Fertilizing shall conform to Sec. 801 and more specifically as follows:

Pounds per Acre			
Nitrogen	Phosphorous	Potash	Effective Neutralizing
(N)	(P ₂ O ₅)	(K ₂ O)	Material
80	80	160	0

2.0 Seeding shall conform to Section 805 and the rate of application shall be as follows:

Cool Season Mixture Pounds Pure Live Seed (PLS) per Acre		
Tall Fescue	80 lbs.	
Annual Ryegrass	5 lbs.	
Teff Grass	5 lbs.	
Perennial Ryegrass	6 lbs.	
White Clover	6 lbs.	
Oats	10 lbs.	
TOTAL	112 PLS lbs./acre	

3.0 Mulching shall conform to Section 802 and more specifically the contractor shall use vegetative mulch with mulch overspray.

4.0 Basis of Payment.

4.1 No direct payment will be made for fertilizing or mulching seeded areas.

4.2 All cost incurred by the contractor for labor, equipment, and materials in compliance with the above requirements including furnishing and placing fertilizer and mulch shall be considered as completely covered by the unit price bid for Item No. 805-10.00A, "Seeding – Cool Season Mixtures", per acre.

N. <u>Temporary Erosion Control</u>

1.0 Description. Erosion control measures on this project shall be in accordance with Sec 806. The contractor is given an assumed amount of erosion control as follows:

200 linear feet of silt fence per mile of road 40 linear feet of rock ditch checks per mile of road 5 linear feet of alternate ditch checks per mile of road 6 cubic yards of sediment traps per mile of road

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to beginning construction, the contractor shall meet with the engineer to plan and develop an erosion control plan for this project using the erosion control devices included in the contract. Any revision of the erosion control plan shall be approved by the engineer in writing.

2.1 The finishing grading and permanent seeding shall follow closely behind the final shoulder paving. All disturbed areas shall be permanently seeded within two weeks once the adjacent section of shoulder is paved.

2.2 The existing strip of vegetation between the right of way line and the slope limits is part of the erosion control for this project and is not to be disturbed. If the engineer determines that this

strip was disturbed by the contractor's operations, the contractor shall provide the erosion control and permanent seeding at his expense.

3.0 Basis of Payment. Any labor, equipment, time, or materials necessary for temporary erosion control, shall be considered as completely covered by the unit price bid for the following Items:

806-10.04, Sediment Trap Rock, per cubic yard 806-10.05, Rock Ditch Check, per linear feet 806-10.06, Alternate Ditch Check, per linear feet 806-10.16, Sediment Removal, per cubic yards 806-10.19, Silt Fence, per linear feet

O. <u>Mailboxes</u>

1.0 Description. Removal and replacement of mailboxes within the project limits shall be in accordance with Sec 104.10.1 and as directed by the engineer. The contractor will be responsible for furnishing approved supports for postal patron's mailboxes. There will be no direct pay for approved supports, removal and replacement of mailboxes.

P. Pavement Edge Treatment for Drop Off Conditions

1.0 Description. The contractor shall conduct grading operations so that there is not a drop off exceeding 2 inches exposed to traffic. Treatment of any edge drop greater than 2 inches shall be considered incidental to and completely covered by the other items in the contract. There will be no direct payment for Pavement Edge Treatment on this project.

Q. <u>Guardrail Grading Requirements</u> JSP-17-02B

1.0 Description. Guardrail installation and grading shall be in accordance with Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, Missouri Standard Plans for Highway Construction, and as described herein.

2.0 Construction Requirements. When guardrail and/or end treatment removal and replacement requires grading of the shoulder and/or slopes, Section 606.3.1(b), (c), and 606.3.1.1 of the Missouri Standard Specifications shall be waived and the following shall apply:

a) Along roadways and shoulders, remove no more guardrail than can be reconstructed within seven (7) calendar days, including weekends and holidays. The seven day counting period shall start when the first piece of safety hardware is removed.

b) The active work zone area that encompasses the guardrail and/or end treatment reconstruction, shall not exceed one (1) mile in length. The contractor shall be required to provide and maintain approved channelizing devices adjacent to the reconstruction area.

c) Only one-side of the roadway shall be worked on at the same time. Divided facilities shall be limited to work on one-side of each direction at the same time.

d) When the removal of any existing safety hardware device exposes non-breakaway obstacles, the reconstruction of the safety hardware device protecting the obstacle shall be replaced within 48 hours of removal or an approved temporary crashworthy device shall be provided, installed and maintained at the contractor's expense until the non-breakaway obstacle is permanently protected. The 48 hour counting period shall start when the first piece of safety hardware is removed.

e) Areas where guardrail and/or end treatments have been removed, but not yet replaced, shall be delineated in accordance with plans or as directed by the Engineer.

3.0 Non-Compliance. Non-compliance with this provision shall result in the immediate suspension of work in accordance with Sec 105.1.2. No work, including but not limited to additional guardrail removal and grading, shall be allowed to proceed except for work necessary to restore guardrail installation.

4.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision. Guardrail items, grading, and temporary traffic control devices will be paid for as provided in the contract.

R. Flagging Procedure for Two-Lane Roadways (3-2-1 Cone Precedure) NJSP-17-03A

1.0 Description. Flagging operations shall be in accordance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) Chapter 6, Section 107 and 616 in Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, Missouri Standard Plans for Highway Construction, temporary traffic control plans, and as described herein.

2.0 Procedures for Flagging Short, Intermediate, or Long-Term Stationary Operations. This procedure includes the use of three traffic cones or other channelizing devices.

2.1 Step 1. The flagger shall place three cones across the lane of traffic to be stopped, from centerline to shoulder. When no vehicles are present, the flagger should remain on the shoulder with the stop paddle visible.

2.2 Step 2. When traffic has stopped, the flagger shall move towards the centerline of the roadway, keeping the stop paddle visible, and keeping a visual contact with the stopped drivers. Once the flagger has confirmed that opposing traffic is clear, the flagger shall prepare to release the stopped traffic.

2.3 Step 3a. If the vehicles are to travel in the current lane, the flagger shall remove the center cone from the center of the lane.

2.4 Step 3b. If the vehicles are to travel in the opposite lane, the three cones shall remain across the closed lane.

2.5 Step 4. If opening the lane (Step 3a above) the flagger shall walk back to the shoulder with the cone, turn the stop paddle to slow, and then release traffic using a hand signal to direct vehicles between the two remaining cones. If releasing traffic to the other lane (Step 3b above) the flagger shall remain near the centerline of the roadway, turn the stop paddle to slow, and use a hand signal to direct the traffic around the cones into the open lane.

2.6 Once all traffic has cleared, the flagger shall return the slow paddle to stop. The flagger shall replace the cone to the center of the lane or leave the cones across the lane. The flagger then returns to the shoulder and repeats the steps.

2.7 If the roadway width is less than 12 feet, the number of cones may be reduced to two or one, or other channelizing devices may be used.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any cost associated with this provision.

<u>Pictorial Representation of Steps for Flagging Procedure for Two-Lane Roadways (3-2-1</u> <u>Cone Procedure)</u>



STEP 1



STEP 2



STEP 3



S. Pilot Car in Use – Wait and Follow Sign NJSP-1803

1.0 Description. The sign shown below shall be printed on 4 mm corrugated plastic or similar and supported with a 10"x30", 9 gauge, galvanized steel H-frame, or similar. This sign shall only be used at private and commercial entrances to enhance the work zone signing, and will not be permitted for use on intersecting state, county or city roads.

2.0 Method of Payment. Signs shall be contractor furnished/contractor retained. The cost of the signs and stands are incidental to other traffic control items.



T. Bridge End Transitions

1.0 At all bridge exceptions, the engineer will determine in the field the ending point of the transition. This point will not necessarily be at the bridge end, but will be located at a point which provides the smoothest transition and approach to the bridge. Where bridges are to be resurfaced, the surfacing shall be from curb to curb.

U. <u>Pavement Marking Log</u>

1.0 Description. The contractor shall log the locations of existing pavement marking prior to any construction operations that may affect the existing pavement marking. The log shall contain all existing pavement marking and shall include center stripes, no passing stripes, lane lines, turn arrows, hash bars, cross walks, and stop bars. The contractor shall provide a copy of the existing pavement marking log to the engineer. The contractor shall place the new pavement marking at the same locations as the existing pavement marking, unless otherwise directed by the engineer or shown on the plans.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for logging of existing pavement marking.

V. <u>Additional Flaggers</u>

1.0 Additional flagger(s) and appropriate construction signs shall be provided at each of the specified locations when work zone extends through the following intersections and/or approaches:

All state routes, county roads, and city streets

2.0 Basis of Payment. There will be no direct pay for all labor and equipment necessary to provide additional flaggers. All cost shall be considered completely covered under the pay items provided in the contract.

W. <u>Culvert Headwall Modification</u>

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of modification to the headwalls of existing concrete box culverts as shown on the plans and as approved by the engineer.

2.0 Any work on the culvert headwall that requires a lane closure shall be scheduled to open all lanes to traffic by the end of the work day.

3.0 Payment. Payment for all materials, labor and equipment required to fulfill this provision will be paid for at the contract unit bid price for Culvert Headwall Modification, Item No. 703-99.01, per LUMP SUM.

X. <u>Priority Watershed Notification</u>

1.0 Description. The project is within the Lower Bourbeuse Priority Watershed. Waterbodies within and near the project area may serve as habitat for federal and state listed sensitive species. To avoid any negative impacts to these species and their habitats, water quality shall be protected from construction impacts.

1.1 The contractor shall prevent any debris and materials from construction activities from entering streams and other waterbodies. If debris or materials do enter waterbodies, and if deemed necessary by the engineer or MoDOT's environmental personnel, it shall be removed as directed by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any expense incurred by the contractor by reason of compliance with the specific requirements of the provision, including any delay, inconvenience, or extra work except for those items for which payment is included in the contract.

Y. <u>Restrictions for Migratory Birds</u> NJSP-16-06A

1.0 Description. Swallows or other bird species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act may be nesting under the bridge or bridges that will be repaired under this contract.

2.0 Restrictions. To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, nests of protected species cannot be disturbed when active (eggs or young are present). Generally, nests are active between April 1 and July 31, but active nests can be present outside of these dates.

2.1 MoDOT to Maintain Prior to the Notice to Proceed. The bridge, or bridges, associated with the work for this contract have been evaluated and any inactive nests found have been removed by MoDOT staff. MoDOT staff will maintain the structures to be free of nests until the Notice to Proceed date. At the notice to proceed, the contractor shall be responsible to maintain the structures to be free of nests until the work on the applicable bridge, or bridges, is complete.

3.0 Avoidance Measures. The contractor shall not disturb active nests or destroy adults, eggs or young birds. In an effort to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the contractor operations will be limited to the options established in the following sections.

3.1 Inactive or Partially Constructed Nests. If nests are present and MoDOT determines that the nests are inactive or partially constructed, the contractor may remove the nests provided that the colony's inactive or partially constructed nests are completely removed by March 15 and the contractor maintains a nest free condition until the bridge work is complete. Dry removal methods shall be used when practicable. If dry removal is not practicable, hydro cleaning may be used if approved by the Engineer and only if water is free of blasting grit, chemicals, or detergents, and applied using pressure less than 5,000 PSI. Clean water such as that from municipal water treatment plants or wells shall be used. Use of source water from Waters of the State (i.e., streams or lakes), is allowable, if the appropriate methods to prevent the possible spread of invasive aquatic species are implemented.

3.2 Water and Equipment Used for Hydro cleaning. Aquatic invasives such as zebra mussels and some algae species have infested several bodies of water in the United States and can be transported by vessels (barges, boats, tugs, tankers, etc.) and equipment (tanks, tubing,

pumps, etc.) that have been used in areas that contain these invasive species. If equipment is not properly inspected and treated to prevent the spread of invasives, these species can be introduced into areas not currently known to have a population. These invasive species are detrimental to existing ecosystems and can outcompete native species. To assist in preventing the introduction and spread of aquatic invasive species through MoDOT projects in Missouri streams and lakes, the following precautions shall be followed.

3.2.1 Use of Water from Streams, Lakes or Ponds. Contractors shall not use water for nest removal from streams, lakes or ponds, unless they have implemented appropriate methods to prevent the possible spread of invasive aquatic species. Water sources from municipal water treatment plants or wells may be used without following these measures provided the equipment to be used has not previously contained waters from streams, lakes or ponds. If the equipment has previously contained waters from other streams or lakes, the following measures must be implemented prior to use.

3.2.1.1 Equipment Washing. Prior to the use or re-use of equipment following any use with water from streams, lakes or ponds, all equipment shall be washed and rinsed thoroughly with hard spray (power wash) and hot (minimum 120° F) water, for at least one minute.

3.2.1.2 Equipment Treating or Drying. Equipment shall be treated or dried in one of the following manners.

3.2.1.2.1 Equipment interior and/or other surfaces shall be treated with a 10% bleach solution to kill any aquatic nuisance species. This solution must also be run through all intake lines and hoses, to sterilize interior components. When chlorine treatment is used, all chlorine runoff from equipment washing must be collected and properly treated and/or disposed of in accordance with Sec 806.

3.2.1.2.2 Equipment interior and/or other surfaces shall be treated with 140° F water for a minimum of 10 seconds contact on all surfaces. 140 ° F water must also be run through all intake lines and hoses, to purge any standing water.

3.2.1.2.3 Equipment shall be flushed of all non-municipal water, and dried thoroughly, in the sun before using in or transporting between streams and lakes. Dry times will depend on the season the equipment is being used. Equipment must dry a minimum of 7 days for June-September, 18 days for March-May; 18 days for October-November, and 30 days for December-February. The drying method should be reserved as a last resort option.

3.2.2 Prior to use of equipment, contractors shall provide the MoDOT inspector written documentation of the equipment's geographic origin (including the water body it was last used in), as well as defining the specified treatment method used to adequately ensure protection against invasive species. The written documentation will include a statement indicating the contractor is aware of these provisions and will also treat the equipment appropriately after completion of the project.

3.3 Active Nests. The contractor may work on the bridge if active nests are present, as long as the work does not impact or disturb the birds and/or nests. At a minimum, work shall not be performed within 10 feet of an active nest; however, the contractor is responsible for ensuring their activities do not impact the nests, eggs, or young.

4.0 Additional Responsibilities. If active bird nests remain after all reasonable avoidance measures have been taken, or if bird nests are observed during project construction, the contractor shall notify the Resident Engineer and contact the MoDOT Environmental Section (573-526-4778) to determine if there are other allowable options.

Z. <u>Temporary Short-Term Rumble Strips</u> JSP-13-05E

1.0 Description. The work shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, removing, and relocating the short-term rumble strips, as shown in the plans, or as designated by the engineer.

2.0 Material.

2.1 The short-term rumble strips shall be 10 to 12 feet in length, minimum of 8 inches wide, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1¹/₄ inch thick, fabricated from a polymer material, and orange in color.

2.2 The short term-rumble strips shall not curl or deform across the width of the strip, maintaining its rigidity.

3.0 Construction.

3.1 Each set shall consist of three individual strips spanning a single lane, spaced in accordance with the plans or as directed by the engineer. The short-term rumble strips shall be installed and removed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation.

3.2 The contractor shall monitor, maintain alignment, and repair if needed the short-term rumble strips during construction. Short-term rumble strips shall not be placed on roadways when there are no workers present.

3.3 Strips shall not extend onto the shoulder without the approval of the Engineer.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement of short-term rumble strips will be based per each set.

5.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of Temporary Short-Term Rumble Strips sets will be paid for at the contract unit price for 616-20.04, Temporary Short-Term Rumble Strips, per each set. The short-term rumble strips unit bid price shall include the cost of all labor, equipment and materials to install, maintain, remove and relocate the rumble strips during the construction of the project.

AA. <u>Traffic Signal Loop Detectors</u>

1.0 Description. There is a loop detector and associated conduit and cables near the intersection of Route C and Route 19. Any loop detectors or associated conduit and cables that are damaged in any way by the coldmilling or resurfacing operations, shall be replaced as directed by the engineer in accordance with Section 902.

1.1 The contractor shall schedule the work so that the loop detectors are placed immediately before the overlay.

1.2 The contractor shall contact the MoDOT Central District Traffic Supervisor one week prior to the coldmilling operations in order to locate loop detectors that will be within the project limits.

MoDOT Central District Traffic Supervisor:

Jason Morff 1511 Missouri Blvd Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 Phone: 573-526-3207 Cell Phone: 573-690-2467 E-mail Address: Jason.Morff@modot.mo.gov

2.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be per inductive loop, complete in place including all necessary incidental items to complete the work.

3.0 Basis of Payment. All costs incurred by the contractor for materials, equipment, labor, time and any other incidental work necessary to complete this work shall be included in and completely covered by the unit bid price for Item No. 902-99.02, Loop Detector, per each.

BB. <u>Slurry and Residue Produced During Surface Treatment of PCCP and Bridge Decks</u> JSP-06-05

1.1 Description. This work covers the requirements for controlling residue or slurry produced by milling, grinding, planing, grooving or other methods of surface treatments on new or existing PCCP and bridge decks in addition to Section 622.

2.0 Construction Requirements. The following shall be considered the minimum requirements for performing this work within the project limits.

2.1 The contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval in writing prior to the preconstruction meeting, the best management practices (BMP's) to be used to protect the environment, including the method of disposal of the residue whether on right of way or off-site.

2.2 Prior to starting work, slurry or residue "no discharge zones" will be identified by the Engineer with respect to the contractor's approved BMP and residue disposal plan.

2.3 Operations may be suspended by the Engineer during periods of rainfall or during freezing temperatures.

2.4 When slurry is dispersed on the right of way, BMP's shall be installed to keep slurry residue from entering drainage structures, from entering any waterways and from leaving the right of way.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment for slurry or residue control requirements for BMP's will be made. Compliance with this specification along with the cost of all materials, labor and equipment necessary for the surface treatment work shall be included in and completely covered by the unit price bid for each of the items of work for surface treatment included in contract.

CC. Priority Watershed Notification

1.0 Description. The project is within the Lower Bourbeuse Priority Watershed. Waterbodies within and near the project area may serve as habitat for federal and state listed sensitive species. To avoid any negative impacts to these species and their habitats, water quality shall be protected from construction impacts.

1.2 The contractor shall prevent any debris and materials from construction activities from entering streams and other waterbodies. If debris or materials do enter waterbodies, and if deemed necessary by the engineer or MoDOT's environmental personnel, it shall be removed as directed by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any expense incurred by the contractor by reason of compliance with the specific requirements of the provision, including any delay, inconvenience, or extra work except for those items for which payment is included in the contract.