

JOB SPECIAL PROVISIONS TABLE OF CONTENTS (ROADWAY)

(Job Special Provisions shall prevail over General Special Provisions whenever in conflict therewith.)

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Job No.: JSR0269, JSR0344

Route: I-44

County: Jasper, Lawrence

	MISSOURI HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION 105 W. CAPITOL AVE. JEFFERSON CITY, MO 65102 Phone 1-888-275-6636
	If a seal is present on this sheet, JSP's have been electronically sealed and dated.
	JOB NUMBER: JSR0269, JSR0344 JASPER/LAWRENCE COUNTY, MO DATE PREPARED: 7/28/2025
	ADDENDUM DATE:

Only the following items of the Job Special Provisions (Roadway) are
authenticated by this seal: All

JOB
SPECIAL PROVISION

A. General – Federal JSP-09-02L

1.0 Description. The Federal Government is participating in the cost of construction of this project. All applicable Federal laws, and the regulations made pursuant to such laws, shall be observed by the contractor, and the work will be subject to the inspection of the appropriate Federal Agency in the same manner as provided in Sec 105.10 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction with all revisions applicable to this bid and contract.

1.1 This contract requires payment of the prevailing hourly rate of wages for each craft or type of work required to execute the contract as determined by the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations and requires adherence to a schedule of minimum wages as determined by the United States Department of Labor. For work performed anywhere on this project, the contractor and the contractor's subcontractors shall pay the higher of these two applicable wage rates. State Wage Rates, Information on the Required Federal Aid Provisions, and the current Federal Wage Rates are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT", "Contractor Resources". Effective Wage Rates will be posted 10 days prior to the applicable bid opening. These supplemental bidding documents have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

1.2 The following documents are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT"; "Standards and Specifications". The effective version shall be determined by the letting date of the project.

General Provisions & Supplemental Specifications

Supplemental Plans to July 2025 Missouri Standard Plans
For Highway Construction

These supplemental bidding documents contain all current revisions to the published versions and have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

B. Contract Liquidated Damages

1.0 Description. Liquidated Damages for failure or delay in completing the work on time for this contract shall be in accordance with Sec 108.8. The liquidated damages include separate amounts for road user costs and contract administrative costs incurred by the Commission.

2.0 Period of Performance. Prosecution of work is expected to begin on the date specified below in accordance with Sec 108.2. Regardless of when the work is begun on this contract, all work on all projects shall be completed on or before the date specified below. Completion by this date shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sec 108.7.1.

Notice to Proceed: December 8, 2025
Contract Completion Date: November 1, 2026

2.1 Calendar Days and Completion Dates. Completion of the project is required as specified herein. The count of calendar days will begin on the date the contractor starts any construction operations on the project.

Project	Calendar Days	Daily Road User Cost
JSR0269	156	\$7,600
JSR0344	112	\$7,600

3.0 Liquidated Damages for Contract Administrative Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged contract administrative liquidated damages in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount of **\$2,000** per calendar day for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. For projects in combination, these damages will be charged in full for failure to complete one or more projects within the specified contract completion date or calendar days.

4.0 Liquidated Damages for Road User Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged road user costs in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount specified in Section 2.1 for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. These damages are in addition to the contract administrative damages and any other damages as specified elsewhere in this contract.

C. Work Zone Traffic Management

1.0 Description. Work zone traffic management shall be in accordance with applicable portions of Division 100 and Division 600 of the Standard Specifications, and specifically as follows.

1.1 Maintaining Work Zones and Work Zone Reviews. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall maintain work zones in accordance with Sec 616.3.3 and as further stated herein. The WZS shall coordinate and implement any changes approved by the engineer. The WZS shall ensure all traffic control devices are maintained in accordance with Sec 616, the work zone is operated within the hours specified by the engineer, and will not deviate from the specified hours without prior approval of the engineer. The WZS is responsible to manage work zone delay in accordance with these project provisions. When requested by the engineer, the WZS shall submit a weekly report that includes a review of work zone operations for the week. The report shall identify any problems encountered and corrective actions taken. Work zones are subject to unannounced inspections by the engineer and other departmental staff to corroborate the validity of the WZS's review and may require immediate corrective measures and/or additional work zone monitoring.

1.2 Work Zone Deficiencies. Failure to make corrections on time may result in the engineer suspending work. The suspension will be non-excusable and non-compensable regardless if road user costs are being charged for closures.

2.0 Traffic Management Schedule.

2.1 Traffic management schedules shall be submitted to the engineer for review prior to the start of work and prior to any revisions to the traffic management schedule. The traffic management schedule shall include the proposed traffic control measures, the hours traffic control will be in place, and work hours.

2.2 The traffic management schedule shall conform to the limitations specified in Sec 616 regarding lane closures, traffic shifts, road closures and other width, height and weight restrictions.

2.3 The engineer shall be notified as soon as practical of any postponement due to weather, material or other circumstances.

2.4 In order to ensure minimal traffic interference, the contractor shall schedule lane closures for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. Lanes shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

2.5 Traffic Congestion. The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of **15 minutes** to prevent congestion from escalating beyond this delay threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues equal to or greater than the delay time threshold listed above, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable. When a Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet is provided, the contractor will find it in the electronic deliverables on MoDOT's Online Plans Room. The contractor may refer to the Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet for detailed information on traffic delays.

2.5.1 Traffic Safety.

2.5.1.1 Recurring Congestion. Where traffic queues routinely extend to within 1,000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway, the contractor shall extend the advance warning area, as approved by the engineer.

2.5.1.2 Non-Recurring Congestion. When traffic queues extend to within 1,000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway infrequently, the contractor shall deploy a means of providing advance warning of the traffic congestion, as approved by the engineer. The warning location shall be no less than 1,000 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on divided highways and no less than 500 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on undivided highways.

2.6 Transportation Management Plan. The contractor Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall review the Transportation Management Plan (TMP), found as an electronic deliverable on MoDOT's Online Plans Room and discuss the TMP with the engineer during the preconstruction conference. Throughout the construction project, the WZS is responsible for updating any changes or modifications to the TMP and getting those changes approved by the engineer a minimum of two weeks in advance of implementation. The WZS shall participate in the post construction conference and provide recommendations on how future TMPs can be improved.

2.7 Traffic Management Center (TMC) Coordination. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) or their designee shall contact by phone the MoDOT Transportation Management Center of the Ozarks at (417) 864-1160 to coordinate all lane closures and other activities that may disrupt traffic flow. The WZS shall make this call during normal business hours prior to any work being performed. The TMC of the Ozarks will provide expectations and timelines for notification, as well as a 24-hour contact number (St. Louis Gateway Guide TMC) for activities occurring outside the times in which the TMC of the Ozarks is staffed. In general, notification to the TMC shall be made within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure beginning and within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure being removed, and for any incidents or traffic backups as a result of the work zone.

3.0 Work Hour Restrictions.

3.1 Except for emergency work, as determined by the engineer, and long term lane closures required by project phasing, all lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during the five major holiday periods shown below, from 12:00 noon on the last working day preceding the holiday until 6:00 a.m. on the first working day subsequent to the holiday unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Memorial Day
Labor Day
Thanksgiving
Christmas
New Year's Day

3.1.1 Independence Day. The lane restrictions specified in Section 3.1 shall also apply to Independence Day, except that the restricted periods shall be as follows:

When Independence Day falls on:	The Holiday is Observed on:	Halt Lane Closures beginning at:	Allow Lane Closures to resume at:
Sunday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Monday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Tuesday	Tuesday	Noon on Monday	6:00 a.m. on Wednesday
Wednesday	Wednesday	Noon on Tuesday	6:00 a.m. on Thursday
Thursday	Thursday	Noon on Wednesday	6:00 a.m. on Friday
Friday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday
Saturday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday

3.2 The contractor shall not perform any construction operation on the roadway, roadbed or active lanes, including the hauling of material within the project limits, during restricted periods, holiday periods or other special events specified in the contract documents.

3.3 The contractor shall be aware that traffic volume data indicates construction operations on the roadbed between the following hours will likely result in traffic queues greater than 15 minutes. Based on this, the contractor's operations will be restricted accordingly unless it can be successfully demonstrated the operations can be performed without a 15 minute queue in traffic. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine if the work hours below may be modified. Working hours for evenings, weekends and holidays will be determined by the engineer. The contractor may not work during the following listed hours:

I-44 Eastbound:

7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday

7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday

I-44 Westbound:

7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday

7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday

3.4 Any work requiring a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic shall be completed during nighttime hours. Nighttime hours shall be considered to be 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. for this project.

3.5 The contractor shall not alter the start time, ending time, or a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic or ramp closures without advance notification and approval by the engineer. The only work zone operation approved to begin 30 minutes prior to a reduction in through traffic lanes or ramp closures is the installation of traffic control signs. Should lane closures be placed or remain in place, prior to the approved starting time or after the approved ending time, the Commission, the traveling public, and state and local police and governmental authorities will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, increased construction administration cost, potential liability, traffic and traffic flow regulation cost, traffic congestion and motorist delays, with a resulting cost to the traveling public. These damages are not easily computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of **\$1,000 per 15 minute increment** for each 15 minutes that the temporary lane closures are in place and not open to traffic in excess of the limitation as specified elsewhere in this special provision. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine the quantity of unapproved closure time.

3.5.1 The said liquidated damages specified will be assessed regardless if it would otherwise be charged as liquidated damages under the Missouri Standard Specification for Highway Construction, as amended elsewhere in this contract.

4.0 Detours and Lane Closures.

4.1 When a changeable message sign (CMS) is provided, the contractor shall use the CMS to notify motorists of future traffic disruption and possible traffic delays one week before traffic is shifted to a detour or prior to lane closures. The CMS shall be installed at a location as approved or directed by the engineer. If a CMS with Communication Interface is required, then the CMS shall be capable of communication prior to installation on right of way. All messages planned for use in the work zone shall be approved and authorized by the engineer or its designee prior to deployment. When permanent dynamic message signs (DMS) owned and operated by MoDOT are located near the project, they may also be used to provide warning and information for the

work zone. Permanent DMS shall be operated by the TMC, and any messages planned for use on DMS shall be approved and authorized by the TMC at least 72 hours in advance of the work.

4.2 At least one lane of traffic in each direction shall be maintained at all times except for brief intervals of time required when the movement of the contractor's equipment will seriously hinder the safe movement of traffic. Periods during which the contractor will be allowed to interrupt traffic will be designated by the engineer.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials, or time required to fulfill the above provisions, unless specified elsewhere in the contract document. All authorized changes in the traffic control plan shall be provided for as specified in Sec 616.

D. Emergency Provisions and Incident Management – SW

1.0 The contractor shall have communication equipment on the construction site or immediate access to other communication systems to request assistance from law enforcement or other emergency agencies for incident management. In case of traffic accidents or the need for law enforcement to direct or restore traffic flow through the job site, the contractor shall notify law enforcement or other emergency agencies immediately as needed. The resident engineer's office shall also be notified when the contractor requests emergency assistance.

2.0 In addition to the 911 emergency telephone number for ambulance, fire or police services, the following agencies may also be notified for accident or emergency situation within the project limits.

Missouri Highway Patrol – Troop D: (417) 895-6868	
MoDOT Customer Service: (417) 895-7600	
Jasper County Sheriff: (417) 358-8177	Jasper County Office of Emergency Management: (417) 358-7000
Lawrence County Sheriff: (417) 466-2131	Lawrence County Office of Emergency Management: (417) 461-1077
City of Sarcoxie Fire: (417) 548-3500	City of Sarcoxie Police: (417) 548-3500
City of Mount Vernon Fire: (417) 461-0837	City of Mount Vernon Police: (417) 466-2122

Emergency Only Numbers
911
*55 cell phone – Missouri Highway Patrol (417) 864-1160 – MoDOT Incident Management Coordinator

2.1 This list is not all inclusive. Notification of the need for wrecker or tow truck services will remain the responsibility of the appropriate law enforcement agency.

2.2 The contractor shall notify law enforcement and emergency agencies before the start of construction to request their cooperation and to provide coordination of services when

emergencies arise during the construction at the project site. When the contractor completes this notification with enforcement and emergency agencies, a report shall be furnished to the engineer on the status of incident management.

3.0 No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of the communication equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

E. Project Contact for Contractor/Bidder Questions

1.0 All questions concerning this project during the bidding process shall be forwarded to the project contact listed below.

Craig Switzer, Project Contact
MoDOT Southwest District
2915 Doughboy Drive
Joplin, MO 64804

Telephone Number: (417) 621-6331

Email: craig.switzer@modot.mo.gov

1.1 All questions concerning the bid document preparation can be directed to the Central Office – Design as listed below.

Telephone Number: (573) 751-2876

Email: BCS@modot.mo.gov

F. Supplemental Revisions JSP-18-01JJ

- Compliance with [2 CFR 200.216 – Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment](#).

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission shall not enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) using federal funds to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as substantial or as critical technology as part of any system where the video surveillance and telecommunications equipment was produced by Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

- Stormwater Compliance Requirements

1.0 Description. This provision requires the contractor to provide a Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for any project that includes land disturbance on the project site and the total area of land disturbance, both on the project site, and all Off-site support areas, is one (1) acre or more. Regardless of the area of Off-site disturbance, if no land disturbance occurs on the project site, these provisions do not apply. When a WPCM is required, all sections within this provision shall be applicable, including assessment of specified Liquidated Damages for failure to correct

Stormwater Deficiencies, as specified herein. This provision is in addition to any other stormwater, environmental, and land disturbance requirements specified elsewhere in the contract.

1.1 Definitions. The project site is defined as all areas designated on the plans, including temporary and permanent easements. The project site is equivalent to the “permitted site”, as defined in MoDOT’s State Operating Permit. An Off-site area is defined as any location off the project site the contractor utilizes for a dedicated project support function, such as, but not limited to, staging area, plant site, borrow area, or waste area.

1.2 Reporting of Off-Site Land Disturbance. If the project includes any planned land disturbance on the project site, prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit a written report to the engineer that discloses all Off-site support areas where land disturbance is planned, the total acreage of anticipated land disturbance on those sites, and the land disturbance permit number(s). Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a copy of its land disturbance permit(s) for Off-site locations. Based on the total acreage of land disturbance, both on and Off-site, the engineer shall determine if these Stormwater Compliance Requirements shall apply. The Contractor shall immediately report any changes to the planned area of Off-site land disturbance. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining its own separate land disturbance permit for Off-site areas.

2.0 Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM). The Contractor shall designate a competent person to serve as the Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for projects meeting the description in Section 1.0. The Contractor shall ensure the WPCM completes all duties listed in Section 2.1.

2.1 Duties of the WPCM:

- (a) Be familiar with the stormwater requirements including the current MoDOT State Operating Permit for construction stormwater discharges/land disturbance activities; MoDOT’s statewide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); the Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, when applicable; the project specific SWPPP, the Project’s Erosion & Sediment Control Plan; all applicable special provisions, specifications, and standard drawings; and this provision;
- (b) Successfully complete the MoDOT Stormwater Training Course within the last 4 years. The MoDOT Stormwater Training is a free online course available at MoDOT.org;
- (c) Attend the Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading and Land Disturbance and all subsequent Weekly Meetings in which grading activities are discussed;
- (d) Oversee and ensure all work is performed in accordance with the Project-specific SWPPP and all updates thereto, or as designated by the engineer;
- (e) Review the project site for compliance with the Project SWPPP, as needed, from the start of any grading operations until final stabilization is achieved, and take necessary actions to correct any known deficiencies to prevent pollution of the waters of the state or adjacent property owners prior to the engineer’s weekly inspections;

- (f) Review and acknowledge receipt of each MoDOT Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) for the Project within forty eight (48) hours of receiving the report and ensure that all Stormwater Deficiencies noted on the report are corrected as soon as possible, but no later than stated in Section 5.0.

3.0 Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading/Land Disturbance and Required Hold Point. A Pre-Activity meeting for grading/land disturbance shall be held prior to the start of any land disturbance operations. No land disturbance operations shall commence prior to the Pre-Activity meeting except work necessary to install perimeter controls and entrances. Discussion items at the pre-activity meeting shall include a review of the Project SWPPP, the planned order of grading operations, proposed areas of initial disturbance, identification of all necessary BMPs that shall be installed prior to commencement of grading operations, and any issues relating to compliance with the Stormwater requirements that could arise in the course of construction activity at the project.

3.1 Hold Point. Following the pre-activity meeting for grading/land disturbance and subsequent installation of the initial BMPs identified at the pre-activity meeting, a Hold Point shall occur prior to the start of any land disturbance operations to allow the engineer and WPCM the time needed to perform an on-site review of the installation of the BMPs to ensure compliance with the SWPPP is met. Land disturbance operations shall not begin until authorization is given by the engineer.

4.0 Inspection Reports. Weekly and post run-off inspections will be performed by the engineer and each Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) will be entered into a web-based Stormwater Compliance database. The WPCM will be granted access to this database and shall promptly review all reports, including any noted deficiencies, and shall acknowledge receipt of the report as required in Section 2.1 (f.).

5.0 Stormwater Deficiency Corrections. All stormwater deficiencies identified in the Inspection Report shall be corrected by the contractor within 7 days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer when weather or field conditions prohibit the corrective work. If the contractor does not initiate corrective measures within 5 calendar days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer, all work shall cease on the project except for work to correct these deficiencies, unless otherwise allowed by the engineer. All impact costs related to this halting of work, including, but not limited to stand-by time for equipment, shall be borne by the Contractor. Work shall not resume until the engineer approves the corrective work.

5.1 Liquidated Damages. If the Contractor fails to complete the correction of all Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the MoDOT Inspection Report within the specified time limit, the Commission will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, potential liability, required mitigation, environmental clean-up, fines, and penalties. These damages are not reasonably capable of being computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of \$2,000 per day for failure to correct one or more of the Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the Inspection Report within the specified time limit. In addition to the stipulated damages, the stoppage of work shall remain in effect until all corrections are complete.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

- **Delete Sec 106.9 in its entirety and substitute the following:**

106.9 Buy America Requirements.

Buy America Requirements are waived if the total amount of Federal financial assistance applied to the project, through awards or subawards, is below \$500,000.

106.9.1 Buy America Requirements for Iron and Steel.

On all federal-aid projects, the contractor's attention is directed to Title 23 CFR 635.410 *Buy America Requirements*. Where steel or iron products are to be permanently incorporated into the contract work, steel and iron material shall be manufactured, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, in the USA except for "minimal use" as described herein. Furthermore, any coating process of the steel or iron shall be performed in the USA. Under a general waiver from FHWA the use of pig iron and processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the USA will be permitted in the domestic manufacturing process for steel or iron material.

106.9.1.1 Buy America Requirements for Iron and Steel for Manufactured items.

A manufactured item will be considered iron and steel if it is "predominantly" iron or steel. Predominantly iron or steel means that the cost of iron or steel content of a product is more than 50 percent of the total cost of all its components.

106.9.2 Any sources other than the USA as defined will be considered foreign. The required domestic manufacturing process shall include formation of ingots and any subsequent process. Coatings shall include any surface finish that protects or adds value to the product.

106.9.3 "Minimal use" of foreign steel, iron or coating processes will be permitted, provided the cost of such products does not exceed 1/10 of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. If foreign steel, iron, or coating processes are used, invoices to document the cost of the foreign portion, as delivered to the project, shall be provided and the engineer's written approval obtained prior to placing the material in any work.

106.9.4 Buy America requirements include a step certification for all fabrication processes of all steel or iron materials that are accepted per Sec 1000. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliance program verifies that all steel and iron products fabrication processes conform to 23 CFR 635.410 Buy America Requirements and is an acceptable standard per 23 CFR 635.410(d). AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant suppliers will not be required to submit step certification documentation with the shipment for some selected steel and iron materials. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant supplier shall maintain the step certification documentation on file and shall provide this documentation to the engineer upon request.

106.9.4.1 Items designated as Category 1 will consist of steel girders, piling, and reinforcing steel installed on site. Category 1 items require supporting documentation prior to incorporation into the project showing all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. This includes the Mill Test Report from the original producing steel mill and certifications documenting the manufacturing process for all subsequent fabrication, including coatings. The certification shall include language that certifies the following. That all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project was procured and processed domestically and all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410.

106.9.4.2 Items designated as Category 2 will include all other steel or iron products not in Category 1 and permanently incorporated in the project. Category 2 items shall consist of, but not be limited to items such as fencing, guardrail, signing, lighting and signal supports. The prime contractor is required to submit a material of origin form certification prior to incorporation into the project from the fabricator for each item that the product is domestic. The Certificate of Materials Origin form ([link to certificate form](#)) from the fabricator must show all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements and be signed by a fabricator representative. The engineer reserves the right to request additional information and documentation to verify that all Buy America requirements have been satisfied. These documents shall be submitted upon request by the engineer and retained for a period of 3 years after the last reimbursement of the material.

106.9.4.3 Any minor miscellaneous steel or iron items that are not included in the materials specifications shall be certified by the prime contractor as being procured domestically. Examples of these items would be bolts for sign posts, anchorage inserts, etc. The certification shall read "I certify that all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project during all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements procured and processed domestically in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. Any foreign steel used was submitted and accepted under minor usage". The certification shall be signed by an authorized representative of the prime contractor.

106.9.5 When permitted in the contract, alternate bids may be submitted for foreign steel and iron products. The award of the contract when alternate bids are permitted will be based on the lowest total bid of the contract based on furnishing domestic steel or iron products or 125 percent of the lowest total bid based on furnishing foreign steel or iron products. If foreign steel or iron products are awarded in the contract, domestic steel or iron products may be used; however, payment will be at the contract unit price for foreign steel or iron products.

106.9.6 Buy America Requirements for Construction Materials other than iron and steel materials. Construction materials means articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed. Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material. Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a domestic certification for all construction materials listed that are incorporated into the project.

- (a) Non-ferrous metals
- (b) Plastic and Polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables)
- (c) Glass (including optic glass)
- (d) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable)
- (e) Optical fiber
- (f) Lumber
- (g) Engineered wood
- (h) Drywall

106.9.6.1 Minimal Use allowance for Construction Materials other than iron or steel.

“The total value of the non-compliant products is no more than the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 5% of total applicable costs for the project.” The contractor shall submit to the engineer any non-domestic materials and their total material cost to the engineer. The contractor and the engineer will both track these totals to assure that the minimal usage allowance is not exceeded.

106.9.7 Buy America Requirements for Manufactured Products.

Manufactured products means:

- (a) Articles, materials, or supplies that have been:
 - (i) Processed into a specific form and shape; or
 - (ii) Combined with other articles, materials, or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials, or supplies.
- (b) If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, a construction material, or a section 70917(c) material under § 184.4(e) and the definitions set forth in this section, then it is not a manufactured product. However, an article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product under § 184.4(e) and paragraph (1) of this definition may include components that are construction materials, iron or steel products, or section 70917(c) materials.

106.9.7.1 Manufactured products are exempt from Buy America requirements. To qualify as a manufactured product, items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process, should be treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.

106.9.7.2 Manufactured items are covered under a general waiver to exclude them from Buy America Requirements. To qualify for the exemption the components must comprise of 55% of the value of materials in the item. The final assembly must also be performed domestically.

- Third-Party Test Waiver for Concrete Aggregate

1.0 Description. Third party tests may be allowed for determining the durability factor for concrete pavement and concrete masonry aggregate.

2.0 Material. All aggregate for concrete shall be in accordance with Sec 1005.

2.1 MoDOT personnel shall be present at the time of sampling at the quarry. The aggregate sample shall be placed in an approved tamper-evident container (provided by the quarry) for shipment to the third-party testing facility.

2.2 AASHTO T 161 Method B Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing, shall be used to determine the aggregate durability factor. All concrete beams for testing shall be 3-inch wide by 4-inch deep by 16-inch long or 3.5-inch wide by 4.5-inch deep by 16-inch long. All beams for testing shall receive a 35-day wet cure fully immersed in saturated lime water prior to initiating the testing process.

2.3 Concrete test beams shall be made using a MoDOT approved concrete pavement mix design.

3.0 Testing Facility Requirements. All third-party test facilities shall meet the requirements outlined in this provision.

3.1 The testing facility shall be AASHTO accredited.

3.1.1 For tests ran after January 1, 2025, accreditation documentation shall be on file with the Construction and Materials Division prior to any tests being performed.

3.1.2 Construction and Materials Division may consider tests completed prior to January 1, 2025, to be acceptable if all sections of this provision are met, with the exception of 3.1.1. Accreditation documentation shall be provided with the test results for tests completed prior to January 1, 2025. No tests completed prior to September 1, 2024, will be accepted.

3.2 The testing facility shall provide their testing process, list of equipment, equipment calibration documentation, and testing certifications or qualifications of technicians performing the AASHTO T 161 Procedure B tests. The testing facility shall provide details on their freezing and thawing apparatus including the time and temperature profile of their freeze-thaw chamber. The profile shall include the temperature set points throughout the entirety of the freeze-thaw cycle. The profile shall show the cycle time at which the apparatus drains/fills with water and the cycle time at which the apparatus begins cooling the specimens.

3.3 Results, no more than five years old, from the third-party test facility shall compare within ± 2.0 percent of an independent test from another AASHTO accredited test facility or with MoDOT test records, in order to be approved for use (e.g. test facility results in a durability factor of 79, MoDOT's recent durability test factor is 81; this compared within +2 percent). The independent testing facility shall be in accordance with this provision. The comparison test can be from a different sample of the same ledge combination.

3.4 When there is a dispute between the third party durability test results and MoDOT durability test results, the MoDOT durability test result shall govern.

3.5 Test results shall be submitted to MoDOT's Construction and Materials division electronically for final approval. Test results shall include raw data for all measurements of relative dynamic modulus of elasticity and percent length change for each individual concrete specimen. Raw data shall include initial measurements made at zero cycles and every subsequent measurement of concrete specimens. Raw data shall include the cycle count and date each measurement was taken. Test results shall also include properties of the concrete mixture as required by AASHTO T 161. This shall include the gradation of the coarse aggregate sample. If AASHTO T 152 is used to measure fresh air content, then the aggregate correction factor for the mix determined in accordance with AASHTO T 152 shall also be included.

4.0 Method of Measurement. There is no method of measurement for this provision. The testing requirements and number of specimens shall be in accordance with AASHTO T 161 Procedure B.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor or quarry to recover the cost of aggregate samples, sample shipments, testing equipment, labor to prepare samples or test samples, or developing the durability report.

- **Delete paragraph 15.0 of the General Provision Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program Requirements and substitute the following:**

15.0 Bidder's List Quote Summary. MoDOT is a recipient of federal funds and is required by 49 CFR 26.11 to provide data about its DBE program. All bidders who seek to work on federally assisted contracts must submit data about all DBE and non-DBEs in accordance with Sec 102.7.9. MoDOT will not compare the submitted Bidder's List Quote Summary to any other documents or submittals, pre or post award. All information will be used by MoDOT in accordance with 49 CFR 26.11 for reporting to USDOT and to aid in overall DBE goal setting.

- **Add Sec 102.7.9 to include the following:**

102.7.9 Bidder's List Quote Summary. Each bidder shall submit with each bid a summary of all subcontractors, material suppliers, and service providers (e.g. hauling) considered on federally funded projects pursuant to 49 CFR 26.11. The bidder will provide the firm's name, the corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code(s) the firm(s) were considered for, and whether or not they were used in the bid. The information submitted should be the most complete information available at the time of bid. The information shall be disclosed on the Bidder's List Quote Summary form provided in the bidding documents and submitted in accordance with Sec 102.10. Failure to disclose this information may result in a bid being declared irregular.

G. Contractor Quality Control NJSP-15-42

1.0 The contractor shall perform Quality Control (QC) testing in accordance with the specifications and as specified herein. The contractor shall submit a Quality Control Plan (QC Plan) to the engineer for approval that includes all items listed in Section 2.0, prior to beginning work.

2.0 Quality Control Plan.

- (a) The name and contact information of the person in responsible charge of the QC testing.
- (b) A list of the QC technicians who will perform testing on the project, including the fields in which they are certified to perform testing.
- (c) A proposed independent third party testing firm for dispute resolution, including all contact information.
- (d) A list of Hold Points, when specified by the engineer.
- (e) The MoDOT Standard Inspection and Testing Plan (ITP). This shall be the version that is posted at the time of bid on the MoDOT website (www.modot.org/quality).

3.0 Quality Control Testing and Reporting. Testing shall be performed per the test method and frequency specified in the ITP. All personnel who perform sampling or testing shall be certified in the MoDOT Technician Certification Program for each test that they perform.

3.1 Reporting of Test Results. All QC test reports shall be submitted as soon as practical, but no later than the day following the test. Test data shall be immediately provided to the engineer upon request at any time, including prior to the submission of the test report. No payment will be made for the work performed until acceptable QC test results have been received by the engineer and confirmed by QA test results.

3.1.1 Test results shall be reported on electronic forms provided by MoDOT. Forms and Contractor Reporting Excel2Oracle Reports (CRE2O) can be found on the MoDOT website. All required forms, reports and material certifications shall be uploaded to a Microsoft SharePoint® site provided by MoDOT, and organized in the file structure established by MoDOT.

3.2 Non-Conformance Reporting. A Non-Conformance Report (NCR) shall be submitted by the contractor when the contractor proposes to incorporate material into the work that does not meet the testing requirements or for any work that does not comply with the contract terms or specifications.

3.2.1 Non-Conformance Reporting shall be submitted electronically on the Non-Conformance Report form provided on the MoDOT Website. The NCR shall be uploaded to the MoDOT SharePoint® site and an email notification sent to the engineer.

3.2.2 The contractor shall propose a resolution to the non-conforming material or work. Acceptance of a resolution by the engineer is required before closure of the non-conformance report.

4.0 Work Planning and Scheduling.

4.1 Two-week Schedule. Each week, the contractor shall submit to the engineer a schedule that outlines the planned project activities for the following two-week period. The two-week schedule shall detail all work and traffic control events planned for that period and any Hold Points specified by the engineer.

4.2 Weekly Meeting. When work is active, the contractor shall hold a weekly project meeting with the engineer to review the planned activities for the following week and to resolve any outstanding issues. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent or project manager and any foreman leading major activities. This meeting may be waived when, in the opinion of the engineer, a meeting is not necessary. Attendees may join the meeting in person, by phone or video conference.

4.3 Pre-Activity Meeting. A pre-activity meeting is required in advance of the start of each new activity, except when waived by the engineer. The purpose of this meeting is to review construction details of the new activity. At a minimum, the discussion topics shall include: safety precautions, QC testing, traffic impacts, and any required Hold Points. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent and the foreman who will be leading the new activity. Pre-activity meetings may be held in conjunction with the weekly project meeting.

4.4 Hold Points. Hold Points are events that require approval by the engineer prior to continuation of work. Hold Points occur at definable stages of work when, in the opinion of the engineer, a review of the preceding work is necessary before continuation to the next stage.

4.4.1 A list of typical Hold Point events is available on the MoDOT website. Use of the Hold Point process will only be required for the project-specific list of Hold Points, if any, that the engineer submits to the contractor in advance of the work. The engineer may make changes to the Hold Point list at any time.

4.4.2 Prior to all Hold Point inspections, the contractor shall verify the work has been completed in accordance with the contract and specifications. If the engineer identifies any corrective actions

needed during a Hold Point inspection, the corrections shall be completed prior to continuing work. The engineer may require a new Hold Point to be scheduled if the corrections require a follow-up inspection. Re-scheduling of Hold Points require a minimum 24-hour advance notification from the contractor unless otherwise allowed by the engineer.

5.0 Quality Assurance Testing and Inspection. MoDOT will perform quality assurance testing and inspection of the work, except as specified herein. The contractor shall utilize the inspection checklists provided in the ITP as a guide to minimize findings by MoDOT inspection staff. Submittal of completed checklists is not required, except as specified in 5.1.

5.1 Inspection and testing required in the production of concrete for the project shall be the responsibility of the contractor. Submittal of the 501 Concrete Plant Checklist is required.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

H. DBE Prompt Payment Reporting JSP-24-05B

1.0 Description.

1.1 This provision will only apply to contracts that have a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) goal greater than 0% and have at least one DBE subcontractor.

1.2 MoDOT monitors the payments made by prime contractors and subcontractors to DBEs for compliance with DBE payment monitoring rules as outlined in 49 CFR 26.37. To facilitate this monitoring, MoDOT requires prime contractors to report their remitted payments to DBEs and subcontractors to report their remitted payments to lower-tier DBEs.

1.3 Tracking of DBE payments are made through the Signet™ application (Signet). Signet is a third-party service, supported by the vendor, for usage by the prime contractor and all subcontractors. Signet is only a reporting tool; it does not process financial transactions. MoDOT does not provide direct technical support for Signet. Information about Signet may be found at <https://signet-help.zendesk.com/hc/en-us>.

1.4 Upon completion of the first pay estimate on the contract, Signet will automatically send an email to the prime contractor prompting registration. The prime will be required to pay a one-time, fixed fee of \$1,000 for this contract directly to the Signet vendor. Use of Signet to track DBE payments will be available for the life of the contract, regardless of the contract value, contract duration, number of subcontractors, or payments reported. No additional fee will be charged to subcontractors that are required to report payments or DBEs that are required to verify payments through Signet. The contractor may also, at no additional cost, report payments through Signet to subcontractors that are not DBEs.

1.5 After each estimate, when contractor reporting of payments is complete, the subcontractor will receive an email notifying them of the payment and requesting verification of the reported payment. A subcontractor that has not completed registration with Signet will be prompted to do so at this time.

1.6 Users will be set up automatically based on information in MoDOT's vendor list. Additional users under each contractor may be added once registration has been completed within Signet. The current vendor list can be found at <https://www.modot.org/bid-opening-info>.

1.7 For purposes of this requirement, payer is defined as the prime contractor or subcontractor that reports a payment in Signet to a vendor that is either a subcontractor, trucker, manufacturer, regular dealer, or broker. Payee is defined as the vendor that receives notification of payment through Signet from the prime contractor or a higher-tier subcontractor. Payment is defined as issuing an Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) or mailing a check to a payee.

2.0 Requirements. Payers must report remitted payment to DBEs within Signet, for work performed by the DBE subcontractor, DBE trucking, materials supplied from a DBE manufacturer, dealer, or broker, as well as a return of retainage (and/or other amounts withheld), within 15 calendar days.

2.1 Prime contractors must report remitted payments to DBEs within 15 calendar days of each payment it receives from MoDOT. Prime contractors must also report payments to non-DBE subcontractors if that subcontractor is making payment to a lower tier DBE subcontractor, trucker, manufacturer, regular dealer, or broker.

2.2 The payer must report the following information within Signet:

- a. The name of the payee.
- b. The dollar amount of the payment to the payee.
- c. The date the payment was made.
- d. Any retainage or other amount withheld (if any) and the reason for the withholding (if other than retainage).
- e. The DBE function performed for this payment (e.g., contracting, trucking, or supplying as a manufacturer, dealer, or broker).
- f. Other information required by Signet.

The payer must report its return of retainage (and/or other amounts withheld) in separate, standalone payment entries (i.e., without being comingled with a payment for work performed or materials supplied).

2.3 In the event that no work has been completed by a DBE during the estimate period, such that no payment is due to a DBE subcontractor, trucker, manufacturer, regular dealer, or broker, then the prime contractor will mark payment complete within Signet, and no other payments are required to be reported.

2.4 Each subcontractor making a payment to a lower-tier DBE must report remitted payments within Signet, as detailed in Section 2.2, within 15 days of receipt of each payment from the prime contractor.

2.5 DBE payees must verify in Signet each payment reported by a payer within 15 calendar days of the payment being reported by the payer. This verification includes whether the payment was received, and if so, whether it was as expected.

3.0 Basis of Payment. A fixed cost of \$1,000 will be paid on this contract for the required software to report payments to DBEs through Signet. Regardless of the number of projects in a

contract, a single payment will be made under item 108-10.00, SIGNET DBE REPORTING, per lump sum. The engineer reserves the right to underrun this item for any reason. Any additional costs for registration, software, usage, time, labor, or other costs will be considered incidental and no direct payment will be made.

I. Optional Temporary Pavement Marking Paint NJSP-18-07G

1.0 Description. This provision provides the contractor with the option to either complete all Permanent Pavement Marking Paint (PPMP) prior to the time limits specified herein or to apply Temporary Pavement Marking Paint (TPMP) in accordance with Sec 620.10.2 (4 in. width) in all locations shown on the plans as PPMP and delay application of the PPMP until the spring of 2027, as allowed herein. PPMP is defined as Class 1 Pavement Marking Paint and Class 2 Pavement Marking Paint and does not include Sec 620.20.3 Durable Pavement Markings.

1.1 No application of PPMP shall occur between October 1, 2026 and March 1, 2027, both dates inclusive, except as stated herein. When the contractor has begun application of PPMP prior to October 1, 2026, and weather limitations stated in Sec 620.20.2.4 can be met, the contractor may complete the PPMP within the first seven (7) calendar days of October. If all (100%) of the PPMP is not completed on or before October 7, 2026, all previously applied PPMP, including any painted markings applied prior to October 1, shall be considered TPMP, and the contractor shall complete the remaining marking with TPMP, and then re-apply PPMP in all planned locations after March 1, 2027. All PPMP shall be completed prior to June 1, 2027. No additional payment will be made for PPMP that is later determined to be TPMP due to the contractor's failure to complete the PPMP within the time specified.

1.2 Use of TPMP Prior to October 1. The contractor has the option to apply TPMP in lieu of PPMP prior to October 1, 2026, even when there is sufficient time to complete the PPMP prior to October 1, 2026. For example, the contractor may choose to use TPMP as a base coat for the PPMP on open-graded surfaces in order to achieve higher retroreflectivity readings on the surface coat as compared to a single application.

1.2.1 The contractor has the option of using TPMP in lieu of Temporary Raised Pavement Markers if applied each day that existing markings are obliterated.

2.0 Construction Requirements. TPMP shall be accurately placed in the final planned location and shall be completely covered by the final application of PPMP. Any failure to comply with this requirement shall be corrected by removal of the misplaced pavement markings at the contractor's expense and without marring of the pavement surface.

2.1 Prior to application of the PPMP on TPMP, TPMP shall be fully cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, or for a period of 12 hours, whichever is greater.

3.0 Weather Limitations. All weather limitations specified in Sec 620 for PPMP and TPMP shall apply. Cold Weather Pavement Marking Paint, in accordance with Sec 620.10.6, shall be used for TPMP when specified weather limitations do not allow the use of waterborne paint. No additional payment will be made for the use of Cold Weather Pavement Marking Paint as TPMP. Cold Weather Pavement Marking Paint is not an allowable substitute for PPMP and shall subsequently be covered with PPMP.

4.0 Time Exception. If application of PPMP is to be delayed to the spring of 2027, the contractor shall submit a request to the engineer for a time exception and shall provide a revised work schedule that shows the planned completion of the PPMP.

4.1 Upon receipt of the time exception request in Section 4.0, the engineer will list “Application of Permanent Pavement Marking Paint” as an exception on the Semi-Final Inspection form, thus granting an exception to the count of contract time thru June 1, 2027, solely for the purpose of delaying application of PPMP. This time exception shall not apply to any time needed to complete any other work items. Liquidated Damages, as specified elsewhere in this contract, shall remain in effect for all other work items not completed by the contract time limits, as specified elsewhere in this contract, and for PPMP not completed by June 1, 2027.

5.0 Method of Measurement. No final measurement will be made for TPMP.

6.0 Basis of Payment. Full payment for TPMP will be made at the contract lump sum price even when PPMP is completed prior to the time limitation and TPMP is not used or only partially used.

6.2 If a \$0 bid is entered for TPMP, no payment will be made should TPMP become necessary.

Item Number	Description	Unit
620-99.01	TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT	LS

J. Full Depth Concrete Pavement Replacement Requirements at Bridge Ends

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of replacing concrete approach pavement and full depth pavement at bridge ends at locations specified in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Construction Requirements.

2.1 Removals. Removal of existing variable thickness concrete approach pavement, concrete pavement, and asphalt pavement shall be accomplished by saw cutting full depth around the perimeter of the area to be removed. An approved saw, such as a diamond saw, shall be used for perimeter cuts. A rock saw shall not be used for a perimeter cut, but may be used to make cuts through the interior portion of the area to be removed for stress relief. The full depth of the existing pavement shall be removed without mechanically breaking in place, and with a minimum disturbance of the surrounding pavement.

2.2 Excavation and Compaction. This work involves excavating the existing aggregate base and subgrade, following removal of the pavement, in order to bring the subgrade to the proper elevation to accommodate the new rock base and full depth pavement. Unclassified excavation and compacting in cut shall be constructed in accordance with Sec 203. All excess material shall be disposed of off the right of way at contractor expense.

2.3 Modified Subgrade. Modified subgrade shall be constructed in accordance with Sec 205. The chemical modifying material (lime, fly ash, cement, etc.) or rock base used shall be the contractor’s option, with approval from the engineer. Unstable subgrade is assumed to be present at all locations where concrete approach pavement and full depth pavement will be replaced. The need for modified subgrade will be based on visual inspection by the engineer after removal of

the existing pavement and excavation of the subgrade to the proper elevation. Based on these visual inspections, the engineer may elect to underrun modified subgrade in whole or in part. If modified subgrade is underrun, then no adjustment to the contract unit bid price will be made.

2.3.1 Regardless of the method used to modify the subgrade, or if modified subgrade is not required per the engineer, a single layer of geogrid shall be placed at the soil / rock base interface. Geogrid shall be Tensar InterAX NXL® or an equivalent-performing multi-axial geogrid product as approved by the engineer. Geogrid shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

2.3.2 Following modification and compaction of the subgrade, but prior to installation of the geogrid, the contractor shall test the subgrade stability utilizing a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) or other acceptable test method as approved by the engineer. The engineer shall witness the test. If the DCP test yields a California Bearing Ratio (CBR) of less than 7, then a second layer of geogrid shall be added to the soil / rock base interface. There shall be no direct payment for the second layer of geogrid. The engineer may modify these requirements based on conditions encountered in the field.

2.3.3 Contractor DCP test values shall vary from the engineer's QA test values by no more than 0.4 inches per blow. The contractor shall perform a minimum of one (1) DCP test per night's production. DCP tests shall be performed in the center of the driving lane.

2.3.4 The contractor shall certify that all contractor and/or subcontractor personnel performing DCP testing are adequately trained in the techniques for operating the DCP. In addition, personnel shall have a minimum of one (1) year of experience operating the DCP and interpreting the results. Certifications, along with any supporting documents (training certificates, etc.), shall be furnished to the engineer for approval.

2.4 Rock Base. Rock base shall be 12" thick, and shall be constructed in accordance with Sec 303. Rock base shall be daylighted to the slopes.

2.5 Pavement. Concrete approach pavement shall be constructed in accordance with Sec 504 and Standard Plan 504.00. Full depth concrete pavement shall be constructed in accordance with Sec. 502, and Standard Plans 502.05 and 502.10. Following completion of the pavement replacement at each location, the contractor shall diamond grind the pavement for texture and smoothness in accordance with Sec 622.40.

2.6 Progress of Work.

2.6.1 Pavement replacement shall be accomplished during nighttime hours as specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions. Both lanes shall be open to traffic during daytime hours. The contractor shall be responsible for determining the quantity of pavement that can be removed and replaced during the working hours allowed. Pavement shall be constructed in increments of 15-foot length. Transverse joints in the inside and outside lanes shall align.

2.6.1.1 The contractor shall not alter the start time, ending time, or a reduction in the number of lanes of traffic without advance notification and approval by the engineer. The only work zone operation approved to begin 30 minutes prior to a reduction in through traffic lanes is the installation of traffic control signs. Should lane closures be placed or remain in place, prior to the approved starting time or after the approved ending time, the Commission, the traveling public,

and state and local police and governmental authorities will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, increased construction administration cost, potential liability, traffic and traffic flow regulation cost, traffic congestion and motorist delays, with a resulting cost to the traveling public. These damages are not easily computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of **\$1,000 per 15 minute increment** for each 15 minutes that the temporary lane closures are in place and not open to traffic in excess of the limitation as specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine the quantity of unapproved closure time. The engineer may waive liquidated damages if unexpected conditions are encountered during construction, provided the contractor maintains communication with the engineer and works diligently to rectify the unexpected conditions.

2.6.2 Only one pavement replacement work zone will be allowed at a time.

2.6.3 The pavement replacement work zone shall utilize a smart work zone (work zone intelligent transportation system) as specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions.

2.6.4 The contractor shall perform the work diligently in order to minimize traffic disruptions to Interstate 44. Before closing a lane, the contractor shall ensure that all equipment, materials, and personnel are present on the job site and are prepared to perform the work diligently. Once a lane has been closed, the work shall progress on a continuous basis until the lane is reopened to traffic. The contractor shall submit a work plan and schedule to the engineer for approval prior to beginning work at each location.

2.6.5 The contractor shall have a contingency plan detailing strategies for addressing breakdowns, material delivery delays, or any other unexpected issues. The contingency plan shall be approved by the engineer prior to the contractor starting work.

2.6.6 In addition to reviewing the Work Zone Impact Analysis, the contractor shall consult with the engineer and Southwest District Traffic staff to determine the best times and days of the week to perform lane closures.

3.0 Materials. All materials shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction. Rapid strength concrete for full depth concrete pavement and concrete approach pavement shall be in accordance with the requirements specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions.

4.0 Method of Measurement.

4.1 Pavement removal, including saw cuts, will not be measured for payment, but shall be considered a lump sum unit.

4.2 Unclassified excavation and compacting in cut will be measured in accordance with Sec 203.

4.3 Modified subgrade will be measured in accordance with Sec 205.

4.4 Geogrid will be measured to the nearest square yard.

4.5 Furnishing and placing rock base will be measured in accordance with Sec 303.

4.6 Concrete approach pavement will be measured in accordance with Sec 504.

4.7 Concrete pavement will be measured in accordance with Sec 502.

4.8 Diamond grinding will be measured to the nearest square yard.

5.0 Basis of Payment.

5.1 Payment for removal of existing concrete approach pavement, concrete pavement and asphalt pavement, including all labor, equipment, materials, external and internal saw cuts, loading, hauling, disposal, and incidentals shall be completely covered by the unit bid price for item 202-20.10, Removal of Improvements, per lump sum.

5.2 Unclassified excavation and compacting in cut will be paid in accordance with Sec 203.

5.3 Modified subgrade will be paid in accordance with Sec 205.

5.4 Payment for geogrid, including all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals shall be completely covered by the unit bid price for item 624-99.05, Geogrid, per square yard.

5.5 Furnishing and placing rock base will be paid in accordance with Sec 303.

5.6 Concrete approach pavement will be paid as specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions. Payment shall include all items specified in Standard Plan 504.00.

5.7 Concrete pavement will be paid as specified elsewhere in these Job Special Provisions. Payment shall include all items specified in Standard Plans 502.05 and 502.10.

5.8 Delete Sec 622.40.4 in its entirety and substitute the following:

622.40.4 The accepted quantity of ground pavement surface shall be paid for at the contract unit price for item 622-99.05, Diamond Grinding New Concrete Pavement, per square yard. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals required to complete this work, including hauling and disposal of grinding residue and cleaning the pavement prior to opening to traffic.

622.40.4.1 The contract unit price for diamond grinding will be adjusted based on the final IRI for any segment before corrections, according to the following schedule:

IRI, inches per mile	Increase in Contract Unit Price
40.0 or less	\$0.25
40.1 to 54.0	\$0.15
54.1 to 80.0	None
80.1 or greater	None*

*After correction to either equal to or less than 65 percent of the control IRI or 80.0 inches per mile.

622.40.4.2 At the contractor's expense, segments with an IRI not in accordance with Sec 622.30.4.1.1, after the initial grinding, shall be corrected until the IRI is reduced in accordance with Sec 622.30.4.1.1, unless waived by the engineer.

K. Rapid Strength Concrete for Pavement

1.0 Description. This specification covers the requirements of rapid strength concrete that is suitable for full depth pavement. The work shall be in accordance with Sec 502 and Sec 504 unless otherwise specified with this special provision.

2.0 Materials. All material, proportioning, air-entraining, mixing and transporting of concrete shall be in accordance with Sec 501 as applicable to pavement concrete, except as noted herein.

2.1 Cement. The cement shall meet the requirements of ASTM C1600 for Type VRH or Type URH. Other cement types are not allowed.

2.2 Admixtures. The use of chemical admixtures is allowed and shall be in accordance with AASHTO M 194. Chloride accelerators are not allowed.

2.3 Mix Requirements. The concrete mix design shall meet a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi within 4-hours; while maintaining initial workability to effectively place the concrete and meet the requirements of this specification.

The concrete mix design shall not exceed 700 lb/yd³ of cement.

The concrete mix design shall not exceed 0.04% shrinkage at 28 days in accordance with ASTM C 157 with the following modifications:

1. The demold time shall be determined by ASTM C 403 Final Set plus 25% of that time.
2. Initial measurement shall be taken immediately after demolding.
3. The shrinkage specimens shall be air cured until 28 days.

2.4 Certification. In addition to the mix design information required in Sec 501.3; the contractor shall submit ASTM C 666 – Standard Test Method for Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing test results from an independent laboratory with a concrete mixture containing similar cement type and amount in comparison to the approved mix design. For acceptance, the concrete mixture tested shall meet a minimum durability factor of 80 percent.

3.0 Construction. All construction requirements shall be in accordance with Sec 502 except as follows:

3.1 General Inspection. All materials shall be subject to inspection and sampling by MoDOT at the source of manufacture, intermediate shipping terminal or destination. MoDOT will be allowed free access to all facilities and records as required for inspection and sampling.

3.2 Trial Mix Requirement. The contractor shall construct a test pad (used during maturity testing) or a small pavement location using the approved mix design prior to production. The test pad or pavement area will be evaluated and will be subject for approval from the engineer before any further production.

3.3 Mix Design Representative. During construction and concrete placement, the cement manufacturer's representative shall be present on the project to provide technical expertise.

3.4 Compressive Strength Requirements. The concrete opening strength to all traffic shall be a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi. Light construction traffic is allowed when the concrete achieves a minimum compressive strength of 2,000 psi. The opening strength shall be verified by the maturity method in accordance with Sec 507, except the strength-maturity relationship shall be developed using 2-hour, 4-hour, 6-hour, 1-day, 7-day, and 28-day time intervals.

3.5 Curing. After concrete placement and after surface irregularities have been removed, the concrete surface shall be given a uniform roughened finished by a broom, wet burlap drag, or other methods approved by the engineer for a temporary surface texture. Immediately after texturing, the concrete shall have a wet burlap cure until the concrete has achieved a minimum compressive strength of 2,000 psi. When the wet burlap is removed, the concrete shall have a white pigmented membrane applied in accordance with Sec 502.

3.6 Testing. The concrete mixture shall be within the specified limits for compressive strength, pavement thickness, and air content. The QC and QA test frequencies shall follow Sec 502.

4.0 Method of Measurement. The method of measurement shall be in accordance with Sec 502 for full depth concrete pavement and Sec 504 for concrete approach pavement.

5.0 Basis of Payment.

5.1 The accepted quantity of rapid strength concrete pavement shall be paid for at the contract unit price for item 502-99.05, Rapid Strength Concrete Pavement, per square yard. Payment shall be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals required to complete this work.

5.2 The accepted quantity of rapid strength concrete approach pavement shall be paid for at the contract unit price for item 504-99.05, Rapid Strength Concrete Approach Pavement, per square yard. Payment shall be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals required to complete this work.

L. Use of Crossovers and Truck Entrances JSP-04-10

1.0 Description. The contractor is advised that at no time shall the contractor be allowed to use the existing median crossovers or install temporary crossovers to turn around during hauling operations or for the moving of equipment. The contractor is also prohibited from constructing any temporary entrances to the mainline of the interstate.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provision.

M. Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System (WZITS)

1.0 General. The Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System (WZITS) shall be a portable, real-time, automated, solar powered system that calculates and displays travel time through work zones. The goal of this system is to provide advance traffic condition information to motorists at key decision points due to construction activity. The information reported to the public will include an accurate drive time through the work zone. This system shall be in operation 24 hours per day, seven days per week, during the construction period.

2.0 Description. This item shall consist of submittal and approval of a Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System plan, furnishing, installing, relocating, and operating a portable, automated, solar powered real-time work zone system ("Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System") meeting the requirements noted herein, and providing a system manager to maintain the system during the duration of the project. The contractor shall assume responsibility for any damaged equipment due to crashes, vandalism, adverse weather, etc. that may occur during the system's deployment.

2.1 The Contractor shall furnish and maintain this system for measuring and delivering real-time messages for the work zone.

2.2 The contractor is responsible for coordinating any work in adjacent roadway construction projects.

2.3 The contractor will be responsible to relocate the devices as directed by the engineer. When the equipment is no longer required for this project, the contractor shall remove it and retain ownership.

3.0 System Requirements.

3.1 The Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System shall be installed at the following locations where full depth pavement will be replaced at the bridge ends. Only one location shall be active at a time. Once construction is complete at a location and both lanes are opened to traffic, then the WZITS can be relocated to the next location. The order of work shall be determined by the contractor in cooperation with the engineer.

- I-44 eastbound at bridge A8879
- I-44 eastbound at bridge A8859
- I-44 eastbound at bridge A0981E
- I-44 eastbound at bridge A8866
- I-44 eastbound at bridge A8868
- I-44 westbound at bridge A8858
- I-44 westbound at bridge A8813
- I-44 westbound at bridge A8862
- I-44 westbound at bridge A0981W
- I-44 westbound at bridge A8867
- I-44 westbound at bridge A8869

3.2 At a minimum, the Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System shall consist of the following:

- Six (6) portable changeable message signs
- Four (4) portable non-intrusive traffic sensors
- 1 central computer

4.0 Smart Work Zone Plan.

4.1 General. The contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a written and illustrated WZITS Plan three (3) weeks prior to mobilization of any component of the WZITS System. The WZITS Plan shall include the items required in this specification. The Contractor will not be allowed to start any construction activities that will affect traffic on the project until the WZITS Plan is approved by the Engineer.

4.2. Content of the WZITS Plan. The WZITS Plan shall include, as a minimum, the following items:

- (a) A detailed plan showing the proposed locations of all WZITS devices and equipment description including make and model.
- (b) A description of all proposed thresholds and proposed CMS messages to be implemented.
- (c) The name and contact information of the WZITS System Manager.
- (d) A detailed description of the proposed methods of communication between the WZITS devices and the WZITS Central Computer, and between the WZITS Central Computer and the MoDOT Transportation Management Center of the Ozarks (TMC) located at 1107 West Chestnut Expressway, Springfield, MO 65802.
- (e) Proposed corrective method procedures including response times and notification processes.

4.3 Approval of Plan. Approval of the WZITS Plan by the Engineer is required prior to the placement of any WZITS devices. Approval is conditional and will be predicated on satisfactory performance during construction. The Engineer reserves the right to require the Contractor to make changes in the WZITS Plan and operations, at no additional cost to the Commission, including removal of personnel, as necessary, to obtain the quality specified. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing a minimum of seven (7) calendar days prior to any proposed changes in the WZITS Plan. Proposed changes are subject to approval by the Engineer.

4.4 Dynamic Late Merge (DLM) System: The WZITS system should be designed to provide the Dynamic Late Merge technology. The system shall detect a minimum of two (2) distinct traffic conditions.

4.4.1 Free Flow:

Definitions of free flow may vary by project, but typical traffic condition warrants may include:

- A trend of vehicle speeds at two points above an adjustable parameter. This parameter should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer. Typically greater than 50 mph may be utilized as a guideline.
- A trend of vehicle volume between two points below an adjustable parameter. This parameter should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer. Typically less than 1,000 vehicles/hour may be utilized as a guideline.

- A trend including reduced vehicle speeds together with increased volume. These parameters should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer.

During Free Flow conditions, the DLM System shall display no lane use messages, and therefore allow traffic to resume typical merging operations.

4.4.2 Congestion:

Definitions of congestion may vary by project, but typical traffic condition warrants may include:

- A trend of vehicle speeds at two points below an adjustable parameter. This parameter should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer. Typically less than 20 to 35 mph may be utilized as a guideline.
- A trend of vehicle volume between two points above an adjustable parameter. This parameter should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer. Typically greater than 1,500 to 1,700 vehicles/hour may be utilized as a guideline.
- A trend including reduced vehicle speeds together with increased volume. These parameters should be set for optimal results based on on-site monitoring and review as directed by the engineer.

When traffic conditions warrant a change to the late merge strategy, the DLM System shall display lane use messages on the CMS. The messages shall consist of two alternating displays as described below. The CMS shall be located in advance of the lane closure as determined by the engineer based upon estimated queue lengths and project geometry.

- CMS located at point 100' ahead (upstream) of the Merge sign shall display:
 - **ZIPPER MERGE HERE – TAKE TURNS**
- Intermediate CMS located beyond the estimated queue length at the time when DLM System activation will occur shall display:
 - **ZIPPER MERGE AHEAD – USE BOTH LANES**
- CMS located beyond the estimated the estimated queue length at the time when DLM System activation will occur shall display:
 - **SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE BOTH LANES or**
 - **STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE BOTH LANES**
- CMS located beyond the estimated maximum queue length shall display:
 - **SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE BOTH LANES or**
 - **STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE BOTH LANES**
- CMS located at the nearest interchange ahead (upstream) of the work zone shall display:
 - **SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD – CONSIDER ALT ROUTE or**
 - **STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE ALT ROUTE**

- CMS located 0.5 mile ahead (upstream) of the nearest interchange ahead (upstream) of the work zone shall display:
 - **SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD – CONSIDER ALT ROUTE or**
 - **STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD – USE ALT ROUTE**

5.0 Materials.

5.1 Changeable Message Signs. The Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System shall utilize MoDOT approved portable changeable message signs (CMS) in accordance with Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction Section 616 Temporary Traffic Control and Section 1063 Temporary Traffic Control Devices, and Standard Plans for Highway Construction 616.10. Each CMS shall be capable of displaying eight characters on each of three rows. Each CMS power supply shall be properly sized to allow continuous operation for up to ten days during periods of darkness and inclement weather.

5.2 Each CMS shall be integrated with a radio/modem, and/or a traffic sensor or other equipment (e.g. controller) mounted on it and shall act as a single “device” for the purpose of communicating with similarly integrated “devices” and displaying real-time traffic condition information. Each device shall be capable of communicating through radios/modems with other device(s) at upstream or downstream locations. Authorized MoDOT District staff must have the ability to override messages displayed on any CMS in the system. This feature must be password protected and on a website separate from MoDOT’s public website.

5.3 Portable Non-Intrusive Traffic Sensors. The Smart Work Zone System traffic sensors shall be side-fired microwave radar type whose accuracy is not degraded by inclement weather and visibility conditions including precipitation, fog, darkness, excessive dust and road debris. These sensors shall be capable of acquiring traffic data from up to six (6) lanes of traffic on a lane-by-lane basis.

5.4 Central Computer. The central computer shall provide the functionality described below:

5.4.1 General:

- Provide a Graphical User Interface that is compliant with Windows standards.
- Communication between the central computer and any device shall be independent and *non-reliant* upon communications with any other CMS or sensor.
- Alerts to MoDOT staff and the Engineer shall be provided via pagers, text, and/or e-mail messaging.
- Alerts shall be sent in the event of device failure or traffic delays over 15 minutes.

5.4.2 Data Processing Software:

- The capability to collect and store sensor data.
- The capability to compare traffic data collected from sensors to user-defined thresholds and automatically update one or more CMS’s.
- The capability to estimate travel times and automatically update one or more portable CMS’s consistent with user-defined thresholds.
- The capability to display alternate route messages consistent with user-defined thresholds.

5.4.3 Data Management:

- Storage of speed, volume, occupancy, CMS message history, and travel times as well as appropriate sensor status for each day.

5.4.4 Website:

- The Contractor will be responsible for hosting the website and obtaining domain names. Possible domain names and overall website design must be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to it being made available.
- The website shall contain an accurate map of the area affected by the work zone, including state highways or routes that may be used as alternates.
- Icons or hyperlinked text should accurately depict the current location of the system components and give real-time information provided by each component. In the event components are moved to a new location, the website must reflect these changes to the system layout.
- Historical data should be password protected and stored on the website for each day the system is in use, with date and time stamps included. The above data shall be available to MoDOT staff at all times for the duration of work zone activity. An electronic copy of all data, including date and duration of system malfunction, shall be provided to MoDOT staff after all work zone activity is completed and the WZITS has been removed.
- The MoDOT staff and the Engineer shall have the capability to override messages, via password protection, from the website.
- Device information shall be provided to MoDOT TMC staff through icons or hyperlinked text representing each device. Detectors should provide real-time speeds at the respective locations and CMS's should provide the current message of each sign.
- The website shall be designed and operated to allow 20 users to access the site at one time.

6.0 System Manager. The contractor shall employ a system manager for the WZITS. The system manager shall be locally available to maintain system components, maintain the website, move portable devices as necessary, and respond to emergency situations. The system manager shall be responsible for coordinating the placement of devices in the project areas. It is the responsibility of the system manager to move system components that interfere with construction operations and relocate the components to another area. The system manager shall supply a local phone number and/or a toll free number to the engineer to contact the system manager or other system representative at any time. The system manager shall not perform any other duties on the jobsite.

7.0 Operational Test. Once the WZITS is installed, it shall undergo a five-day operational test. The operational test shall include a test of the system in operation during a lane closure to ensure that all WZITS equipment (including the changeable message signs, traffic sensors, central computer, communication devices, and website) is operating in a fully functional manner and in accordance with the Smart Work Zone Plan for a duration of at least five (5) calendar days. The contractor shall provide for complete operations support from the vendor during the operational test, and the contractor shall provide verification that the reported drive time through the work zone accurately reflects actual field conditions. If any equipment malfunctions occur for a combined period of four (4) hours or more during this operational test on any day, no credit will be given for that day for the operational test period, and the five-day operational test will reset.

7.1 The contractor shall maintain records of equipment stoppages and resumptions during the five-day operational test for submission to the engineer for his approval. In the event that ten percent or more of the time similar malfunctions occur that affect the proper operation of the

WZITS, the engineer may declare a system component defective and require replacement of the equipment at no additional cost. When a system component defect is declared, the five-day operational test shall begin again after all defective equipment is replaced and the system is fully operational.

7.2 Report. The contractor shall submit a report to the engineer detailing the daily activity of the system during the operational test. The report shall indicate the date and time of any activity necessary to maintain operation of the WZITS during the operational test period. Each entry shall include the following information:

- Identity of the equipment on which work was performed
- Cause of equipment malfunction (if known)
- A description of the type of work performed
- Time required to repair equipment malfunction

Once the operational test report is received and approved by the engineer, the WZITS will be considered operational, and the system will be accepted for use.

8.0 Method of Measurement. Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System (WZITS) shall be measured by one lump sum and shall be divided into the following payment schedule:

- 35 percent will be paid when all of the WZITS equipment is delivered to the jobsite.
- 25 percent will be paid when the engineer approves the Operational Test Report.
- 20 percent will be paid after 30 calendar days of full system operation.
- 20 percent will be paid after traffic is in its final position, the contractor's equipment has been removed from the project, and historical data has been provided to the engineer.

8.1 Deduction for Failed System. A percentage of the lump sum will be deducted should the system malfunction for three (3) or more consecutive calendar days or any total of five (5) calendar days in any one calendar month after the approval of the operational test. This deduction will be based on a ratio of calendar days of unsuccessful operation to total calendar days of operation following the approval of the operational test. This deduction will not reduce the total system payment to less than 60 percent of the lump sum.

9.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for submittal and approval of a Work Zone Intelligent Transportation plan, furnishing, installing, relocating, operating, maintaining, testing, monitoring, providing a website, providing historical data, and removal of the Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System (WZITS), including all items required for proper operation of this installation, shall be completely covered by the contract unit price for Item Number 616-99.01, "Work Zone Intelligent Transportation System," per lump sum.

N. Radar Speed Advisory System NJSP 21-06

1.0 General. The Radar Speed Advisory System (RSAS) shall be a portable, automated and solar powered system that displays real-time speed data in operation 24 hours per day, seven days per week during active stationary work zones for the duration of this contract.

2.0 Description. This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, relocating, operating, and removing a RSAS meeting the requirements noted herein, and providing a work zone specialist responsible for maintaining the system during the duration of this contract. The contractor shall assume responsibility for any damaged equipment due to crashes, vandalism, adverse weather, etc. that may occur during the system's deployment.

2.1 The Contractor shall furnish and maintain this system for measuring and delivering real-time messages for the work zone.

2.2 The contractor will be responsible to relocate the devices as directed by the engineer. When the equipment is not in use, it shall be turned away from traffic. When the equipment is no longer required for longer than a 24-hour period, the RSAS shall be stored in accordance with Section 107.5. When the equipment is no longer required for this contract, the contractor shall remove it and retain ownership.

3.0 System Requirements. The RSAS shall include a trailer with a 36"x24" Work Zone Plaque with a 36"x48" R2-1 sign that reflects the work zone speed limit. The signs shall be in accordance with Section 903. The trailer shall be marked with red and white conspicuity tape along the flat edges of the trailer tongue and framing.



3.1 The RSAS shall be equipped with a radar unit equipped with a data logger designed to detect speed and quantity of approaching vehicles. It shall meet the following requirements:

- The radar unit shall detect approaching vehicles at a minimum of 1,000 feet.
- The radar is accurate to plus or minus one mile per hour.

3.2 The RSAS display shall be at a height visible for situations where the trailer is behind a temporary barrier. The display shall meet the additional following requirements:

- Amber display with an automatic brightness control for high visibility in both daytime and nighttime situations.
- The display shall have a minimum character height of 18 inches.
- The display shall be legible at a minimum distance of 750 feet.
- The display allows input of the work zone speed in multiples of 5 miles per hour.
- The display shall indicate the speed of the approaching vehicle when the speed is less than or equal to the work zone speed limit (Non-Flash Mode).
- The display shall indicate the speed of the approaching vehicle when the speed is 1-10 miles per hour greater than the work zone speed limit (Flash Mode).
- The display shall indicate "SLOW DOWN" when the speed of the approaching vehicle is greater than 10 miles per hour of the work zone speed limit.

3.3 The RSAS shall include a self-contained electrical power source that, with or without maintenance, will ensure continuous operation of the RSAS throughout the duration of this contract.

3.4 The RSAS may be equipped with a high-speed Global Positioning System (GPS) and a cellular device to connect for remote management and data retention. If optioned for, the remote management and data application must provide the following:

- Allow users to configure, update, and monitor the operation of the RSAS, including review of the data collected in real-time, for the duration of this contract.
- The application shall display the specific project the RSAS is deployed on and the specific location of the RSAS on a map interface.
- Store and maintain traffic volume and speed data collected throughout the duration of this contract in a secure location.
- Allow users to download the data in an approved format.

3.5 The RSAS's sensors shall be side-fired microwave radar type whose accuracy is not degraded by inclement weather and visibility conditions including precipitation, fog, darkness, excessive dust and road debris. These sensors shall be capable of acquiring traffic data from up to three (3) lanes of traffic on a lane-by-lane basis.

3.6 The RSAS shall be National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) compliant.

3.7 The RSAS may be equipped with Red or Red and Blue Warning Lights that are in accordance with Section 616.5.1.1.

4.0 Construction. Install the RSAS in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the following requirements:

4.1 Locate the RSAS downstream of the initial sign package, as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer. Relocation of the trailer should be considered every two weeks or as required by the engineer or project staging.

4.2 Orient the RSAS so the digital display and any other signing are fully visible to oncoming traffic.

4.3 Ensure the RSAS is not obstructed by other traffic control devices, construction materials, or equipment and is able to detect traffic.

4.4 Ensure the RSAS trailer is level while the wheels are elevated from the ground.

4.5 Adjust the display brightness for maximum visibility.

4.6 Ensure the controller is locked at all times and default passwords are not used.

4.7 Update the R2-1 sign as necessary to reflect any changes in the speed throughout the project.

4.8 If the RSAS malfunctions, it shall be turned away from traffic.

5.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement of Radar Speed Advisory System will be per each individual Radar Speed Advisory System.

6.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of Radar Speed Advisory System will be paid for at the contract unit price for item number 616-10.95, "Radar Speed Advisory System" per each in accordance with Section 616.12.

O. Bridge End Transitions

1.0 Description. At all bridge exceptions, the engineer will determine in the field the ending point of the transition. This point will not necessarily be at the bridge end but will be located at a point which provides a smooth transition and approach to the bridge. The limits of all bridge end transitions shall be approved by the engineer before any milling proceeds on these transitions. Where bridges are to be resurfaced, the surfacing shall be from curb to curb.

P. Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking – SW

In addition to the requirements of Section 627 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, the following shall apply:

1.0 Description. The contractor shall be responsible for all layout required on the project. This responsibility shall include, but not be limited to the following: Construction signing, transition milling, pavement marking, loop detectors, etc.

1.1 The above list is not all inclusive. The contractor shall have the primary responsibility for these operations. The contractor shall provide the Resident Engineer (RE) with a staking plan layout for approval prior to the installation of signs. The RE will also provide assistance during this layout provided a request is submitted to the RE or Construction Project Manager 48 hours

in advance. This will ensure that all permanently mounted traffic control devices remain consistent with District policy and avoid re-staking. If the contractor installs any signs without engineer approval, all costs associated with re-staking and/or relocation will be at the contractor's expense.

1.2 The intent of this provision is to increase the quality of our work zones and minimize negative impacts to the contractor's schedule that can result from delays in staking.

1.3 Any adjustments to the plan quantities or line numbers established in the contract shall be approved by the Engineer.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to cover the costs associated with these additional requirements. All costs shall be considered completely covered by the unit bid price submitted for Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking.

Q. Damage to Existing Pavement, Shoulders, Side Roads, and Entrances

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of repairing any damage to existing pavement, shoulders, side roads and entrances caused by contractor operations. This shall include, but is not limited to, damage caused by the traffic during contractor operations within the project limits including the work zone signing.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Any cracking, gouging, or other damage to the existing pavement, shoulders, side roads, or entrances from general construction shall be repaired within twenty-four (24) hours of the time of damage at the contractor's expense. Repair of the damaged pavement, shoulders, side roads, or entrances shall be as determined by the engineer.

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement of damaged pavement or shoulder areas or damaged side roads or entrances as described above shall be made.

4.0 Basis of Payment. No payment will be made for repairs to existing pavement, shoulders, side roads or entrances damaged by contractor operations.

R. Pavement Marking Log

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of the Contractor documenting the location of all existing pavement markings prior to coldmilling or resurfacing, and installing new pavement markings to match the scheme that was in place prior to the project.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to the start of resurfacing work, the Contractor shall document the color, type, and location of the existing pavement markings, including any change in pavement marking (e.g., solid yellow to intermittent yellow on the centerline) and no passing zones. The Contractor shall submit the method of documentation to the Engineer for approval prior to recording the existing pavement marking information.

2.1 The existing pavement marking documentation provided by the Contractor shall include the location of existing pavement markings by either station or log mile. The Engineer shall reserve the right to make adjustments to the final pavement marking locations. The Engineer will provide

the Contractor with any adjusted locations. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor make adjustments to the location of permanent pavement markings without the Engineer's approval.

2.2 All permanent pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Sec 620.

3.0 Temporary Pavement Marking. The Contractor shall provide temporary pavement marking in accordance with Sec 620 and Standard Plan 620.10. No compensation will be made to the Contractor for temporary pavement marking.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement will be made in accordance with Sec 620.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for compliance with this provision. All costs associated with the equipment, labor, materials, and time necessary to fulfill the requirements of this provision shall be considered completely covered by the pavement marking (Sec 620) line items in the contract.

S. Permanent Pavement Marking – SW

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings as specified, at locations shown on the plans or as approved by the engineer. This work shall be in accordance with Section 620 and specifically as follows.

2.0 Construction Requirements. On roadways open to traffic, permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings shall be in place no later than five days after the final paving operations. This requirement applies per individual route if multiple routes are included in a contract or if a 15 mile section of an individual route is open to traffic within a contract. This requirement also applies to divided highways, once a directional segment of 15 miles, or the entire directional segment if less than 15 miles, is paved and open to traffic within a contract. To fulfill this requirement, the contractor may have to mobilize more than once for the installation of permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings. The contractor will also need to coordinate the permanent pavement marking with the installation of rumble strips.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of permanent pavement marking paint shall be paid for at the contract unit price for each of the pay items included in the contract. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, material, and time necessary to complete the described work including any other incidental items.

T. Rumble Strips

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of constructing rumble strips as shown on the plans or as approved by the engineer.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Rumble strips shall be placed in accordance with Section 626. In addition, on roadways open to traffic, rumble strips shall be in place no later than five days after the final paving operations. This requirement applies per individual route if multiple routes are included in a contract, or if a 15 mile section of an individual route is open to traffic within a contract. To fulfill this requirement, the contractor may have to mobilize more than once for the installation of rumble strips.

2.1 On divided highways, the edge line rumble strip shall be installed as shown in the plans or per the Standard Plans.

2.2 On two-way roads, the edge line rumble strip shall be installed to maintain 21' preferred/20' absolute minimum between each edge line rumble. If the contract includes a centerline rumble in addition to the edge line rumble, the contractor shall only install the centerline rumble if 10.5' lane can be maintained between the edge of the centerline rumble and edge line rumble or as approved by the engineer. If this minimum distance cannot be achieved, the centerline rumbles may be underrun as approved by the engineer.

2.3 On two-way roads with existing 2' shoulders, or include construction of new 2' shoulders, the edge line rumble strip shall stop and start 25' to each side of the intersecting road or entrance unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of rumble strips shall be paid at the contract unit price. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, and material necessary to complete the described work, including mobilizing, loading, hauling, stockpiling and disposal of milled material; and any other incidental items.

U. Bridge Work Requirements

1.0 Description. Bridge work shall be limited only to the items and locations as shown in the roadway plans. Any damage sustained to the remaining structure as a result of the contractor's operations shall be repaired or the material replaced as approved by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

V. Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Requirements

1.0 Introduction.

1.1 These Railroad Requirements set forth terms and conditions agreed between the Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company, Inc. (Railroad) and the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission (Commission), under which Railroad will allow the Commission's contractors to enter in and upon Railroad's real property, right of way, tracks and other facilities (Railroad's Property) to perform the contractor's work relating to this project.

1.2 To report an emergency on the Railroad, call: 866-527-3499

1.3 The project is located on the MNA Aurora Subdivision, at Mile Post 500.5, DOT# 435147D west of Mount Vernon, MO. Current FRA data shows 3 daytime trains and 2 nighttime trains and 0 passenger trains per day.

1.4 Definitions of terms set forth in the current edition of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction shall be applicable to those terms as used in these Railroad Requirements.

1.5 Contractor may not access, at any time, any property of the Railroad outside the State's permanent and temporary easements without Railroad's prior, written approval.

2.0 Authority of Railroad Representative and Engineer.

2.1 The authorized representative of the Railroad, herein called "Railroad Representative", shall have final authority in all matters affecting the safe maintenance and operation of railroad traffic including the adequacy of the foundations and structures supporting the railroad tracks.

2.1.1 The Railroad designates the following individual as the Railroad Representative for this project. Except as otherwise provided in these Railroad Requirements, the contractor shall address all notices concerning this project to the Railroad Representative, as follows:

Mr. Greg Feyerabend
General Manager
Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company, Inc.
514 North Orner
Carthage, MO 64836
Email: Greg.Feyerabend@gwrr.com
TEL: (918) 289-4861 [mobile]

2.1.2 The Railroad, or the individual identified above, may designate a different individual to act as the Railroad Representative for this project, and may change the address information stated above, by giving written notice of the changes to the contractor and to the Engineer, as provided in these Railroad Requirements.

2.2 The authorized representative of the Commission (Engineer) shall have authority over all other matters as prescribed herein and in the project specifications.

3.0 Contractor's Indemnity Obligations to the Railroad. The contractor agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Railroad from and against any injury or death of persons whomsoever, or from any loss or damage to the Railroad's Property, caused by acts or omissions of the contractor in performing work on this project, whether on, over, under or in the vicinity of the Railroad's Property as more specifically detailed in the Right of Entry Agreement referenced in Section 4.5 below. In the event the contractor shall fail to restore the Railroad's Property immediately to a condition acceptable to the Railroad when any such loss or damage to the Railroad's Property is called to the contractor's attention by the Railroad, then the Railroad may perform such corrective work at the cost of the contractor. In addition to such remedies of the Railroad, the Commission will withhold from final payment due to the contractor the amount reasonably necessary to reimburse the Railroad for such loss or damage or for performing such work. The term "loss or damage" as used herein shall include, but not be limited to, the erosion and silting of, water damage to, and the accidental or intentional placing or dropping of objects on the Railroad's Property.

4.0 Notice of Starting Work. The contractor shall not commence any work on the Railroad's right of way until contractor has complied with the following conditions:

4.1 At least thirty (30) days in advance of the date the contractor proposes to begin work on the Railroad's Property, the contractor has given written notice of the contractor's proposed start date and time to the Railroad Representative, and Railroad's Manager of Track Maintenance (see paragraph 12.2.3 below), with a copy to the Engineer.

4.2 The Commission has obtained written approval from the Railroad's Representative for the contractor's insurance coverage as required by Section 17 of these Railroad Requirements, and authorization for the contractor to begin work on the Railroad's Property.

4.3 The contractor has determined whether fiber optic cable systems are buried on the Railroad's Property. If fiber optic cable systems are buried on the Railroad's Property, then the contractor has contacted the Railroad at the 24 hour number, 800-336-9193, has contacted the telecommunications company involved, has arranged for a cable locator, and has made arrangements for relocation or other protection of the fiber optic cable system on the Railroad's Property.

4.4 The contractor's employees, representatives or agents who are regularly assigned to perform work on the Railroad's Property have been certified as having completed the Internet Safety Orientation available at <https://railpros.com/training/> where contractor needs to complete the course. This certification shall be renewed annually. In addition the contractor shall require that every employee, representative or agent who is not regularly assigned to perform work on the Railroad's Property has received appropriate safety training before performing any work on the Railroad's property. The cost of the Internet Safety Orientation, which is subject to change, is currently \$75 per person per year.

4.5 Right of Entry. At least forty five (45) days in advance of the date the contractor proposes to begin work on the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall enter into a Right of Entry Agreement with Railroad prior to working on Railroad property. The application for Right of Entry Agreement can be found at the following address:

<http://www.gwrr.com/real-estate/accessing-property/>

4.5.1 The applicant must submit the completed application to the Real Estate Department including a check or money order, to cover the non-refundable fee of \$1,750 made payable to the Railroad. The application must include railroad milepost, railroad subdivision, and scope of work.

4.5.2 Upon approval of the application, the Real Estate Department will draft an agreement and forward to the applicant for signature. **Application does not guarantee approval.** The applicant must then return the signed document to the Real Estate Department along with the pertinent certificate of insurance outlined in the agreement. Once in receipt of these documents, the agreement will then be executed on behalf of the Railroad.

5.0 Interference with Railroad's Operations.

5.1 The Railroad's right of way is located within the limits of this project. The contractor shall take care to insure that it will not drop any debris or material on the Railroad's Property.

5.2 The contractor shall arrange and conduct all of the contractor's work so that it causes no interference with the Railroad's operations, including train, signal, telephone, telegraphic services, damage to the Railroad's Property, poles, wires and other facilities of tenants on the Railroad's Property. Whenever the contractor's work may directly affect the operations or safety of trains, the contractor shall submit a written description of the method of doing such work to the Railroad Representative for approval, but such approval shall not relieve the contractor from liability resulting from the contractor's work. Any work to be performed by the contractor that requires

flagging service shall be deferred by the contractor until the flagging services are available at the job site.

5.3 Whenever the contractor's work upon the Railroad's Property will unavoidably cause an impediment to the Railroad's operations, such as requiring the use of runaround tracks or reduced train speed, the contractor should schedule and conduct these operations so that this impediment is reduced to the absolute minimum.

5.4 If conditions arising from, or in connection with the work require immediate and unusual provisions to protect the Railroad's operations and property, the contractor shall make such provisions. If in the judgment of the Railroad Representative, or the Engineer if the Railroad Representative is absent, such provision is insufficient, then the Railroad Representative or Engineer may require or provide such provisions as he/she deems necessary. In any event, the contractor shall make such provisions at the contractor's expense, and without cost to the Railroad or the Commission.

6.0 Track Clearances. During construction, the contractor shall maintain not less than the minimum track clearances as shown on the project plans. However, before undertaking any work within the Railroad's Property and before placing any obstruction over any track, the contractor shall:

6.1 Notify the Railroad Representative at least ten (10) days in advance of the proposed work.

6.2 Receive assurance from the Railroad Representative that arrangements have been made for flagging service as may be necessary.

6.3 Receive permission from the Railroad Representative to proceed with the work, as provided in section 4.0.

6.4 Confirm that the Engineer has received copies of the contractor's notice to the Railroad, and of the Railroad's response.

7.0 Construction Procedures.

7.1 General. The contractor's work on the Railroad's property shall be performed in accordance with these Railroad Requirements and shall be subject to the Railroad's inspection and review. The contractor shall submit plans that shall be signed, sealed, and stamped in accordance with the laws relating to Architects and Professional Engineers, Chapter 327, RSMo, for the demolition of any structure over Railroad right of way, and for temporary shoring and falsework that may affect the Railroad's facilities or traffic.

7.2 Excavation. The contractor shall maintain the subgrade of an operated track with the beam edge at least 12 feet from centerline of track and not more than 26 inches below top of rail, unless the existing section fails to meet this specification, in which case the contractor shall maintain the existing section.

8.0 Maintenance of Railroad Facilities. Within the project limits, the contractor shall maintain Railroad's Property, including all ditches and drainage structures, free of silt or other obstructions that may result from contractor's operations. The contractor shall promptly repair eroded areas within the Railroad's Property and repair any other damage to the Railroad's Property or the

Railroad's tenants. The contractor shall perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the contractor's operations at the contractor's expense.

9.0 Storage of Materials and Equipment.

9.1 The contractor shall obtain permission from the Railroad Representative before storing any materials or equipment anywhere on Railroad's Property. The Railroad will not ordinarily permit storage within twenty-five feet (25') from the centerline of any track, or within three hundred feet (300') from any grade crossing. The Railroad will not be liable for damage to such material and equipment from any cause, and the Railroad Representative may move such material and equipment or require the contractor to move it, at the contractor's expense.

9.2 The contractor shall not leave unattended any grading or construction machinery parked upon Railroad's Property, unless it is effectively immobilized so that unauthorized persons cannot move such machinery.

10.0 Cleanup. Upon completion of the work, the contractor shall remove from within the limits of the Railroad's Property all machinery, equipment, surplus materials, falsework, rubbish or temporary buildings of the contractor's and shall leave Railroad's Property in a neat condition satisfactory to the Railroad Representative.

11.0 Damages. The Railroad shall not assume liability for any damages to the contractor, contractor's work, employees, servants, equipment and materials caused by the Railroad's traffic. However, the preceding sentence shall not exempt the Railroad from liability for any loss, damage or injury proximately caused by the Railroad's intentional misconduct or sole or gross negligence. The contractor shall directly reimburse the Railroad for any cost the Railroad reasonably incurs for repairing damages to the Railroad's Property or to property of the Railroad's tenants, caused by or resulting from the operations of the contractor relating to this project.

12.0 Flagging Services.

12.1 When Flagging is Required. The Railroad has sole authority to determine the need for flagging to protect the Railroad's operations. Whenever the Railroad requires flagging services with reference to any of the contractor's work on this project, the contractor shall not perform any such work until all required flaggers are present at the job site.

12.1.1 In general, the Railroad may require flagging services whenever the contractor's personnel or equipment are, or are likely to be, working on the Railroad's Property, or across, over, adjacent to, or under a track, or when such work has disturbed or is likely to disturb a railroad structure or the railroad roadbed or surface and alignment of any track to such extent that the movement of trains must be controlled by flagging, to prevent unreasonable risks of accidental hazard to the Railroad's operations or personnel.

12.1.2 Normally the Railroad will assign one flagger to a project; but in some cases, more than one may be necessary, such as yard limits where the Railroad may assign up to three flaggers. However, if the contractor works within the distances that violate instructions given by the Railroad Representative, or performs work upon or adjacent to Railroad's Property that has not been scheduled with the Railroad Representative, the Railroad may require flagging services full time until the project is completed.

12.2 Scheduling and Notification of Flagging Services.

12.2.1 The contractor shall arrange with the Railroad all flagging services required by the Railroad to accomplish the contractor's work on this project.

12.2.2 Before the contractor begins work on the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall furnish to the Railroad Representative and the Engineer a schedule for all work required to complete the contractor's portion of the project within the Railroad's Property, and shall arrange for a job site meeting between the contractor, the Engineer, and the Railroad Representative. Until the contractor has provided its work schedule and met on-site with the Railroad Representative and the Engineer, the Railroad may withhold all flagging services from the contractor's proposed job site. Before the flagger(s) begin each day's work, the flagger(s) and the contractor shall meet to conduct a job briefing.

12.2.3 Before the contractor first begins any work upon or adjacent to the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall give not less than thirty (30) days' advance notice to the Railroad, and to the Engineer, of its intent to begin such work. The contractor shall address all notices relating to flagging to the Railroad as follows:

Mr. Greg Feyerabend
General Manager
Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company, Inc.
514 North Orner
Carthage, MO 64836
Email: Greg.Feyerabend@gwrr.com
TEL: (918) 289-4861 [mobile]

12.2.4 The Railroad usually assigns one flagger to work at the job site on a continuous basis until the contractor no longer needs flagging services. The contractor shall not call for flagging services on a spot basis. The Railroad's assigned flagger shall notify the Engineer when flagging services have begun and ended. The flagger shall give these notices immediately upon arrival at the job site on the first day, and before departing from the job site on the last day of each separate period when the Railroad provides flagging services, or as soon as possible thereafter. The Engineer shall document these notifications in the project records.

12.2.5 After the contractor has begun work that requires flagging services, the contractor shall give not less than five (5) day's advance written notice to the Railroad before discontinuing flagging services and terminating the obligation to pay for flagging services. The contractor shall simultaneously provide a copy of this notice to the Engineer. If the contractor's work on or adjacent to the Railroad's Property is suspended at any time, or for any reason, then before the contractor resumes any work on or adjacent to the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall give advance, written notice to the Railroad and to the Engineer of its intent to resume such work. This notice shall provide sufficient details of the contractor's proposed work to enable the Railroad Representative to determine whether flagging services will be required before the contractor resumes its work on or adjacent to the Railroad's Property. The contractor shall give this required notice at least three (3) working days' before it intends to resume such work; however, the Railroad may take up to thirty (30) days after the contractor has given this notice before resuming flagging services at the job site. The requirements of this paragraph 12.2.5 shall not apply if the suspension and resumption of the contractor's work were previously scheduled with the Railroad

pursuant to paragraph 12.2.2 of these Railroad Requirements, or the suspension was caused by an emergency as provided in paragraph 12.2.6 of these Railroad Requirements.

12.2.6 If, after the Railroad has assigned a flagger to the project site in accordance with section 12.0, any emergency requires the flagger's presence elsewhere, then the contractor shall suspend work on the Railroad's Property until the flagger is again available. Any additional costs to the contractor resulting from such delay shall be borne by the contractor and not by the Railroad.

12.3 Payment for Flagging Services.

12.3.1 The Commission will pay the Railroad directly for the cost of flagging services associated with this project by deducting the amount from the Commission's payments to the contractor.

12.3.2 The estimated cost of flagging services is approximately \$1,200 per day, based on an 8-hour work day and a 40-hour work week. The Railroad shall charge not more than its actual cost of providing these flagging services, which includes the base pay for the flagger or flaggers who actually performed the required flagging services, the Railroad's reasonable overhead costs, and the reasonable costs actually incurred for the flagger's travel expenses, meals and lodging if required. The Railroad may charge a maximum of one-hour travel time each way per day per flagger, for travel to and from the job site. A flagger's work in excess of 8 hours per day or 40 hours per week, but not more than 12 hours per day, will result in a pay rate of \$225 per hour after 8 hours. If a flagger performs required flagging services on a holiday, then the pay rate shall be \$225 per hour for all hours worked on the holiday. The Commission also shall reimburse the Railroad for its actual expenses reasonably incurred in preparing and handling invoices to the Commission for the cost of these flagging services. The Railroad's charges to the Commission shall be in accordance with applicable provisions of the Federal Aid Policy Guide issued by the Federal Highway Administration, including all current amendments.

12.3.3 The Railroad shall submit progress invoices to the Engineer during the time the Railroad requires flagging services. The Railroad shall submit its final invoice for flagging services to the Engineer within one hundred eighty (180) days after the contractor has notified the Railroad and the Commission that all its work over the Railroad's Property is complete, in accordance with section 18.0 below. If the Commission does not receive the Railroad's final flagging invoice within this time period, then the Railroad shall obtain payment directly from the contractor.

12.3.4 If a dispute arises between the Railroad, the Commission and the contractor concerning the amount charged for flagging service, then the Commission may deduct the full amount of the Railroad's invoice from the contractor's payment, until the dispute is resolved.

12.4 Flagging Complaints. The contractor and the Railroad shall attempt to resolve any complaints concerning flagging services in a timely manner. If the contractor disputes the need for a flagger, the contractor shall notify the Railroad Engineer and the Engineer. The contractor shall confirm any verbal complaints in writing within five (5) working days, by sending a copy to the Railroad Representative and to the Engineer.

13.0 Temporary Construction Grade Crossing.

13.1 When the contractor has no reasonable alternate method of transporting construction materials and personnel across the Railroad's track, the contractor shall make all necessary

arrangements with the Railroad for the installation, maintenance and removal of one temporary grade crossing for a construction haul road including, without limitation, entering into Railroad's then current form of Temporary Private Grade Crossing Agreement. The contractor shall bear all costs incidental to such crossings, including flagging, whether services are performed by contractor's own forces or by the Railroad's personnel. The contractor shall execute the Railroad's standard Road Crossing Agreement covering terms and conditions for the temporary crossing.

13.2 Neither the contractor nor the Railroad shall construct any crossing for use by the contractor for transporting materials or equipment across the tracks of the Railroad until the Railroad Representative specifically authorizes the installation, maintenance, necessary watching and flagging thereof and removal, which shall be done at the contractor's expense.

14.0 Work for the Benefit of the Contractors. The project plans show all temporary or permanent changes in wire lines or other facilities that are necessary to complete the project, or these changes will be covered by appropriate plan revisions approved by the Commission and the Railroad. If the contractor desires any further changes, the contractor shall make separate arrangements with the Railroad for those changes, at the contractor's expense.

15.0 Cooperation and Delays. The contractor shall arrange a schedule with the Railroad for accomplishing staged construction involving work by the Railroad or tenants of the Railroad. In arranging a schedule, the contractor shall request information from the Railroad, and the Railroad shall promptly provide information concerning the minimum lead-time required for assembling crews and materials. The contractor shall schedule adequate time for those activities. The contractor shall not make any claim against the Railroad for hindrance or delay on account of railway traffic for:

15.1 Any work the Railroad performs.

15.2 Other delay incident to or necessary for the safe maintenance of railway traffic.

15.3 Any delays due to compliance with these Railroad Requirements.

16.0 Trainman's Walkways. The contractor shall maintain along the outer side of each exterior track of multiple operated tracks, and on each side of single operated track, an unobstructed continuous space suitable for trainman's use in walking along trains, extending to a line not less than 12 feet from the centerline of the track. Before the close of each workday, the contractor shall remove all temporary impediments to walkways and track drainage encroachments or obstructions that were allowed during work hours when flagging services were available. Whenever the contractor excavates or maintains any excavation near the walkway, the contractor shall install a handrail with 12 feet minimum clearance from the centerline of the track.

17.0 Insurance.

17.1 General Insurance Provisions. The contractor shall, at its sole cost and expense, procure and continuously maintain in force during this project, the insurance coverage required under this section 17 until the contractor has completed all project work on the Railroad's Property, has removed all equipment and materials from the Railroad's Property, and has cleaned and restored the Railroad's Property to the satisfaction of the Engineer and the Railroad Representative. The

amount of work to be performed upon, over or under the Railroad's Property is estimated to be one percent (1%) of the contractor's total bid for the project.

17.2 Commercial General Liability Insurance. The contractor shall maintain commercial general liability ("CGL") insurance with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and an aggregate limit of not less than \$6,000,000. CGL insurance must be written on ISO occurrence form CG 00 01 12 04 (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage). The policy must contain the following endorsement, which must be stated on the certificate of insurance: "Contractual Liability Railroads" ISO form CG 24 17 10 01 (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage) showing "Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company Property" as the Designated Job Site.

17.3 Business Automobile Coverage Insurance. The contractor shall maintain business auto coverage written on ISO form CA 00 01 (or a substitute form providing equivalent liability coverage) with a combined single limit of not less than \$5,000,000 for each accident. The policy must contain the following endorsements, which must be stated on the certificate of insurance: "Coverage For Certain Operations In Connection With Railroads" ISO form CA 20 70 10 01 (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage) showing "Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company Property" as the Designated Job Site; and Motor Carrier Act Endorsement - Hazardous Materials Clean Up (MCS-90) if required by law.

17.4 Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability Insurance. The contractor shall maintain workers' compensation insurance coverage, with not less than the minimum statutory liability required under the workers' compensation laws of the State of Missouri. The contractor shall maintain Employers' Liability (Part B) insurance coverage with limits of at least \$500,000 for each accident, a \$500,000 disease policy limit, and \$500,000 for each employee. If the contractor is self-insured, then the contractor shall provide evidence of state approval and excess workers' compensation coverage, which must include coverage for liability arising out of the U. S. Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Act, the Jones Act, and the Outer Continental Shelf Land Act, if applicable. The policy must contain the following endorsement, which must be stated on the certificate of insurance: "Alternate Employer Endorsement" ISO form WC 00 03 01 A (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage) showing the Railroad in the schedule as the alternate employer (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage).

17.6 Railroad Protective Liability Insurance. The contractor must maintain Railroad Protective Liability insurance written on ISO occurrence form CG 00 35 12 04 (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage) on behalf of the Railroad as named insured, with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence and an aggregate limit of \$6,000,000. Before commencing any work on the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall submit the original insurance policy to the Railroad, or may submit a binder stating that the required Railroad Protective Liability policy is in place until the contractor delivers the original policy to the Railroad. The contractor shall cause the Railroad Protective Liability Insurance policy to include a description of the named insured, the work, and the job site, as follows:

17.6.1 Named Insured. The Named Insured on the Railroad Protective Liability Insurance policy shall be Missouri & Northern Arkansas Railroad Company, Inc.

17.6.2 Description and Designation. The description of the work and designation of the job site to be shown on the Railroad Protective Liability Insurance policy are as follows:

Resurfacing (mill/fill) over the MNA.

Job No. JSR0269, Lawrence County, Route I-44

DOT# 435147D MNA Aurora Sub, Mile Post 500.5 west of Mount Vernon, MO.

17.7 Umbrella or Excess Insurance. If the contractor utilizes umbrella or excess insurance policies, these policies must “follow form” and afford no less coverage than the primary policy.

17.8 Pollution Liability Insurance. The contractor shall maintain pollution liability insurance coverage, which must be written on ISO form Pollution Liability Coverage Form Designated Sites CG 00 39 12 04 (or a substitute form providing equivalent liability coverage), with limits of at least \$5,000,000 per occurrence and an aggregate limit of \$10,000,000. If the scope of work as defined in this Project includes the disposal of any hazardous or non-hazardous materials from the job site, the contractor must furnish to the Railroad evidence of pollution legal liability insurance maintained by the disposal site operator for losses arising from the insured facility accepting the materials, with coverage in minimum amounts of \$1,000,000 per loss, and an annual aggregate of \$2,000,000.

17.9 Other Insurance Requirements.

17.9.1 Each policy required above (except workers' compensation and employers' liability) must include the Railroad and its affiliated companies, including but not limited to Genesee & Wyoming, Inc. as “Additional Insured” using ISO Additional Insured Endorsements CG 20 26, and CA 20 48 (or substitute forms providing equivalent coverage). The coverage provided to the Railroad as an additional insured shall, to the extent provided under ISO Additional Insured Endorsement CG 20 26 and CA 20 48, provide coverage for the Railroad’s negligence whether sole or partial, active or passive.

17.9.2 Where allowable by law, the punitive damage exclusion shall be deleted, and the deletion shall be indicated on the certificate of insurance.

17.9.3 The contractor waives all rights of recovery, and its insurers also waive all rights of subrogation of damages against the Railroad and its agents, officers, directors and employees, except that these waivers shall not apply to punitive damages, nor to any loss, damage or injury proximately caused by the Railroad’s intentional misconduct or sole or gross negligence. The certificate of insurance shall acknowledge these waivers.

17.9.4 Prior to commencing any work on the Railroad's Property, the contractor shall furnish the Railroad with one or more certificates of insurance, executed by a duly authorized representative of each insurer, showing compliance with the insurance requirements set forth in this Section 17.

17.9.5 The contractor shall only obtain insurance policies written by a reputable insurance company acceptable to the Railroad, or which currently has a Best's Insurance Guide Rating of “A-” and Class VII or better, and which is authorized to do business in the State of Missouri.

17.9.6 The fact that insurance is obtained by the contractor or by the Railroad on behalf of the contractor will not be deemed to release or diminish the liability of the contractor, including, without limitation, liability under the indemnity provisions contained in Section 3.0 of these Railroad Requirements. Damages recoverable by the Railroad from the contractor or any third party will not be limited by the amount of the required insurance coverage, except to the extent of any

payments the Railroad has received pursuant to insurance coverage obtained and paid for by the contractor.

17.10 Evidence of Insurance. The contractor shall provide evidence of insurance as required above to the addresses shown below, for review by the Commission and approval by the Railroad.

Railroad

Mr. Michael R. Morningstar
Director of Risk Management and Claims
Genesee & Wyoming Railroad Services, Inc.
13901 Sutton Park Drive South
Suite 150
Jacksonville, FL 32224
Phone: (904) 900-6258
Fax: (904) 223-4618

Commission

Ms. Brandi Baldwin
State Construction & Materials Engineer
MoDOT
P.O. Box 270
Jefferson City, MO 65102

17.11 Except as otherwise specifically provided in these Railroad Requirements, the Railroad will not accept binders as evidence of insurance, and the contractor shall provide the Railroad with the original insurance policy.

17.12 Insurance Required of Subcontractors. If any part of the work is sublet, the contractor shall maintain and provide evidence of similar insurance, in the same amounts as required of the prime contractor, to cover the subcontractor's operations. The Railroad will accept endorsements to the prime contractor's policies specifically naming subcontractors and describing the subcontractor's operations, for this purpose.

17.13 Cancellation of Insurance. The contractor and its insurers shall not cancel any of the required insurance coverage, except by permission of the Commission and the Railroad, or after thirty (30) days written notice to the Commission and the Railroad at the addresses shown in subsection 17.10.

18.0 Completion of Work on Railroad's Property. The contractor shall notify Engineer and Railroad's Representative when the contractor has completed its work on Railroad's Property.

19.0 Failure to Comply. If the contractor violates or fails to comply with any of these Railroad Requirements, then the Railroad Engineer may require that the contractor vacate the Railroad's property and the Engineer may withhold all monies due to the contractor until the contractor has remedied the situation to the satisfaction of the Railroad Engineer and the Engineer.

20.0 Payment for Cost of Compliance. The contractor is not entitled to any separate payment for any extra cost it may incur on account of compliance with these Railroad Requirements. The contractor shall include all such costs in the contract unit price for items properly authorized in the contract.

W. Protection Measures for Recharge Areas of Protected Species

1.0 Description. Portions of this project area include designated Ozark cavefish recharge area. To ensure the protection of these endangered species, as well as other sensitive species that

may be present in these areas, the following restrictions should be applied for work taking place within the recharge areas.

2.0 Restrictions. Personnel shall take the following precautions when working within the designated recharge area to eliminate/minimize the potential for contamination of the groundwater system.

2.1 Debris Control. Construction debris, as well as petroleum products, paint, other chemicals, will be prevented from entering the water or otherwise contaminating the streamside environment. Reports of any accidental releases of petroleum products, or other contaminants that could harm fish and other aquatic life, will be reported immediately to the MoDOT Environmental Section.

2.1.1 Bridges. For work on bridges over waterways, personnel shall take precautions to prevent construction materials/debris from falling into the waterway beneath these structures. Personnel shall plug all bridge drains and implement any other measures necessary to prevent any construction materials/debris or overspray/liquid from getting into the waterways. Silt fence, or other treatment as specified by the engineer, shall be placed at all four bridge corners to prevent any construction materials/debris from washing off the roadway or the bridge and flowing down the bank into the waterway.

2.2 Spill Prevention. The contractor shall not refuel, conduct material transfers, or perform maintenance on equipment while the equipment is located within or over any visible stream channels (wet or dry) or sinkholes. Equipment shall not be parked in these areas. Use best management practices while fueling and maintaining equipment to prevent spills and to catch any material that is accidentally spilled.

2.3 Spill Containment. A spill is defined as fuel, lubricants, paints, solvents, etc. reaching the ground where the fluid could be absorbed into the ground or run-off into an absorbent ground area. Initial reporting of any spill shall be made to MoDOT Environmental Section. See below the "Hazardous Waste and Endangered Species Contacts" for the list of contacts and phone numbers. All empty containers of lubricants, fuels, and solvents shall be properly disposed.

2.4 Erosion Control. Erosion control measures shall be implemented in order to reduce suspended solids, turbidity and downstream sedimentation that may enter the ecosystem of any cave, surface water, or ground water sink.

2.5 Weather Requirements. To eliminate/minimize the potential for contamination of the groundwater system, no operations shall be performed within designated recharge areas if it is raining or if the National Weather Service forecast is predicting any form of precipitation within ten (10) hours after the proposed completion time of the operation.

2.5.1 Temperature Requirements. Section 620 of the Engineering Policy Guide also provides minimum temperature requirements for pavement marking applications, insuring effective application of various pavement marking materials.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above special provisions except as specified elsewhere in the contract document.

X. Sensitive Streams or Waterbodies Near Project Area

1.0 Description. The project crosses, or is in the vicinity of, a sensitive stream or watershed. Waterbodies within and near the project area may serve as habitat for federal and state listed sensitive species. To avoid any negative impacts to these species and their habitats, water quality shall be protected from construction impacts.

1.1 The contractor shall prevent any debris and materials from construction activities from entering streams and other waterbodies. If debris or materials do enter waterbodies, and if deemed necessary by the engineer or MoDOT's environmental personnel, it shall be removed as directed by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any expense incurred by the contractor by reason of compliance with the specific requirements of the provision, including any delay, inconvenience, or extra work except for those items for which payment is included in the contract.

Y. Restrictions for Migratory Birds

1.0 Description. Swallows or other bird species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act may be nesting under the bridge or bridges that will be repaired under this contract.

2.0 Restrictions. To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, nests of protected species cannot be disturbed when active (eggs or young are present). Generally, nests are active between April 1 and July 31, but active nests can be present outside of these dates.

3.0 Avoidance Measures. The contractor shall not disturb active nests or destroy adults, eggs or young birds. In an effort to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the contractor operations will be limited to the options established in the following sections.

3.1 Inactive or Partially Constructed Nests. If nests are present and MoDOT determines that the nests are inactive or partially constructed, the contractor may remove the nests provided that the colony's inactive or partially constructed nests are completely removed by March 15 and the contractor maintains a nest free condition until the bridge work is complete. Dry removal methods shall be used when practicable. If dry removal is not practicable, hydro cleaning may be used if approved by the Engineer and only if water is free of blasting grit, chemicals, or detergents, and applied using pressure less than 5,000 PSI. Clean water such as that from municipal water treatment plants or wells shall be used. Use of source water from Waters of the State (i.e., streams or lakes), is allowable, if the appropriate methods to prevent the possible spread of invasive aquatic species are implemented.

3.2 Water and Equipment Used for Hydro cleaning. Aquatic invasives such as zebra mussels and some algae species have infested several bodies of water in the United States and can be transported by vessels (barges, boats, tugs, tankers, etc.) and equipment (tanks, tubing, pumps, etc.) that have been used in areas that contain these invasive species. If equipment is not properly inspected and treated to prevent the spread of invasives, these species can be introduced into areas not currently known to have a population. These invasive species are detrimental to existing ecosystems and can outcompete native species. To assist in preventing

the introduction and spread of aquatic invasive species through MoDOT projects in Missouri streams and lakes, the following precautions shall be followed.

3.2.1 Use of Water from Streams, Lakes or Ponds. Contractors shall not use water for nest removal from streams, lakes or ponds, unless they have implemented appropriate methods to prevent the possible spread of invasive aquatic species. Water sources from municipal water treatment plants or wells may be used without following these measures provided the equipment to be used has not previously contained waters from streams, lakes or ponds. If the equipment has previously contained waters from other streams or lakes, the following measures must be implemented prior to use.

3.2.1.1 Equipment Washing. Prior to the use or re-use of equipment following any use with water from streams, lakes or ponds, all equipment shall be washed and rinsed thoroughly with hard spray (power wash) and hot (minimum 120° F) water, for at least one minute.

3.2.1.2 Equipment Treating or Drying. Equipment shall be treated or dried in one of the following manners.

3.2.1.2.1 Equipment interior and/or other surfaces shall be treated with a 10% bleach solution to kill any aquatic nuisance species. This solution must also be run through all intake lines and hoses, to sterilize interior components. When chlorine treatment is used, all chlorine runoff from equipment washing must be collected and properly treated and/or disposed of in accordance with Sec 806.

3.2.1.2.2 Equipment interior and/or other surfaces shall be treated with 140° F water for a minimum of 10 seconds contact on all surfaces. 140 ° F water must also be run through all intake lines and hoses, to purge any standing water.

3.2.1.2.3 Equipment shall be flushed of all non-municipal water, and dried thoroughly, in the sun before using in or transporting between streams and lakes. Dry times will depend on the season the equipment is being used. Equipment must dry a minimum of 7 days for June-September, 18 days for March-May; 18 days for October-November, and 30 days for December-February. The drying method should be reserved as a last resort option.

3.2.2 Prior to use of equipment, contractors shall provide the MoDOT inspector written documentation of the equipment's geographic origin (including the water body it was last used in), as well as defining the specified treatment method used to adequately ensure protection against invasive species. The written documentation will include a statement indicating the contractor is aware of these provisions and will also treat the equipment appropriately after completion of the project.

3.3 Active Nests. The contractor may work on the bridge if active nests are present, as long as the work does not impact or disturb the birds and/or nests. At a minimum, work shall not be performed within 10 feet of an active nest; however, the contractor is responsible for ensuring their activities do not impact the nests, eggs, or young.

4.0 Additional Responsibilities. If active bird nests remain after all reasonable avoidance measures have been taken, or if bird nests are observed during project construction, the contractor shall notify the Resident Engineer and contact the MoDOT Environmental Section (573-526-4778) to determine if there are other allowable options.

Z. Water Quality Control Measures in Consideration of Sensitive Species

1.0 Description. Spring River contains habitat for sensitive species, some of which are federally listed as threatened or endangered.

2.0 Restrictions. To avoid any negative impacts to these species and their habitat, water quality shall be protected from construction and maintenance impacts.

2.1 Erosion and sediment controls must be utilized to ensure no runoff or material enters streams and other water bodies from incidental roadway construction.

2.2 Slurry from boring activities must be contained in sediment ponds and filtered to remove fine sediment and heavy metals before being released to the environment. Slurry can be captured, and land applied in an upland area that will not run off into the protected stream.

2.3 Material, water or residue shall not be allowed to enter the stream or floodplain. This shall include, but is not limited to, grading, hydro-blasting, cold milling, sandblasting, scraping, paving, or over-coating.

2.4 Vehicles or equipment around the stream shall be inspected daily, prior to use, for leaks or other potential water quality hazards. Any leaks or other water quality hazards on equipment shall be repaired and cleaned prior to use around the stream.

2.5 When possible, the use of equipment should be restricted to existing gravel bars or work pads placed so that habitat and/or mussel beds are not impacted.

2.6 No staging, storage, or refueling of equipment shall be allowed within 300 feet of bridges.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the Contractor to recover the cost of labor, materials, or equipment required to comply with the above requirements.

AA. Karst Streams Near Project Area

1.0 Description. The project crosses, or is in the vicinity of, a losing stream that feeds groundwater. To avoid negative impacts to water quality and any sensitive species present in the watershed, water quality shall be protected from construction impacts.

1.1 The contractor shall prevent any debris and materials from construction activities from entering streams and other waterbodies, even if they are devoid of water. If debris or materials do enter waterbodies, and if deemed necessary by the engineer or MoDOT's environmental personnel, it shall be removed as directed by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any expense incurred by the contractor by reason of compliance with the specific requirements of the provision, including any delay, inconvenience, or extra work except for those items for which payment is included in the contract.

BB. Priority Water Notification

1.0 Description. The project crosses a designated Priority Water. Waterbodies within and near the project area may serve as habitat for federal and state listed sensitive species. To avoid any negative impacts to these species and their habitats, water quality shall be protected from construction impacts.

1.1 The contractor shall prevent any debris and materials from construction activities from entering streams and other waterbodies. If debris or materials do enter waterbodies, and if deemed necessary by the engineer or MoDOT's environmental personnel, it shall be removed as directed by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for any expense incurred by the contractor by reason of compliance with the specific requirements of the provision, including any delay, inconvenience, or extra work except for those items for which payment is included in the contract.

CC. Slurry and Residue Produced During Surface Treatment of PCCP and Bridge Decks JSP-06-05A

1.1 Description. This work covers the requirements for controlling residue or slurry produced by milling, grinding, planing, grooving, or other methods of surface treatments on new or existing PCCP and bridge decks in addition to Section 622.

2.0 Construction Requirements. The following shall be considered the minimum requirements for performing this work within the project limits.

2.1 The contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval in writing prior to the pre-construction meeting, the best management practices (BMP's) to be used to protect the environment, including the method of disposal of the residue whether on right of way or off-site.

2.2 When slurry is dispersed on the right of way, BMP's shall be installed to keep slurry or residue from entering paved ditches or structures discharging within the areas restricted by Section 622.303.8.6, from entering any waterways, or from leaving the right of way.

2.3 Upon approval of the contractor's BMP and residue disposal plan and prior to the contractor beginning surface treatment operations, the Engineer will identify slurry or residue "no discharge zones".

2.4 Operations may be suspended by the Engineer during periods of rainfall or during freezing temperatures.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment for slurry or residue control requirements for BMP's will be made. Compliance with this specification along with the cost of all materials, labor, and equipment necessary for the surface treatment work shall be included in and completely covered by the unit price bid for each of the items of work for surface treatment included in contract.

DD. Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Marking – Hairpin Curve Arrow

1.0 Description. This item of work includes installing a preformed thermoplastic hairpin curve arrow pavement marking at the location shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Construction Requirements. The hairpin curve arrow pavement marking shall be a white, durable pavement marking installed in accordance with Sec 620.20. The dimensions of the installed hairpin curve arrow shall match the dimensions of the existing hairpin curve arrow. The engineer shall approve the dimensions prior to installation.

3.0 Method of Measurement. Preformed thermoplastic hairpin curve arrow pavement markings will be measured per each.

4.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of preformed thermoplastic hairpin curve arrow pavement markings shall be paid for at the contract unit price for item 620-99.02, Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Marking, Hairpin Curve Arrow, per each. Payment shall be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals required to complete this work. No direct payment shall be made for glass beads and grooving.

EE. Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) for Stationary Activities

1.0 Description. Provide and maintain Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA) in accordance with Sec 612 and as specified herein.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA) shall be used for the work activities indicated in the plans or specified herein.

2.1 Full Depth Pavement Replacement at Bridge Ends – A Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) shall be used at all exposed bridge barrier ends where the guardrail has been removed to facilitate the replacement of the concrete approach pavement and full depth pavement.

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made for Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA).

4.0 Basis of Payment. Delete Sec 612.5.1 and substitute with the following:

612.5.1 No payment will be made for truck mounted attenuators (TMAs) used in mobile operations or for any TMAs designated as optional.

612.5.1.1 Payment for TMAs required for stationary work activities will be paid for at the contract unit bid price for Item 612-30.01, Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA), per lump sum. The lump sum payment includes all work activities that require a TMA, regardless of the number of deployments, relocations, or length of time utilized. No payment will be made for repair or replacement of damaged TMAs.