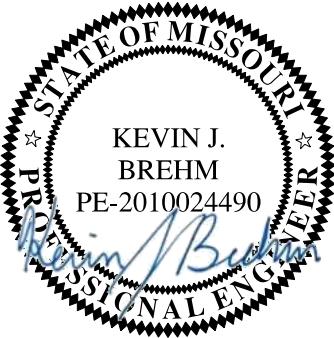


TABLE OF CONTENTS

- A. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
- B. RAPID SET CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL – HORIZONTAL REPAIRS
- C. RAPID SET CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL – VERTICAL AND OVERHEAD REPAIRS
- D. DIAMOND GRINDING
- E. SEGMENTAL EXPANSION JOINT SYSTEM

	<p>MISSOURI HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION 105 W. CAPITOL AVE. JEFFERSON CITY, MO 65101 Phone (888) 275-6636</p>
<p>HR GREEN, INC. 520 Maryville Centre Dr., Suite 100 St. Louis, MO 63141 Certificate of Authority # 2002006608 Consultant Phone # (636) 519-0990</p>	
<p>If a seal is present on this sheet, JSP's has been electronically sealed and dated.</p>	
<p>JOB NO. JCD0089 Phelps County, MO Date Prepared: 10/21/2025</p>	
<p>Only the following items of the Job Special Provisions (Bridge) are authenticated by this seal: All</p>	

A. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1.0 Description. This provision contains general construction requirements for this project.

2.0 Construction Requirements. The plans and the asbestos and lead inspection report(s) for the existing structure(s) are included in the contract in the bridge electronic deliverables zip file for informational purposes only.

2.1 In order to assure the least traffic interference, the work shall be scheduled so that a lane closure is for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. A lane shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

2.2 Bridge work by contractor forces, including erection, rehabilitation or demolition, shall not be allowed over traffic unless a bridge platform protection system is installed below the work area except for work performed above a deck that is intact. A deck will be considered intact if the amount of full depth repair is less than 20% of the total deck area. The protection system shall be capable of catching all falling objects such as tools, overhang brackets or materials. Lifting of objects that are heavier than the capacity of the bridge protection system shall not be permitted.

2.3 Qualified special mortar shall be a qualified rapid set concrete patching material in accordance with [Sec 704](#). A qualified rapid set concrete patching material will not be permitted for half-sole repair, deck repair with void tube replacement, full depth repair, modified deck repair and substructure repair (formed) unless a note on the bridge plans specifies that a qualified special mortar may be used.

2.4 Provisions shall be made to prevent any debris and material from falling onto the roadway and railway. If determined necessary by the engineer, any debris and material that falls below the bridge outside the previously specified limits shall be removed as approved by the engineer at the contractor's expense. Traffic under the bridge shall be maintained in accordance with the contract documents.

2.5 Any damage sustained to the remaining structure as a result of the contractor's operations shall be repaired or the material replaced as approved by the engineer at the contractor's expense.

2.6 Provisions shall be made to prevent damage to any existing utilities. Any damage sustained to the utilities as a result of the contractor's operations shall be the responsibility of the contractor. All costs of repair and disruption of service shall be as determined by the utility owners and as approved by the engineer.

2.7 A washer shall be required under head and nut when any reaming is performed for bolt installation.

2.8 SSPC-SP2 and SSPC-SP3 surface preparation shall be in accordance with the environmental regulations in [Sec 1081](#), and collection of residue shall be in accordance with [Sec 1081](#) for collection of blast residue. SSPC-SP6, SSPC-SP10 and SSPC-SP11 surface preparation shall be in accordance with the approved blast media and environmental regulations in [Sec 1081](#), and collection of blast residue shall be in accordance with [Sec 1081](#).

3.0 Coating Information.

3.1 Existing Bridge Information. The informational plans may be used by bidders in determining the amount of steel to be cleaned and recoated or overcoated with the full understanding that the State accepts no responsibility for accuracy of the estimated tons of existing steel shown in the table below. The bidder's acceptance and use of the estimate shown below shall be no cause for claim for any final adjustment in the contract unit price for the work involved in repainting. Each bidder is expected to carefully examine the structure(s), investigate the condition of existing paint and prepare an estimate of quantities involved before submitting a bid. Surface preparation and application of field coatings to the structural steel shall be based on the contract plan quantities. No final measurements will be made.

Bridge No.	Estimated Tons			Existing Paint System	Lead Based?		
	Coating System		Total				
	System G Recoat	System G Overcoat					
A3080	29	0	228	S over C	No		

3.2 Environmental Contact. Environmental Section may be contacted at the below address or phone number. The Missouri Department of Health may be contacted at (573) 751-6102.

MoDOT - Design Division - Environmental Section
 P.O. Box 270
 105 W. Capitol Ave., Jefferson City, MO 65102
 Telephone: (573) 526-4778

3.3 Approved Smelter and Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facility. The following is the approved smelter and hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility:

Doe Run Company - Resource Recycling Division - Buick Facility
 Highway KK
 Boss, MO 65440
 Telephone: (573) 626-4813

4.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made.

5.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for the above described work will be considered completely covered by the contract unit price for other items included in the contract.

B. RAPID SET CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL – HORIZONTAL REPAIRS

1.0 Description. This specification covers cementitious concrete, polymer-modified concrete and polymer concrete that are suitable for repairing concrete surfaces on bridges or roadways, particularly under fast setting or special conditions. The repairs would involve horizontal applications. The work shall consist of removing, furnishing, preparing, and placing materials at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Material. All materials shall be in accordance with MoDOT specifications and as noted herein.

2.1 Aggregate For Extending Commercial Mixture. Coarse and fine aggregates shall be in accordance with [Sec 1005](#), except the requirements for gradation and percent passing the No. 200 sieve shall not apply. Coarse aggregate meeting Gradation E requirements shall be used for repairs greater than one inch (25 mm) in depth. Fine aggregate will be allowed for repairs less than one inch (25 mm). Aggregate specified, bagged, labeled and furnished by the rapid set concrete patching material manufacturer may also be used for mortar extension.

2.2 Material Applications. The contractor shall select and use the product most suitable for the work and field conditions in accordance with these specifications.

2.3 Curing. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be cured until the minimum compressive strength 3200 psi is attained using standard curing specifications, unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer.

2.4 Qualification and Project Acceptance.

2.4.1 Inspection. All materials shall be subject to inspection and sampling by MoDOT at the source of manufacture, intermediate shipping terminal or destination. MoDOT will be allowed free access to all facilities and records as required to conduct inspection and sampling.

2.4.2 Qualification. Prior to use, rapid set concrete patching material shall be qualified. In order to become qualified, a material shall have completed testing through AASHTO's National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP). The manufacturer shall contact the AASHTO/NTPEP coordinator to obtain the testing location for the rapid setting concrete patching material.

2.4.2.1 Requested Information. The manufacturer shall submit with samples of the materials, a written request to Construction and Materials with the following information:

- (a) Brand name of the product.
- (b) Certification that the material meets this specification.
- (c) NTPEP test results showing compliance with this special provision.
- (d) Specific mixing, handling and curing instructions.
- (e) Application type (i.e., bridge or roadway).

2.4.2.2 Qualified List. Upon approval by the engineer, the brand name and manufacturer will be placed on a qualified list of rapid set concrete patching materials. The listing of qualified materials is available from Construction and Materials or on MoDOT's web site. New certified test results and samples shall be submitted any time the manufacturing process or the material formulation is changed. The material will be subject to removal from the qualified list if there is evidence of unsatisfactory performance or a change in manufacturing process or formulation, or when random sampling and testing of material offered for use indicates nonconformity with any of the requirements herein specified.

2.4.3 Provisional Approval. Provisional approval may be granted provided the following requirements have been met:

- (a) New Products Evaluation Form

- (b) Certified test results from an independent laboratory showing compliance with this special provision.
- (c) Documentation prepared by MoDOT covering two years of field performance on MoDOT's system. MoDOT will need to approve the location of the test site. Documentation will contain the placement date, field observations (semi annual), description of field performance and photographs of in-place material.
- (d) During placement the manufacturer's representative shall be present on the project to provide technical expertise.

2.4.3.1 Disqualification. If during the two year observation period the repair area(s) fails provisional approval will not be granted. Repair area(s) experiencing any cracking, debonding or spalling will be considered a failure.

2.4.3.2 Length of Provisional Approval. Provisional approval will be granted for three years or until NTPEP testing is completed.

2.5 Certification. The contractor shall supply a manufacturer's certification to the engineer for each lot of material furnished. The certification shall include the name of the manufacturer, a manufacturer certification statement that the material supplied is the same as that qualified and listing the date of qualification.

2.6 Acceptance. Acceptance of the material will be based on the use of a qualified or provisionally approved material, the manufacturer's certification that the material supplied is the same as that approved and upon the results of such tests as may be performed by the engineer.

3.0 Mixture. Unless otherwise specified, rapid set concrete patching material shall be approved commercial mixtures meeting [Sections 3.1 – 3.1.3](#) or deck repair cementitious mortar meeting [Section 3.2](#). Rapid set concrete patching materials shall be specifically designed for the application needed.

3.1 Commercial Mixtures. Rapid set concrete patching material in its sacked form and mixtures when properly prepared in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, shall meet the minimum test requirements given in Table 1. Mixtures may be supplied, as required, as a patching mortar or as a patching mortar with aggregate extension. If the material is to be supplied with extender aggregate, this shall also pass the required tests in Table 1 using the maximum allowed amount of extender aggregate.

3.1.1 Mixture Requirements. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be single packaged dry mix requiring the addition of water or other liquid component just prior to mixing. The material shall be capable of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch (13 mm) to full depth repair and require no bonding agent. The material shall not contain soluble chlorides as an ingredient of manufacture. The material shall be placed in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Table 1
(English Unit)

Physical Test Property	Specification	Requirement for cementitious concrete	Requirement for polymer-modified concrete	Requirement for polymer concrete
Bond Strength by Slant Shear ¹	ASTM C882/C928 ³	min. 1000 psi @ 24hrs. & min. 1500 psi @ 7 days	n/a	min. 1000 psi @ 24hrs. & min. 1500 psi @ 7 days
Linear Coefficient of Thermal Expansion ^{1, 2} (for bagged mortar only, without extension aggregate)	ASTM C531	n/a	n/a	4 – 8 X 10-6 in/in/deg F
Resistance to Rapid Freezing & Thawing ¹	AASHTO T161 or ASTM C666	80% min. using Procedure B ⁵ (300 Cycles)	80% min. using Procedure B ⁵ (300 Cycles)	n/a
Compressive Strength ¹	AASHTO T22 or ASTM C39	3200 psi @ 3 hr & 4000 psi @ 7 days	3200 psi @ 3 hr & 4000 psi @ 7 days	n/a
Rapid Chloride Permeability ¹	AASHTO T277 or ASTM C1202	<u>Bridge Decks</u> 1000 coulombs @ 28 days <u>Roadway</u> 2000 coulombs @ 28 days	<u>Bridge Deck</u> 1000 coulombs @ 28 days <u>Roadway</u> 2000 coulombs @ 28 days	<u>Bridge Deck</u> 1000 coulombs @ 28 days <u>Roadway</u> 2000 coulombs @ 28 days
Length Change ^{1, 4}	AASHTO T 160 or ASTM C157	In water Storage (+0.15) In air storage (-0.15)	In water storage (+0.15) In air storage (-0.15)	n/a
Color		gray	gray	gray

¹The commercial mix test values can be located in the AASHTO's National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP) reports for Laboratory Evaluations of Rapid Set Concrete Patching Materials. Data for provisionally approved materials is located at the Construction and Materials Division.

²Not required for extended mixtures if the mortar passes this requirement.

³ ASTM C882 shall be performed on non-water based materials. ASTM C928 shall be performed on water-based materials.

⁴ As modified by ASTM C928.

⁵ Procedure A may be used in lieu of Procedure B

3.1.2 Construction Requirements. The manufacturer shall provide with the bagged mixture, specifications for the mixing procedure, amount and kind of liquid to be added, and the amount of aggregate extension allowed, if any. All mixing, handling and curing practices recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed and will be considered a part of these specifications.

3.1.3 Removal from Qualified List. All mixtures shall be approved before use. Reoccurring failures of any mixture for any reason will be cause for removal from the qualified list.

3.2 Deck Repair Concrete. A qualified rapid set concrete patching material indicated for horizontal use and intended for patching concrete bridge decks may be used when specified on the plans and as approved by the engineer. If this option is selected, the contractor shall provide a trial mix to determine the total cure time needed to achieve a compressive strength of 3200 psi (22 MPa). Compressive specimens shall be prepared in accordance with current MoDOT test methods and cured to simulate actual field conditions. Testing of compressive specimens shall be performed by methods and at facilities acceptable to the engineer. The repaired deck shall not be opened to traffic until at least 4 hours after the last placement of deck repair concrete, the established cure time has elapsed and until such concrete has achieved a compressive strength of 3200 psi (22 MPa). A new trial mix may be required if the engineer determines the field conditions vary substantially from trial mix conditions. The engineer will make field cylinders to verify the 3200 psi (22 MPa) minimum strength.

4.0 Construction Requirements.

4.1 Mixing. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be mixed and finished according to the manufacturer's recommendation.

4.2 Preparation of Repair Area. Deteriorated, damaged or defective concrete as shown on the plans, required by the specifications or as directed by the engineer, shall be removed. All exposed reinforcement shall be thoroughly cleaned as shown on the plans, required by the specifications or as directed by the engineer. Unless otherwise specified by the commercial mixture manufacturer, the existing surface shall be damp and all free water shall be removed prior to placement of the required material.

4.3 Bonding Agent. A bonding agent may be used if recommended by the rapid set concrete patching material manufacturer.

5.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made for rapid set concrete patching material.

6.0 Basis of Payment. Rapid set concrete patching material will be paid for at the contract unit price for other items and will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment and material to complete the described work.

C. RAPID SET CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL – VERTICAL AND OVERHEAD REPAIRS

1.0 Description. This specification covers cementitious concrete, polymer-modified concrete and polymer concrete that are suitable for repairing concrete surfaces on bridges or concrete structures, particularly under fast setting or special conditions. The repairs would involve vertical or overhead applications. The work shall consist of removing, furnishing, preparing, and placing materials at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Material. All materials shall be in accordance with MoDOT specifications and as noted herein.

2.1 Aggregate. For Extending Commercial Mixture. Coarse and fine aggregates shall be in accordance with [Sec 1005](#), except the requirements for gradation and percent passing the No. 200 sieve shall not apply. Coarse aggregate meeting Gradation E requirements shall be used for repairs greater than one inch (25 mm) in depth. Fine aggregate will be allowed for repairs less

than one inch (25 mm). Aggregate specified, bagged, labeled and furnished by the rapid set concrete patching material manufacturer may also be used for mortar extension.

2.2 Material Applications. The contractor shall select and use the product most suitable for the work and field conditions in accordance with these specifications.

2.3 Curing. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be cured until the minimum compressive strength 1500 psi is attained using standard curing specifications, unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer.

2.4 Qualification and Project Acceptance.

2.4.1 Inspection. All materials shall be subject to inspection and sampling by MoDOT at the source of manufacture, intermediate shipping terminal or destination. MoDOT will be allowed free access to all facilities and records as required to conduct inspection and sampling.

2.4.2 Qualification. Prior to use, rapid set concrete patching materials need to be qualified.

2.4.2.1 Requested Information. The manufacturer shall submit with samples of the materials, a written request to Construction and Materials with the following information:

- (a) New Products Evaluation Form
- (b) Brand name of the product.
- (c) Certification that the material meets this specification.
- (d) Certified test results from an independent laboratory showing compliance with this specification.
- (e) Specific preparation instructions of repair area.
- (f) Specific mixing, handling and curing instructions.
- (g) Application type (i.e., vertical or overhead).

2.4.2.2 Field Evaluation. Final approval will be granted when the following requirements are met:

- (e) MoDOT report documenting two years of field performance on MoDOT system. The report will contain the placement date, field observations (semi annual), description of field performance and photographs of in-place material.
- (f) A manufacturer's representative shall be present during placement of the material to provide technical expertise.

2.4.2.2.3 Disqualification. If during the two year observation period the repair area(s) fails the product will not be added to the qualified list.

2.5 Qualified List. The listing of qualified products are available from Construction and Materials or on MoDOT's web site. New certified test results and samples shall be submitted any time the manufacturing process or the material formulation is changed. The material will be subject to

removal from the qualified list if there is evidence of unsatisfactory performance or a change in manufacturing process or formulation, or when random sampling and testing of material offered for use indicates nonconformity with any of the requirements herein specified.

2.6 Certification. The contractor shall supply a manufacturer's certification to the engineer for each lot of material furnished. The certification shall include the name of the manufacturer, a manufacturer certification statement that the material supplied is the same as that qualified and listing the date of qualification.

2.7 Acceptance. Acceptance of the material will be based on the use of a qualified product, the manufacturer's certification that the material supplied is the same as that approved and upon the results of such tests as may be performed by the engineer.

3.0 Mixture. Unless otherwise specified, rapid set concrete patching material shall be approved commercial mixtures meeting [Sections 3.1 – 3.1.3..](#) Rapid set concrete patching materials shall be specifically designed for the application needed.

3.1 Commercial Mixtures. Rapid set concrete patching material in its sacked form and mixtures when properly prepared in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, shall meet the minimum test requirements given in Table 1. Mixtures may be supplied, as required, as a patching mortar or as a patching mortar with aggregate extension. If the material is to be supplied with extender aggregate, this shall also pass the required tests in Table 1 using the maximum allowed amount of extender aggregate.

3.1.1 Mixture Requirements. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be single packaged dry mix requiring the addition of water or other liquid component just prior to mixing. The material shall not contain soluble chlorides as an ingredient of manufacture. The material shall be placed in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Table 1
(English Unit)

Physical Test Property	Specification	Requirement for cementitious concrete	Requirement for polymer-modified concrete	Requirement for polymer concrete
Bond Strength by Slant Shear	ASTM C882/C928 ²	min. 1000 psi @ 24hrs. & min. 1500 psi @ 7 days	n/a	min. 1000 psi @ 24hrs. & min. 1500 psi @ 7 days
Linear Coefficient of Thermal Expansion ¹ (for bagged mortar only, without extension aggregate)	ASTM C531	n/a	n/a	4 – 8 X 10-6 in/in/deg F
Resistance to Rapid Freezing & Thawing	AASHTO T161 or ASTM C666	80% min. using Procedure B ³ (300 Cycles)	80% min. using Procedure B ³ (300 Cycles)	n/a
Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22 or ASTM C39	1500 psi @ 3 hr & 3000 psi @ 24 hr	1500 psi @ 3 hr & 3000 psi @ 24 hr	n/a

Rapid Chloride Permeability	AASHTO T277 or ASTM C1202	1000 coulombs @ 28 days	1000 coulombs @ 28 days	1000 coulombs @ 28 days
Length Change	AASHTO T 160 or ASTM C157	In water Storage (+0.15) In air storage (-0.15)	In water storage (+0.15) In air storage (-0.15)	n/a
Color		gray	gray	gray

¹ Not required for extended mixtures if the mortar passes this requirement.

² ASTM C882 shall be performed on non-water based materials. ASTM C928 shall be performed on water-based materials.

³ Procedure A may be used in lieu of Procedure B

3.1.2 Construction Requirements. The manufacturer shall provide with the bagged mixture, specifications for the mixing procedure, amount and kind of liquid to be added, and the amount of aggregate extension allowed, if any. All mixing, handling and curing practices recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed and will be considered a part of these specifications.

3.1.3 Removal from Qualified List. All mixtures shall be approved before use. Reoccurring failures of any mixture for any reason will be cause for removal from the qualified list.

3.2 Vertical Repair. A qualified rapid set concrete patching material approved for vertical use may be used when specified on the plans and as approved by the engineer. The engineer will make field cylinders to verify the 1500 psi (10 MPa) minimum strength. The material shall adhere to the concrete surface without sagging.

3.3 Overhead Repair. A qualified rapid set concrete patching material approved for overhead use may be used when specified on the plans and as approved by the engineer. The material shall be placeable in layers of at least 1 inch on overhead applications without the use of formwork or anchoring devices. The material shall adhere to the concrete surface without sagging. The engineer will make field cylinders to verify the 1500 psi (10 MPa) minimum strength.

4.0 Construction Requirements.

4.1 Mixing. Rapid set concrete patching material shall be mixed and finished according to the manufacturer's recommendation.

4.2 Preparation of Repair Area. Deteriorated, damaged or defective concrete as shown on the plans, required by the specifications or as directed by the engineer, shall be removed. All exposed reinforcement shall be thoroughly cleaned as shown on the plans, required by the specifications or as directed by the engineer. Unless otherwise specified by the commercial mixture manufacturer, the existing surface shall be damp and all free water shall be removed prior to placement of the required material.

4.3 Bonding Agent. A bonding agent may be used if recommended by the rapid set concrete patching material manufacturer.

5.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made for rapid set concrete patching material.

6.0 Basis of Payment. Rapid set concrete patching material will be paid for at the contract unit price for other items and will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment and material to complete the described work.

D. DIAMOND GRINDING

1.0 Description. This work will only be performed at the discretion of the engineer and will be underrun if not required by the engineer. This work shall consist of grinding the new concrete surface to provide good riding characteristics, a surface texture and proper drainage. If the engineer determines it necessary to provide good riding characteristics, grinding shall be performed on all or part of the bridge approach slabs and sealed in accordance with [Sec 703.3.8](#). The finished surface shall be in accordance with [Sec 703.3.7](#) and as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer except as modified below.

2.0 Equipment. The equipment shall be of a size that will grind a strip at least 3 feet wide using diamond blades and shall not cause spalls at cracks, joints or other locations.

3.0 Construction Requirements. The construction operation shall be scheduled and proceed in a manner that produces a uniform finished surface. Auxiliary or ramp lane grinding shall transition from the edge of the mainline as required to provide drainage and an acceptable riding surface.

3.1 Deck repair, if required, shall be completed prior to any grinding.

3.2 Grinding shall be accomplished in a manner that eliminates joint or crack faults and provides lateral drainage by maintaining a constant cross slope between grinding extremities in each lane. A maximum tolerance of 1/16 inch will be allowed for adjacent sides of joints and cracks, except that under no circumstances shall the grinding depth exceed 1/4 inch from the top of the original surface. When grinding across faulted joints, a minimum of a 20-foot transition onto the approach side slab shall be used.

3.3 The cross slope of the pavement shall be as shown on the plans and shall have no depressions or misalignment of slope greater than 1/4 inch in 12 feet when measured with a 12-foot straightedge placed perpendicular to the centerline. Areas of deviation shall be reground. Straightedge requirements will not apply across longitudinal joints or outside the ground area.

3.4 As soon as practical after grinding, the surface will be straight edged longitudinally, and all variations exceeding 1/8 inch in 10 feet will be plainly marked. Areas of deviation shall be reground.

3.5 Substantially all of the pavement surface shall be textured. Extra depth grinding to eliminate minor depressions in order to provide texturing on 100 percent of the pavement surface will not be required. No unground surface area between passes will be permitted, except as specified otherwise in the contract documents.

3.6 The grinding process shall produce a final pavement surface that is true to grade and uniform in appearance with a longitudinal line-type texture. The line-type texture shall contain parallel longitudinal corrugations that present a narrow ridge corduroy-type appearance. The peaks of the ridges shall be approximately 1/32 inch higher than the bottoms of the grooves. The grooves shall be evenly spaced. There shall be approximately 50-55 grooves per foot, measured perpendicular to the centerline.

3.7 The contractor shall remove and dispose of all residue from the grinding in a manner and at a location to satisfy environmental regulations. The contractor shall have the engineer's approval for the method of spreading and disposal of the residue prior to beginning any grinding operations.

3.8 Solid residue shall be removed from the pavement surface before any residue is blown by traffic action or wind.

3.9 Residue shall not be permitted to encroach on open lanes.

3.10 The residue shall not enter into gutters or closed drainage systems.

3.11 The contractor may disperse residue onto unpaved shoulders, adjacent roadside embankments, or median ditch areas of divided highways where the residue runoff can percolate into the soil, unless specified otherwise in the contract. The spread rate shall not generate surface runoff. If surface runoff occurs at a grinding location, the contractor shall haul the residue to an approved location at the contractor's expense.

3.12 Discharge of any residue runoff shall not flow into adjacent rivers, streams, lakes, ponds or other open bodies of water.

3.13 Residue shall not be spread within 100 feet of any streams, lakes or other open bodies of water, or within 15 feet of a water filled ditch.

3.14 The contractor shall use appropriate equipment and methods so the discharging of the residue does not cause erosion of soil or damage to established vegetation along the roadway. The contractor shall repair and reseed any areas where the discharge of grinding residue causes damage to roadway slopes or vegetated areas at the contractor's expense.

3.15 If the solids concentration of discharged residue at any particular area is determined to be excessive by the engineer, the contractor shall provide equipment and material to flush the areas with water as directed by the engineer, at the contractor's expense.

3.16 The pavement shall be cleaned prior to opening to traffic as directed by the engineer.

4.0 Smoothness Requirements.

4.1 No diamond grinding shall be performed until the pavement has attained a strength sufficient to be opened to all types of traffic. All diamond grinding shall be completed on any section prior to opening that section to other than construction traffic, unless approved by the engineer.

4.2 The engineer will be the sole authority for determining if the driving surface is sufficiently smooth.

4.3 The engineer will evaluate the smoothness of the concrete wearing surface after the concrete has cured and direct the contractor to diamond grind where deemed necessary.

4.4 After initial diamond grinding operations, if any, the engineer will again evaluate the smoothness of the concrete wearing surface and approach slab, repeating as many times as necessary to achieve the desired surface smoothness.

4.5 Any deficiencies in the final surface due to improper contractor operations or equipment shall be corrected by the contractor at the contractor's expense.

4.6 All areas shall be tested with a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with section 3.4 of this job special provision.

5.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement for diamond grinding will be made to the nearest square yard. Measurement will be based upon the area of initial diamond grinding completed as directed by the engineer. Subsequent passes of diamond grinding over a previously ground area will not be measured. No deduction will be made for gaps to avoid striping or raised pavement markers. No additional measurement will be made for diamond grinding bridge approach slabs.

6.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for diamond grinding will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard. Payment for diamond grinding will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, material, and incidentals to complete this work, including hauling and disposal of grinding residue and cleaning the pavement prior to opening to traffic.

E. SEGMENTAL EXPANSION JOINT SYSTEM

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing a bridge deck joint sealing system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the requirements of these special provisions.

2.0 Product. A watertight joint sealing system that can accommodate the structure's movement shall be provided. The joint sealing system shall consist of elastomeric molded neoprene panels that are reinforced with structural steel angles and embedded wear plates. The system shall be cast into the structure by cast-in-place anchors. The elastomeric panels shall be designed to withstand traffic loads. The panel size shall satisfy project requirements including movement and watertightness. All components shall be installed utilizing the manufacturer's recommended sealants for complete installation.

3.0 Component and Materials. The contractor shall furnish a manufacturer's certification that the materials proposed have been pre-tested and shall be in accordance with these special provisions.

3.1 Elastomeric Molded Panels.

3.1.1 The 6-foot elastomeric molded panels (4-foot for SR 13) shall be comprised of a formed steel shape suspended in an elastomeric material. The profile-riding surface shall have embedded wear plates to ensure skid resistance and shall be capable of accommodating traffic loads. Each elastomeric molded panel shall be supplied with integrated bolt hole cavities and tongue and groove end connections.

3.1.2 The elastomer used to mold the panels shall be manufactured of a neoprene compound exhibiting the physical properties listed in the table below:

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT
Hardness, Type A Durometer	ASTM D 2240 modified	45 +/- 5 points
Tensile Elongation	ASTM D 412	1800 psi, min.
Elongation at Break	ASTM D 412	400%, min.
Compression set, 22 hrs at 158°F	ASTM D 395 Method B	20%, max.
Low Temperature at -40°F	ASTM D 746	Not Brittle
Ozone Resistance, 70 hrs at 100°F, 20% strain, 100 pphm	ASTM D 1149 Method B	No Cracks
Oil Deterioration 70 hrs at 212°F, ASTM D 471 after Immersion in ASTM Oil #3		120% volume increase, max.
Requirements shown reflect test results taken immediately following compound mixing. Results may vary and are not indicative of product performance if specimens are skived from finished, molded parts.		

3.2 Wear Plate. Wear plate material utilized for skid-resistant surface shall be from alloy 6061-T6 (ASTM B 221-73).

3.3 Steel Angle. The steel angles embedded in the molded neoprene panels shall be formed from ASTM A36 steel.

3.4 Bolt Cavity Sealant. Bolt hole cavities shall be filled using a two-part polyurethane sealant that meets Federal Specification TT-S-00227E. The contractor shall ensure that the anchor blocks are dry from moisture prior to placement of material.

3.5 Edge Void Sealant. Edge voids shall be filled with a one-part polysulfide base synthetic rubber sealant in accordance with Federal Specification TT-S-00230C Type II Non-Sag. Contractor shall ensure that the edge voids are dry from moisture prior to placement of material.

3.6 Bedding Compound. Edge void sealant shall be applied as a bedding material to the blockout base prior to placement of the elastomeric gland. Material shall be a one-part polysulfide base synthetic rubber sealant in accordance with Federal Specification TT-S-00230C Type II Non-Sag. Contractor shall ensure that the blockouts are dry from moisture prior to placement of material.

4.0 Construction Requirements.

4.1 The contractor shall submit product information and necessary shop drawings in accordance with Sec 1080 after the award of the contract. At the discretion of the engineer, the manufacturer may be required to furnish a representative sample of material to be supplied in accordance with the project specifications.

4.2 The device shall be accurately set and securely supported at the correct grade and elevation and the correct joint opening as shown on the plans and on the shop drawings.

4.3 The manufacturer's instructions for the proper installation of the joint system shall be entered on the shop drawings. Shop drawings which lack manufacturer installation instruction may be returned without approval.

4.4 Installation and Certification. The contractor shall obtain the services of a qualified technical representative, approved by the manufacturer of the expansion joint system and acceptable to the engineer, to assist during the installation. The installation shall not occur without the technical representative being present. The technical representative shall provide certification that the joint system delivered and the installation are in accordance with the plans and project specifications.

5.0 Method of Measurement. Final measurement will not be made except for authorized changes during construction or where significant errors are found in the contract quantity. Where required, the expansion joint will be measured to the nearest linear foot based on measurement from roadway face of barrier to roadway face of barrier along the centerline of the joint. The revision or correction will be computed and added to or deducted from the contract quantity. No measurement will be made of portions of the joint that extend past or up the roadway face of barriers.

6.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of segmental expansion joint system, including all material, coating, equipment, labor, fabrication, installation, technical assistance, certification, and any other incidental work necessary to complete this work, will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for Segmental Expansion Joint System.