

Job No.: JSR0270

Route: 65

County: TANEY

JOB SPECIAL PROVISIONS TABLE OF CONTENTS (ROADWAY)

(Job Special Provisions shall prevail over General Special Provisions whenever in conflict therewith.)

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	MISSOURI HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
	If a seal is present on this sheet, JSP's have been electronically sealed and dated.
	JOB NUMBER: JSR0270 TANEY, MO DATE PREPARED: July 1, 2026
	ADDENDUM DATE:

Only the following items of the Job Special Provisions (Roadway) are authenticated by this seal: All

JOB
SPECIAL PROVISION

A. General – Federal JSP-09-02M

1.0 Description. The Federal Government is participating in the cost of construction of this project. All applicable Federal laws, and the regulations made pursuant to such laws, shall be observed by the contractor, and the work will be subject to the inspection of the appropriate Federal Agency in the same manner as provided in Sec 105.10 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction with all revisions applicable to this bid and contract.

1.1 This contract requires payment of the prevailing hourly rate of wages for each craft or type of work required to execute the contract as determined by the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations and requires adherence to a schedule of minimum wages as determined by the United States Department of Labor. For work performed anywhere on this project, the contractor and the contractor's subcontractors shall pay the higher of these two applicable wage rates. State Wage Rates, Information on the Required Federal Aid Provisions, and the current Federal Wage Rates are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT", "Contractor Resources". Effective Wage Rates will be posted 10 days prior to the applicable bid opening. These supplemental bidding documents have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

1.2 The following documents are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT"; "Standards and Specifications". The effective version shall be determined by the letting date of the project.

General Provisions & Supplemental Specifications

Supplemental Plans to July 2026 Missouri Standard Plans
For Highway Construction

These supplemental bidding documents contain all current revisions to the published versions and have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

B. Contract Liquidated Damages JSP- 13-01E

1.0 Description. Liquidated Damages for failure or delay in completing the work on time for this contract shall be in accordance with Sec 108.8. The liquidated damages include separate amounts for road user costs and contract administrative costs incurred by the Commission.

2.0 Period of Performance. Prosecution of work is expected to begin on the date specified below in accordance with Sec 108.2. Regardless of when the work is begun on this contract, all work on all projects shall be completed on or before the date specified below. Completion by this date shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sec 108.7.1.

Notice to Proceed: December 21, 2026
Contract Completion Date: November 1, 2027

2.1 Calendar Days. Completion of the project is required as specified herein. The count of calendar days will begin on the date the contractor starts any construction operations on the project.

Project	Calendar Days	Daily Road User Cost
JSR0270	332	\$7,600

3.0 Liquidated Damages for Contract Administrative Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged contract administrative liquidated damages in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount of **\$2000** per calendar day for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. For projects in combination, these damages will be charged in full for failure to complete one or more projects within the specified contract completion date or calendar days.

4.0 Liquidated Damages for Road User Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged road user costs in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount specified in Section 2.1 for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. These damages are in addition to the contract administrative damages and any other damages as specified elsewhere in this contract.

C. Work Zone Traffic Management JSP-02-06N

1.0 Description. Work zone traffic management shall be in accordance with applicable portions of Division 100 and Division 600 of the Standard Specifications, and specifically as follows.

1.1 Maintaining Work Zones and Work Zone Reviews. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall maintain work zones in accordance with Sec 616.3.3 and as further stated herein. The WZS shall coordinate and implement any changes approved by the engineer. The WZS shall ensure all traffic control devices are maintained in accordance with Sec 616, the work zone is operated within the hours specified by the engineer, and will not deviate from the specified hours without prior approval of the engineer. The WZS is responsible to manage work zone delay in accordance with these project provisions. When requested by the engineer, the WZS shall submit a weekly report that includes a review of work zone operations for the week. The report shall identify any problems encountered and corrective actions taken. Work zones are subject to unannounced inspections by the engineer and other departmental staff to corroborate the validity of the WZS's review and may require immediate corrective measures and/or additional work zone monitoring.

1.2 Work Zone Deficiencies. Failure to make corrections on time may result in the engineer suspending work. The suspension will be non-excusable and non-compensable regardless if road user costs are being charged for closures.

2.0 Traffic Management Schedule.

2.1 Traffic management schedules shall be submitted to the engineer for review prior to the start of work and prior to any revisions to the traffic management schedule. The traffic management schedule shall include the proposed traffic control measures, the hours traffic control will be in place, and work hours.

2.2 The traffic management schedule shall conform to the limitations specified in Sec 616 regarding lane closures, traffic shifts, road closures and other width, height and weight restrictions.

2.3 The engineer shall be notified as soon as practical of any postponement due to weather, material or other circumstances.

2.4 In order to ensure minimal traffic interference, the contractor shall schedule lane closures for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. Lanes shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

2.5 Traffic Congestion. The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of **15 minutes** to prevent congestion from escalating beyond this delay threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues equal to or greater than the delay time threshold listed above, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable. When a Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet is provided, the contractor will find it in the electronic deliverables on MoDOT's Online Plans Room. The contractor may refer to the Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet for detailed information on traffic delays.

2.5.1 Traffic Safety.

2.5.1.1 Recurring Congestion. Where traffic queues routinely extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway, the contractor shall extend the advance warning area, as approved by the engineer.

2.5.1.2 Non-Recurring Congestion. When traffic queues extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway infrequently, the contractor shall deploy a means of providing advance warning of the traffic congestion, as approved by the engineer. The warning location shall be no less than 1000 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on divided highways and no less than 500 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on undivided highways.

2.6 Traffic Management Center (TMC) Coordination. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) or their designee shall contact by phone the MoDOT Traffic Management Center (KC Scout TMC at #816-347-2250 or Gateway Guide TMC at #314-275-1513) within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure beginning and within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure being removed. The WZS shall make this phone call 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year since the MoDOT Traffic Management Centers are always staffed.

3.0 Work Hour Restrictions.

3.1 Except for emergency work, as determined by the engineer, and long term lane closures required by project phasing, all lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during the five major holiday periods shown below, from 12:00 noon on the last working day preceding the holiday until 6:00 a.m. on the first working day subsequent to the holiday unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Memorial Day
Labor Day
Thanksgiving
Christmas
New Year's Day

3.1.1 Independence Day. The lane restrictions specified in Section 3.1 shall also apply to Independence Day, except that the restricted periods shall be as follows:

When Independence Day falls on:	The Holiday is Observed on:	Halt Lane Closures beginning at:	Allow Lane Closures to resume at:
Sunday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Monday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Tuesday	Tuesday	Noon on Monday	6:00 a.m. on Wednesday
Wednesday	Wednesday	Noon on Tuesday	6:00 a.m. on Thursday
Thursday	Thursday	Noon on Wednesday	6:00 a.m. on Friday
Friday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday
Saturday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday

3.2 The contractor shall not perform any construction operation on the roadway, roadbed or active lanes, including the hauling of material within the project limits, during restricted periods, holiday periods or other special events specified in the contract documents.

3.3 The contractor shall be aware that traffic volume data indicates construction operations on the roadbed between the following hours will likely result in traffic queues greater than 15 minutes. Based on this, the contractor's operations will be restricted accordingly unless it can be successfully demonstrated the operations can be performed without a 15 minute queue in traffic. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine if the above work hours may be modified. Working hours for evenings, weekends and holidays will be determined by the engineer. The contractor may not work during the following listed hours:

Route 65 Southbound:

6:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday

Route 65 Northbound:

6:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday

3.4 Any work requiring a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic shall be completed during nighttime hours. Nighttime hours shall be considered to be 8:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. for this project.

3.5 The contractor shall not alter the start time, ending time, or a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic or ramp closures without advance notification and approval by the engineer. The only work zone operation approved to begin 30 minutes prior to a reduction in through traffic lanes or ramp closures is the installation of traffic control signs. Should lane closures be placed or remain in place, prior to the approved starting time or after the approved ending time, the Commission, the traveling public, and state and local police and governmental authorities will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, increased construction administration cost, potential liability, traffic and traffic flow regulation cost, traffic congestion and motorist delays, with a resulting cost to the traveling public. These damages are not easily computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of **\$750 per 15 minute increment** for each 15 minutes that the temporary lane closures are in place and not open to traffic in excess of the limitation as specified elsewhere in this special provision. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine the quantity of unapproved closure time.

3.5.1 The said liquidated damages specified will be assessed regardless if it would otherwise be charged as liquidated damages under the Missouri Standard Specification for Highway Construction, as amended elsewhere in this contract.

4.0 Detours and Lane Closures.

4.1 When a changeable message sign (CMS) is provided, the contractor shall use the CMS to notify motorists of future traffic disruption and possible traffic delays one week before traffic is shifted to a detour or prior to lane closures. The CMS shall be installed at a location as approved or directed by the engineer. If a CMS with Communication Interface is required, then the CMS shall be capable of communication prior to installation on right of way. All messages planned for use in the work zone shall be approved and authorized by the engineer or its designee prior to deployment. When permanent dynamic message signs (DMS) owned and operated by MoDOT are located near the project, they may also be used to provide warning and information for the work zone. Permanent DMS shall be operated by the TMC, and any messages planned for use on DMS shall be approved and authorized by the TMC at least 72 hours in advance of the work.

4.2 At least one lane of traffic in each direction shall be maintained at all times except for brief intervals of time required when the movement of the contractor's equipment will seriously hinder the safe movement of traffic. Periods during which the contractor will be allowed to interrupt traffic will be designated by the engineer.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials, or time required to fulfill the above provisions, unless specified elsewhere in the contract document. All authorized changes in the traffic control plan shall be provided for as specified in Sec 616.

D. Emergency Provisions and Incident Management JSP-90-11A

1.0 The contractor shall have communication equipment on the construction site or immediate access to other communication systems to request assistance from law enforcement or other emergency agencies for incident management. In case of traffic accidents or the need for law enforcement to direct or restore traffic flow through the job site, the contractor shall notify law enforcement or other emergency agencies immediately as needed. The area engineer's office shall also be notified when the contractor requests emergency assistance.

2.0 In addition to the 911 emergency telephone number for ambulance, fire or law enforcement services, the following agencies may also be notified for accident or emergency situation within the project limits.

Missouri Highway Patrol Troop D: 417-895-6868		
City of Branson	City of Hollister	Taney County
Fire: 417-334-3300	Fire: 417-334-3440	Western Taney Fire: 417-334-3440
Police: 417-334-3300	Police: 417-334-3000	Sheriff: 417-546-7250

Emergency Only Numbers
911
*55 cell phone – Missouri Highway Patrol
417-864-1160 – MoDOT Incident Management Coordinator

2.1 This list is not all inclusive. Notification of the need for wrecker or tow truck services will remain the responsibility of the appropriate law enforcement agency.

2.2 The contractor shall notify law enforcement and emergency agencies before the start of construction to request their cooperation and to provide coordination of services when emergencies arise during the construction at the project site. When the contractor completes this notification with law enforcement and emergency agencies, a report shall be furnished to the engineer on the status of incident management.

3.0 No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of the communication equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

E. Project Contact for Contractor/Bidder Questions JSP-96-05A

1.0 All questions concerning this project during the bidding process shall be forwarded to the project contact listed below.

Ray Cook, Project Contact
Southwest District
3025 E Kearney St,
Springfield, MO 65803

Telephone Number: 417-895-7644
Email: Darrell.Cook@modot.mo.gov

1.1 All questions concerning the bid document preparation can be directed to the Central Office – Design as listed below.

Telephone Number: (573) 751-2876
Email: BCS@modot.mo.gov

2.0 Upon award and execution of the contract, the successful bidder/contractor shall forward all questions and coordinate the work with the engineer listed below:

Jason Evenden, Resident Engineer
Southwest District
251 SE Outer Rd,
Branson, MO 65616

Telephone Number: 417-408-6686
Email: Jason.Evenden@modot.mo.gov

F. Supplemental Revisions JSP-18-01KK

- Compliance with [2 CFR 200.216 – Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment](#).

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission shall not enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) using federal funds to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as substantial or as critical technology as part of any system where the video surveillance and telecommunications equipment was produced by Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

- Stormwater Compliance Requirements

1.0 Description. This provision requires the contractor to provide a Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for any project that includes land disturbance on the project site and the total area of land disturbance, both on the project site, and all Off-site support areas, is one (1) acre or more. Regardless of the area of Off-site disturbance, if no land disturbance occurs on the project site, these provisions do not apply. When a WPCM is required, all sections within this provision shall be applicable, including assessment of specified Liquidated Damages for failure to correct Stormwater Deficiencies, as specified herein. This provision is in addition to any other stormwater, environmental, and land disturbance requirements specified elsewhere in the contract.

1.1 Definitions. The project site is defined as all areas designated on the plans, including temporary and permanent easements. The project site is equivalent to the “permitted site”, as defined in MoDOT’s State Operating Permit. An Off-site area is defined as any location off the project site the contractor utilizes for a dedicated project support function, such as, but not limited to, staging area, plant site, borrow area, or waste area.

1.2 Reporting of Off-Site Land Disturbance. If the project includes any planned land disturbance on the project site, prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit a written report to the engineer that discloses all Off-site support areas where land disturbance is planned, the total acreage of anticipated land disturbance on those sites, and the land disturbance permit number(s). Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a copy of its land disturbance permit(s) for Off-site locations. Based on the total acreage of land disturbance, both on and Off-site, the engineer shall determine if these Stormwater Compliance Requirements shall apply. The Contractor shall immediately report any changes to the planned area of Off-site land disturbance. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining its own separate land disturbance permit for Off-site areas.

2.0 Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM). The Contractor shall designate a competent person to serve as the Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for projects meeting the description in Section 1.0. The Contractor shall ensure the WPCM completes all duties listed in Section 2.1.

2.1 Duties of the WPCM:

- (a) Be familiar with the stormwater requirements including the current MoDOT State Operating Permit for construction stormwater discharges/land disturbance activities; MoDOT's statewide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); the Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, when applicable; the project specific SWPPP, the Project's Erosion & Sediment Control Plan; all applicable special provisions, specifications, and standard drawings; and this provision;
- (b) Successfully complete the MoDOT Stormwater Training Course within the last 4 years. The MoDOT Stormwater Training is a free online course available at MoDOT.org;
- (c) Attend the Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading and Land Disturbance and all subsequent Weekly Meetings in which grading activities are discussed;
- (d) Oversee and ensure all work is performed in accordance with the Project-specific SWPPP and all updates thereto, or as designated by the engineer;
- (e) Review the project site for compliance with the Project SWPPP, as needed, from the start of any grading operations until final stabilization is achieved, and take necessary actions to correct any known deficiencies to prevent pollution of the waters of the state or adjacent property owners prior to the engineer's weekly inspections;
- (f) Review and acknowledge receipt of each MoDOT Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) for the Project within forty eight (48) hours of receiving the report and ensure that all Stormwater Deficiencies noted on the report are corrected as soon as possible, but no later than stated in Section 5.0.

3.0 Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading/Land Disturbance and Required Hold Point. A Pre-Activity meeting for grading/land disturbance shall be held prior to the start of any land disturbance operations. No land disturbance operations shall commence prior to the Pre-Activity meeting except work necessary to install perimeter controls and entrances. Discussion items at the pre-activity meeting shall include a review of the Project SWPPP, the planned order of grading operations, proposed areas of initial disturbance, identification of all necessary BMPs that shall be installed prior to commencement of grading operations, and any issues relating to compliance with the Stormwater requirements that could arise in the course of construction activity at the project.

3.1 Hold Point. Following the pre-activity meeting for grading/land disturbance and subsequent installation of the initial BMPs identified at the pre-activity meeting, a Hold Point shall occur prior to the start of any land disturbance operations to allow the engineer and WPCM the time needed to perform an on-site review of the installation of the BMPs to ensure compliance with the SWPPP is met. Land disturbance operations shall not begin until authorization is given by the engineer.

4.0 Inspection Reports. Weekly and post run-off inspections will be performed by the engineer and each Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) will be entered into a web-based Stormwater Compliance database. The WPCM will be granted access to this database and shall promptly review all reports, including any noted deficiencies, and shall acknowledge receipt of the report as required in Section 2.1 (f.).

5.0 Stormwater Deficiency Corrections. All stormwater deficiencies identified in the Inspection Report shall be corrected by the contractor within 7 days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer when weather or field conditions prohibit the corrective work. If the contractor does not initiate corrective measures within 5 calendar days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer, all work shall cease on the project except for work to correct these deficiencies, unless otherwise allowed by the engineer. All impact costs related to this halting of work, including, but not limited to stand-by time for equipment, shall be borne by the Contractor. Work shall not resume until the engineer approves the corrective work.

5.1 Liquidated Damages. If the Contractor fails to complete the correction of all Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the MoDOT Inspection Report within the specified time limit, the Commission will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, potential liability, required mitigation, environmental clean-up, fines, and penalties. These damages are not reasonably capable of being computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of \$2,000 per day for failure to correct one or more of the Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the Inspection Report within the specified time limit. In addition to the stipulated damages, the stoppage of work shall remain in effect until all corrections are complete.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

106.9 Buy America Requirements.

Buy America Requirements are waived if the total amount of Federal financial assistance applied to the project, through awards or subawards, is below \$500,000.

106.9.1 Buy America Requirements for Iron or Steel Products.

The contractor's attention is directed to Title 23 CFR 635.410 *Buy America Requirements*. Where articles, materials or supplies that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both are to be permanently incorporated into the contract work, steel and iron material shall be manufactured, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, in the USA except for "minimal use" as described herein. Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. Under a general waiver from FHWA the use of pig iron and processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the USA will be permitted in the domestic manufacturing process for steel or iron material.

106.9.1.1 Any sources other than the USA as defined will be considered foreign. The required domestic manufacturing process shall include formation of ingots and any subsequent process. Coatings shall include any surface finish that protects or adds value to the product.

106.9.1.2 "Minimal use" of foreign steel, iron or coating processes will be permitted, provided the cost of such products does not exceed 1/10 of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. If foreign steel, iron, or coating processes are used, invoices to document the cost of the foreign portion, as delivered to the project, shall be provided and the engineer's written approval obtained prior to placing the material in any work.

106.9.1.3 Buy America requirements include a step certification for all fabrication processes of all steel or iron materials that are accepted per Sec 1000. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliance program verifies that all steel and iron products fabrication processes conform to 23 CFR 635.410 Buy America Requirements and is an acceptable standard per 23 CFR 635.410(d). AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant suppliers will not be required to submit step certification documentation with the shipment for some selected steel and iron materials. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant supplier shall maintain the step certification documentation on file and shall provide this documentation to the engineer upon request.

106.9.1.3.1 Items designated as Category 1 will consist of steel girders, piling, and reinforcing steel installed on site. Category 1 items require supporting documentation prior to incorporation into the project showing all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. This includes the Mill Test Report from the original producing steel mill and certifications documenting the manufacturing process for all subsequent fabrication, including coatings. The certification shall include language that certifies all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project was procured and processed domestically and all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410.

106.9.1.3.2 Items designated as Category 2 will include all other steel or iron products not in Category 1 and permanently incorporated in the project. Category 2 items shall consist of, but not be limited to items such as fencing, guardrail, signing, lighting and signal supports. The prime contractor is required to submit a material of origin form certification prior to incorporation into the project from the fabricator for each item that the product is domestic. The Certificate of Materials Origin form ([link to certificate form](#)) from the fabricator must show all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements and be signed by a fabricator representative. The engineer reserves the right to request additional information and documentation to verify that all Buy America requirements have been satisfied. These documents shall be submitted upon request by the engineer and retained for a period of 3 years after the last reimbursement of the material.

106.9.1.3.3 Any minor miscellaneous steel or iron items that are not included in the materials specifications shall be certified by the prime contractor as being procured domestically. Examples of these items would be bolts for sign posts, anchorage inserts, etc. The certification shall read "I certify that all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project during all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements procured and processed domestically in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. Any foreign steel used was submitted and accepted under minor usage". The certification shall be signed by an authorized representative of the prime contractor.

106.9.1.4 When permitted in the contract, alternate bids may be submitted for foreign steel and iron products. The award of the contract when alternate bids are permitted will be based on the lowest total bid of the contract based on furnishing domestic steel or iron products or 125 percent of the lowest total bid based on furnishing foreign steel or iron products. If foreign steel or iron products are awarded in the contract, domestic steel or iron products may be used; however, payment will be at the contract unit price for foreign steel or iron products.

106.9.2 Buy America Requirements for Construction Materials other than iron or steel products.

Construction materials mean articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed. Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material. Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a domestic certification for all construction materials listed that are incorporated into the project.

- (a) Non-ferrous metals
- (b) Plastic and Polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables)
- (c) Glass (including optic glass)
- (d) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable)
- (e) Optical fiber
- (f) Lumber
- (g) Engineered wood
- (h) Drywall

106.9.3 Buy America Requirements for Manufactured Products.

Manufactured products mean articles, materials or supplies that have been processed into a specific form and shape, or combined with other articles, materials or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials or supplies. If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, an excluded material, or other product category as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184, then it is not a manufactured product. However, an article, material or supply classified as a manufactured product may include components that are iron or steel products, excluded materials, or other product categories as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

106.9.3.1 Produced in the United States, in the case of manufactured products, means:

(A) For projects obligated on or after October 1, 2025, the product was manufactured in the United States; and

(B) For projects obligated on or after October 1, 2026, the product was manufactured in the United States and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.

106.9.3.2 (i) With respect to precast concrete products that are classified as manufactured products, components of precast concrete products that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. The cost of such components shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether the precast concrete product is produced in the United States.

(ii) With respect to intelligent transportation systems and other electronic hardware systems that are installed in the highway right of way or other real property and classified as manufactured products, the cabinets or other enclosures of such systems that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. The cost of cabinets or other enclosures shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether systems referred to in the preceding sentence are produced in the United States.

106.9.4 Waiver for De Minimis Costs for Manufactured and Construction Materials other than iron or steel products.

"The total value of the non-compliant products is no more than the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 5% of total applicable costs for the project." The contractor shall submit to the engineer any non-domestic materials and their total material cost to the engineer. The contractor and the engineer will both track these totals to assure that the minimal usage allowance is not exceeded.

- Third-Party Test Waiver for Concrete Aggregate

1.0 Description. Third party tests may be allowed for determining the durability factor for concrete pavement and concrete masonry aggregate.

2.0 Material. All aggregate for concrete shall be in accordance with Sec 1005.

2.1 MoDOT personnel shall be present at the time of sampling at the quarry. The aggregate sample shall be placed in an approved tamper-evident container (provided by the quarry) for shipment to the third-party testing facility.

2.2 AASHTO T 161 Method B Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing, shall be used to determine the aggregate durability factor. All concrete beams for testing shall be 3-inch wide by 4-inch deep by 16-inch long or 3.5-inch wide by 4.5-inch deep by 16-inch long. All beams for testing shall receive a 35-day wet cure fully immersed in saturated lime water prior to initiating the testing process.

2.3 Concrete test beams shall be made using a MoDOT approved concrete pavement mix design.

3.0 Testing Facility Requirements. All third-party test facilities shall meet the requirements outlined in this provision.

3.1 The testing facility shall be AASHTO accredited.

3.1.1 For tests ran after January 1, 2025, accreditation documentation shall be on file with the Construction and Materials Division prior to any tests being performed.

3.1.2 Construction and Materials Division may consider tests completed prior to January 1, 2025, to be acceptable if all sections of this provision are met, with the exception of 3.1.1. Accreditation documentation shall be provided with the test results for tests completed prior to January 1, 2025. No tests completed prior to September 1, 2024, will be accepted.

3.2 The testing facility shall provide their testing process, list of equipment, equipment calibration documentation, and testing certifications or qualifications of technicians performing the AASHTO T 161 Procedure B tests. The testing facility shall provide details on their freezing and thawing apparatus including the time and temperature profile of their freeze-thaw chamber. The profile shall include the temperature set points throughout the entirety of the freeze-thaw cycle. The profile shall show the cycle time at which the apparatus drains/fills with water and the cycle time at which the apparatus begins cooling the specimens.

3.3 Results, no more than five years old, from the third-party test facility shall compare within ± 2.0 percent of an independent test from another AASHTO accredited test facility or with MoDOT test records, in order to be approved for use (e.g. test facility results in a durability factor of 79,

MoDOT's recent durability test factor is 81; this compared within +2 percent). The independent testing facility shall be in accordance with this provision. The comparison test can be from a different sample of the same ledge combination.

3.4 When there is a dispute between the third party durability test results and MoDOT durability test results, the MoDOT durability test result shall govern.

3.5 Test results shall be submitted to MoDOT's Construction and Materials division electronically for final approval. Test results shall include raw data for all measurements of relative dynamic modulus of elasticity and percent length change for each individual concrete specimen. Raw data shall include initial measurements made at zero cycles and every subsequent measurement of concrete specimens. Raw data shall include the cycle count and date each measurement was taken. Test results shall also include properties of the concrete mixture as required by AASHTO T 161. This shall include the gradation of the coarse aggregate sample. If AASHTO T 152 is used to measure fresh air content, then the aggregate correction factor for the mix determined in accordance with AASHTO T 152 shall also be included.

4.0 Method of Measurement. There is no method of measurement for this provision. The testing requirements and number of specimens shall be in accordance with AASHTO T 161 Procedure B.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor or quarry to recover the cost of aggregate samples, sample shipments, testing equipment, labor to prepare samples or test samples, or developing the durability report.

15.0 Bidder's List Quote Summary. MoDOT is a recipient of federal funds and is required by 49 CFR 26.11 to provide data about its DBE program. All bidders who seek to work on federally assisted contracts must submit data about all DBE and non-DBEs in accordance with Sec 102.7.9. MoDOT will not compare the submitted Bidder's List Quote Summary to any other documents or submittals, pre or post award. All information will be used by MoDOT in accordance with 49 CFR 26.11 for reporting to USDOT and to aid in overall DBE goal setting.

102.7.9 Bidder's List Quote Summary. Each bidder shall submit with each bid a summary of all subcontractors, material suppliers, and service providers (e.g. hauling) considered on federally funded projects pursuant to 49 CFR 26.11. The bidder will provide the firm's name, the corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code(s) the firm(s) were considered for, and whether or not they were used in the bid. The information submitted should be the most complete information available at the time of bid. The information shall be disclosed on the Bidder's List Quote Summary form provided in the bidding documents and submitted in accordance with Sec 102.10. Failure to disclose this information may result in a bid being declared irregular.

G. Bridge End Transitions

1.0 Description. At all bridge exceptions, the engineer will determine in the field the ending point of the transition. This point will not necessarily be at the bridge end but will be located at a point which provides a smooth transition and approach to the bridge. The limits of all bridge end transitions shall be approved by the engineer before any milling proceeds on these transitions. Where bridges are to be resurfaced, the surfacing shall be from curb to curb.

H. Loop Detectors

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of providing loop detectors for signal installations. Detectors shall be in accordance with the standard specifications and installed to provide detection at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be in accordance with Section 902.

3.0 Basis of Payment. Loop Detectors will be paid for at the contract unit price for Pay Item No. 902-85.00, Cable, Loop Detector, In Duct, per Linear Foot. No direct payment will be made for incidental items necessary to complete the work.

I. Pavement Marking Log

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of the Contractor documenting the location of all existing pavement markings prior to coldmilling or resurfacing and installing new pavement markings to match the scheme that was in place prior to the project.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to the start of resurfacing work, the Contractor shall document the color, type, and location of the existing pavement markings, including any change in pavement marking (e.g., solid yellow to intermittent yellow on the centerline) and no passing zones. The Contractor shall submit the method of documentation to the Engineer for approval prior to recording the existing pavement marking information.

2.1 The existing pavement marking documentation provided by the Contractor shall include the location of existing pavement markings by either station or log mile. The Engineer shall reserve the right to make adjustments to the final pavement marking locations. The Engineer will provide the Contractor with any adjusted locations. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor make adjustments to the location of permanent pavement markings without the Engineer's approval.

2.2 All permanent pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Sec 620.

3.0. Temporary Pavement Marking. The Contractor shall provide temporary pavement marking in accordance with Sec 620 and Standard Plan 620.10. No compensation will be made to the Contractor for temporary pavement marking.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement will be made in accordance with Sec 620.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for compliance with this provision. All costs associated with the equipment, labor, materials, and time necessary to fulfill the requirements of this provision shall be considered completely covered by the pavement marking (Sec 620) line items in the contract.

J. Permanent Pavement Marking - SW

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing permanent centerline, edge line, lane line markings, and preformed thermoplastic pavement marking, as specified, at locations shown on the plans or as approved by the engineer. The preformed thermoplastic

pavement marking includes, but not limited to, 24" White (Stop Bars) and 24" Yellow (Hash Mark), 6" White for Crosswalks, Turn Arrows, Railroad Crossings, Yield Markings, and the word "ONLY". This work shall be in accordance with Section 620 and specifically as follows.

2.0 Construction Requirements. On roadways open to traffic, permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings shall be in place no later than five days after the final paving operations. This requirement applies per individual route if multiple routes are included in a contract or if a 15 mile section of an individual route is open to traffic within a contract. This requirement also applies to divided highways, once a directional segment of 15 mile, or the entire directional segment if less than 15 miles, is paved and open to traffic within a contract. To fulfill this requirement, the contractor may have to mobilize more than once for the installation of permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings. The contractor will also need to coordinate the permanent pavement marking with the installation of rumble strips. The contractor shall place the preformed thermoplastic pavement marking after the permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line marking is installed by the contractor or by others. The contractor will have 5 five days after the permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings are placed to start the preformed thermoplastic pavement marking installation and shall be placed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as approved by the engineer.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of permanent pavement marking will be paid for at the contract unit price for each of the pay items include in the contract. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, material or time necessary to complete the described work including any other incidental items.

K. Permanent Aggregate Edge Treatment - SW

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing an aggregate material on the shoulders of the resurfaced route in areas indicated in the plans or as directed by the engineer. This work and material shall be in accordance with Section 310 except as follows. The edge treatment shall be at least 2' wide.

2.0 Material

2.1 Aggregate Material utilized for permanent aggregate edge treatment shall be either commercial base or coldmillings. Any material shall be approved by the engineer prior to use.

2.1.1 Coldmilling material shall be an asphaltic material created by the equipment and operations as defined in Standard Specification 622.10.

2.1.2 Aggregate material shall be a 1" commercial base.

3.0 Construction Requirements. The contractor shall furnish, haul and spread aggregate material or coldmillings to bring the shoulders up to match the overlaid pavement elevation as shown in the typical sections.

3.1 Aggregate or coldmillings shall be simultaneously deposited and spread on the sub-grade and shall not be deposited on the pavement or shoulder and bladed into place without prior approval from the engineer. Aggregate material or coldmillings shall be shaped according to the typical section and compacted until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

3.2 Density shall be obtained from reasonable compactive efforts consisting of no less than three passes with a roller until no further visible compaction can be achieved, or by other methods approved by the engineer.

3.3 After all placing, shaping, and compactive effort operations are completed, the permanent aggregate edge treatment shall match the overlaid pavement elevation as shown in the typical sections.

3.4 A prime coat (MC_-800) in accordance with Section 408, shall be placed on top of all permanent aggregate edge treatment, regardless of material used, at a target rate of 0.25_Gal/SY.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement of material furnished for shoulder aggregate shall be dependent upon the material the contractor chooses to use for this work. If the contractor chooses to use a 1" commercial base, measurement will be made per ton and in accordance with Section 310.5.3. If the contractor chooses to use coldmillings, measurement will be made per linear foot. In regards to utilizing coldmillings, the Contractor is hereby being informed that it shall be their responsibility to review the existing slopes on the project and ensure there is sufficient material to install new slopes in accordance with the specifications and plans. Measurement for all prime (MC_-800) will be in accordance with Section 408.5

5.0 Basis of Payment.

5.1 The bid item for the shoulder material is for the 1" commercial base option. The accepted quantities of permanent aggregate edge treatment will be paid for at the contract unit price for PERMANENT AGGREGATE EDGE TREATMENT, pay item 304-99.10 per ton, including all labor, equipment, and material costs required to fulfill the requirements of the special provision

5.1.1 Should the contractor choose to construct the permanent aggregate edge treatment with coldmillings, notification must be given to the engineer in advance of the work so that a change order can be issued to facilitate payment of the permanent aggregate edge treatment with a contingent item as specified herein.

5.1.2 For the coldmilling option, a zero-cost change order will be issued to zero out the tonnage of permanent aggregate edge treatment so that it can be converted to a linear foot quantity pay item. A contingent item for the permanent aggregate edge treatment paid by the linear foot will be added to the change order. The linear footage added to the contract shall be double the centerline miles of the project. A unit price for the permanent aggregate edge treatment, coldmilling option, will be determined by multiplying the original permanent aggregate edge treatment unit bid price and the tonnage included in the contract, then dividing by double the centerline miles of the project.

5.2 The prime coat (MC_-800) shall be paid for at the contract unit price for PRIME-LIQUID ASPHALT MC_-800, pay item 408-10.18 per gallon, regardless of the material used to construct the edge treatment.

L. Rumble Strip

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of constructing rumble strips as shown on the plans or as approved by the engineer.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Rumble strips shall be placed in accordance with Section 626. In addition, on roadways open to traffic, rumble strips shall be in place no later than five days after the final paving operations. This requirement applies per individual route if multiple routes are included in a contract or if a 15 mile section of an individual route is open to traffic within a contract. To fulfill this requirement, the contractor may have to mobilize in more than once for the installation of rumble strips.

2.1 On divided highways, the edge line rumble strip shall be installed as shown in the plans or per the Standard Plans.

2.2 On two-way roads, the edge line rumble strip shall be installed to maintain 21' preferred/20' absolute minimum between each edge line rumble. If the contract includes a centerline rumble in addition to the edge line rumble, the contractor shall only install the centerline rumble if 10.5' lane can be maintained between the edge of the centerline rumble and edge line rumble or as approved by the engineer. If this minimum distance cannot be achieved, the centerline rumbles may be underrun as approved by the engineer.

2.3 On two-way roads with existing 2' shoulders or include construction of new 2' shoulders, the edgeline rumble strip shall stop and start 25' to each side of the intersecting road or entrance unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of rumble strips will be paid at the contract unit price. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, and material necessary to complete the described work, including mobilizing, loading, hauling, stockpiling and disposal of milled material; and any other incidental items.

M. Signal Detection Disconnection

1.0 Description. The contractor shall contact the Traffic Management Center to coordinate a new signal timing at a minimum of 2 working days prior to the disconnection of the signal's detection capabilities or prior to the milling of an approach with inductive loop detection.

2.0 Contact Information.

Cole Ketchum, Traffic Studies Specialist
Southwest District Traffic Management Center
Telephone Number: 417-829-8061
Cell Number: 417-766-3241
Email Cole.Ketchum@modot.mo.gov

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

N. Coordination of Traffic Control with Adjacent Governmental Entities

1.0 Description. This project is adjacent to roadways owned and operated by governmental entities outside the jurisdiction of the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission. Adjacent governmental entities may include other states, counties, townships, special road districts, Turnpike authorities, Tribal authorities, or other governmental agencies responsible for owning, operating and maintaining roadways within their respective jurisdictions.

1.1 The adjacent governmental entities impacted by this project are listed below. Traffic control devices will need to be set up on routes owned by adjacent governmental entities in order to facilitate the construction operations in Missouri.

(1) Arkansas Department of Transportation (ARDOT), US Route 65 adjacent to US Route 65 at the state line.

2.0 Construction Requirements.

2.1 MoDOT has made initial contact with adjacent governmental entities to inform them of the upcoming project and to give them an approximate timeline for the work. The contractor shall contact adjacent governmental entities once the construction schedule is known, and shall provide the entities with all details concerning the construction schedule, traffic control setup, and any other items of work that will be needed along or adjacent to entity-owned roadways. Contact information will be furnished by the engineer upon request.

2.2 Any required permits, agreements, MOUs, or other approvals for work outside of Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission jurisdiction shall be solely between the contractor and the adjacent governmental entity. Signed copies of any such permits, agreements, MOUs, or other approvals shall be furnished to the engineer.

2.3 All traffic control devices installed within the adjacent governmental entity jurisdiction shall be in accordance with Sec 616.

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made.

4.0 Basis of Payment.

4.1 No direct payment will be made for fulfilling the requirements of this provision.

4.2 Payment for any permit fees, tolls, or additional traffic control devices required as a condition of adjacent governmental entity approval will be the sole responsibility of the contractor.

4.3 Payment for traffic control devices as shown in the project plans will be made according to the contract unit prices for the traffic control line items included in the contract.

O. Airport Requirements JSP-15-09

1.0 Description. The project is located near a public use airport or heliport or is more than 200 feet above existing ground level, which requires adherence to Federal Aviation Regulation Part 77 (FAA Reg Part 77). "Near" to a public use airport or heliport is defined as follows:

20,000 feet (4 miles) from an airport with a runway length of at least 3,200 feet
10,000 feet (2 miles) from an airport with runway length less than 3,200 feet
5,000 feet (1 mile) from a public use heliport

2.0 The maximum height of the improvement and the equipment operating while performing the improvements was assumed to be 15.0 feet above the current travelway during the process of evaluating the project for compliance with FAA Reg Part 77.

2.1 If the contractor's height of equipment or if the improvement itself is beyond the assumed height as indicated in Sec 2.0, the contractor will work with the resident engineer to fill out the Form 7460-1, or revise the original Form 7460-1 based upon the proposed height and resubmit, if necessary, for a determination by FAA on compliance with FAA Reg Part 77. Further information can be found in MoDOT's Engineering Policy Guide 235.8 Airports. If the Form 7460-1 must be filed, the associated work shall not be performed prior to the FAA determination, which could take up to 45 days.

2.2 If the contractor's height of equipment and the improvement itself is below the assumed height as indicated in Sec 2.0, no further action is necessary to fulfill the requirements set forth in FAA Reg Part 77.

3.0 Basis of Payment. There will be no direct payment for any work associated with this provision. Contract time extension will be given for the time necessary to obtain or revise the FAA permit. Any delays or costs incurred in obtaining the revised permit will be noncompensable.

P. Pavement Smoothness for UBAWS NJSP-17-05A

1.0 Description. Pavement smoothness shall be in accordance with Sec 610 except as modified in this provision. This provision adds Section 413.30 UBAWS mix type to the pavement smoothness requirement.

2.0 Delete Sec 610.1 and insert the following:

610.1 Description. This work shall consist of measuring the smoothness of the final pavement surface. Smoothness shall be measured using the International Roughness Index (IRI). The following pavement types shall comply with this specification:

- a. Multi-lift asphalt construction contained in Sections 401, 403, and **413.30, including any combination of these mix types.**
- b. Concrete pavement construction contained in Sections 502 and 506.
- c. Combination of surface planing, such as diamond grinding or milling, and single lift asphalt construction contained in Sections 401, 403, and **413.30, including any combination of these mix types.**
- d. Single lift asphalt construction contained in sections 401, and 403.
- e. **Single lift asphalt construction contained in section 413.30.**

3.0 Add section 610.5.2.2

610.5.2.2 The contract price for resurfacing pavement types described in Section 610.1 (e) will be adjusted based on the improvement in profile index according to Table 4 for each segment with an initial IRI greater than 60 inches per mile.

Any segment with an initial IRI less than or equal to 60 inches per mile shall receive no percent improvement price adjustment if the segment IRI after placement of the overlay is also less than or equal to 60 inches per mile.

Any segment with an initial IRI less than or equal to 60 inches per mile that has an IRI greater than 60 inches per mile after placement of the overlay shall be paid at 97 percent of the contract unit price for pavement.

Table 4	
Percent Improvement	Percent of Contract Unit Price
(Change in IRI / Initial IRI) X 100	For Pavement
20.0 or greater	103
5.0 to 19.9	100
0.0 to 4.9	97
Below 0.0	97 ^d

^d After correction to 0.0 or greater.

Q. Paving Sequence

1.0 Description. The pavement shall be laid in lanes approximately one half the full width of the completed pavement, and the full width shall be completed as soon as practical. Unless otherwise permitted, a single lane shall not be constructed to a length that cannot be completed to full width of the pavement the succeeding operating day.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No additional payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

R. Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking - SW

In addition to the requirements of Section 627 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, the following shall apply:

1.0 Description. The contractor shall be responsible for all layout required on the project. This responsibility shall include, but not be limited to the following: Construction signing, transition milling, pavement marking, loop detectors, etc.

1.1 The above list is not all inclusive. The contractor shall have the primary responsibility for these operations. The contractor shall provide the Resident Engineer (RE) with a staking plan layout for approval prior to the installation of signs. The RE will also provide assistance during

this layout provided a request is submitted to the RE or Construction Project Manager 48 hours in advance. This will ensure that all permanently mounted traffic control devices remain consistent with District policy and avoid re-staking. If the contractor installs any signs without engineer approval, all costs associated with re-staking and/or relocation will be at the contractor's expense.

1.2 The intent of this provision is to increase the quality of our work zones and minimize negative impacts to the contractor's schedule that can result from delays in staking.

1.3 Any adjustments to the plan quantities or line numbers established in the contract shall be approved by the Engineer.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to cover the costs associated with these additional requirements. All costs will be considered completely covered by the unit bid price submitted for Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking.

S. Contractor Quality Control NJSP-15-42

1.0 The contractor shall perform Quality Control (QC) testing in accordance with the specifications and as specified herein. The contractor shall submit a Quality Control Plan (QC Plan) to the engineer for approval that includes all items listed in Section 2.0, prior to beginning work.

2.0 Quality Control Plan.

(a) The name and contact information of the person in responsible charge of the QC testing.

(b) A list of the QC technicians who will perform testing on the project, including the fields in which they are certified to perform testing.

(c) A proposed independent third party testing firm for dispute resolution, including all contact information.

(d) A list of Hold Points, when specified by the engineer.

(e) The MoDOT Standard Inspection and Testing Plan (ITP). This shall be the version that is posted at the time of bid on the MoDOT website (www.modot.org/quality).

3.0 Quality Control Testing and Reporting. Testing shall be performed per the test method and frequency specified in the ITP. All personnel who perform sampling or testing shall be certified in the MoDOT Technician Certification Program for each test that they perform.

3.1 Reporting of Test Results. All QC test reports shall be submitted as soon as practical, but no later than the day following the test. Test data shall be immediately provided to the engineer upon request at any time, including prior to the submission of the test report. No payment will be made for the work performed until acceptable QC test results have been received by the engineer and confirmed by QA test results.

3.1.1 Test results shall be reported on electronic forms provided by MoDOT. Forms and Contractor Reporting Excel2Oracle Reports (CRE2O) can be found on the MoDOT website. All required forms, reports and material certifications shall be uploaded to a Microsoft SharePoint® site provided by MoDOT, and organized in the file structure established by MoDOT.

3.2 Non-Conformance Reporting. A Non-Conformance Report (NCR) shall be submitted by the contractor when the contractor proposes to incorporate material into the work that does not meet the testing requirements or for any work that does not comply with the contract terms or specifications.

3.2.1 Non-Conformance Reporting shall be submitted electronically on the Non-Conformance Report form provided on the MoDOT Website. The NCR shall be uploaded to the MoDOT SharePoint® site and an email notification sent to the engineer.

3.2.2 The contractor shall propose a resolution to the non-conforming material or work. Acceptance of a resolution by the engineer is required before closure of the non-conformance report.

4.0 Work Planning and Scheduling.

4.1 Two-week Schedule. Each week, the contractor shall submit to the engineer a schedule that outlines the planned project activities for the following two-week period. The two-week schedule shall detail all work and traffic control events planned for that period and any Hold Points specified by the engineer.

4.2 Weekly Meeting. When work is active, the contractor shall hold a weekly project meeting with the engineer to review the planned activities for the following week and to resolve any outstanding issues. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent or project manager and any foreman leading major activities. This meeting may be waived when, in the opinion of the engineer, a meeting is not necessary. Attendees may join the meeting in person, by phone or video conference.

4.3 Pre-Activity Meeting. A pre-activity meeting is required in advance of the start of each new activity, except when waived by the engineer. The purpose of this meeting is to review construction details of the new activity. At a minimum, the discussion topics shall include: safety precautions, QC testing, traffic impacts, and any required Hold Points. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent and the foreman who will be leading the new activity. Pre-activity meetings may be held in conjunction with the weekly project meeting.

4.4 Hold Points. Hold Points are events that require approval by the engineer prior to continuation of work. Hold Points occur at definable stages of work when, in the opinion of the engineer, a review of the preceding work is necessary before continuation to the next stage.

4.4.1 A list of typical Hold Point events is available on the MoDOT website. Use of the Hold Point process will only be required for the project-specific list of Hold Points, if any, that the engineer submits to the contractor in advance of the work. The engineer may make changes to the Hold Point list at any time.

4.4.2 Prior to all Hold Point inspections, the contractor shall verify the work has been completed in accordance with the contract and specifications. If the engineer identifies any corrective

actions needed during a Hold Point inspection, the corrections shall be completed prior to continuing work. The engineer may require a new Hold Point to be scheduled if the corrections require a follow-up inspection. Re-scheduling of Hold Points require a minimum 24-hour advance notification from the contractor unless otherwise allowed by the engineer.

5.0 Quality Assurance Testing and Inspection. MoDOT will perform quality assurance testing and inspection of the work, except as specified herein. The contractor shall utilize the inspection checklists provided in the ITP as a guide to minimize findings by MoDOT inspection staff. Submittal of completed checklists is not required, except as specified in 5.1.

5.1 Inspection and testing required in the production of concrete for the project shall be the responsibility of the contractor. Submittal of the 501 Concrete Plant Checklist is required.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

T. Contractor Quality Control for Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling NJSP-15-21A

1.0 Description. The contractor shall provide Quality Control (QC) testing and shall perform verification procedures associated with the production and placement of Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling Mixture in accordance with this provision.

2.0 Asphalt Plant Requirements. The contractor shall perform quality control testing in the production of the Surface Leveling Mixture and report the results electronically on MoDOT-provided forms. All reports shall include the Contract ID, Project Number, Route, County, and Job Mix number.

2.1 Calibration of the asphalt plant shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.2.2. Record retention for verification of test reports shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.3.2.

2.2 At a minimum, the contractor shall perform one QC sieve analysis test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons to verify the aggregate is within the required gradation range. Results of the QC sieve analysis test shall be reported to the engineer daily. A split of each sample shall be clearly labeled and stored by the contractor in a manner that prevents contamination. The engineer will collect a minimum of one random QC split sample, and one full sample from plant production, for testing per each 10,000 tons of production. Uncollected QC split samples shall be retained by the contractor until the engineer authorizes disposal or until the Final Inspection, whichever occurs earlier.

2.3 The contractor shall monitor the quantity of asphalt binder used in the production of the mix, including any commercial mix, and report that quantity to the engineer. Original asphalt binder delivery tickets shall accompany the report submitted to the engineer. The engineer will perform a minimum of one asphalt binder content test per each 10,000 tons of production for any project that exceeds a total of 5,000 tons of production.

2.4 The contractor shall take a daily QC sample of the asphalt binder per instructions in Section 460.3.13 of the EPG. The engineer will collect the QC samples and ship to the MoDOT Central

lab for random testing. In addition, the engineer will take a minimum of one random Quality Assurance sample per project from the binder line. The engineer sample will be shipped to the Central Lab along with the daily samples and will be designated for testing.

2.5 The contractor shall perform one moisture content test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons. The frequency of the moisture test may be reduced if approved by the engineer.

3.0 Roadway Requirements. The contractor shall perform quality control verification of the Surface Leveling Mixture on the roadway and shall monitor the asphalt tonnage placed in relation to plan quantity.

3.1 Irregularities. Additional tons of Surface Leveling mix will be provided for irregularities in the existing roadway surface. The tonnage specified for irregularities is an estimated quantity and shall only be placed at locations where it is necessary to fill ruts and other low points. Prior to placing the mix, the contractor and engineer shall evaluate the entire route and develop a plan that best utilizes the tonnage needed for irregularities. Any excess quantity of irregularities shall not be placed.

3.2 Tack. On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate proper application of tack coat in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, when the engineer is not present to witness the application of the tack coat, the contractor shall document the tack application by taking a minimum of two high-resolution date/time stamped photographs of the tacked surface per one-mile segment. Pictures should be taken just in front of the paver in order to account for loss of tack from truck tires. The contractor shall also monitor and document the application rate. The contractor shall take distributor readings at the beginning and ending of each shift and document the quantity used.

3.3 Spreading and Rolling. On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate successful spreading and compaction of the mixture, including proper rolling patterns, in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, the contractor shall monitor all roadway production procedures and document daily. Use of approved Intelligent Compaction technology is an allowable substitute for daily documentation.

3.4 Monitoring of Quantity. The contractor shall monitor the quantity of Surface Level mix placed and report that information to the engineer and production staff as specified herein.

3.4.1 The contractor shall verify that the quantity of Surface Leveling mix in the contract for each route is sufficient to cover the roadway as shown on the typical sections, including any surface irregularities. Any discrepancies shall be brought to the engineer's attention in writing prior to the pre-construction conference. Plan quantity shall be defined as the total tons computed to cover the surface area according to the typical section, plus any amount pre-approved by the engineer for pavement irregularities.

3.4.2 The contractor shall provide temporary log mile reference points at no less than ½ mile intervals along each route to monitor the tons of Surface Leveling mix laid in relation to plan quantity. Entrances, shoulders, or other irregular areas will be monitored as directed by the engineer.

3.4.3 During production, the contractor shall document the total tons placed in each one-mile segment, along with the plan quantity and the percent over/under for that segment. The cumulative quantity and percent over/under for the route should also be documented. After each one-mile segment, the contractor shall provide a status report to the production manager and the engineer. When the engineer is not present on the project, the contractor shall send an electronic status report to the engineer.

3.4.4 The goal is to keep the placed quantity within 2% of plan quantity for the project. The engineer will monitor the status reports and will advise the contractor on how to proceed when there is an excessive variance from plan quantity. The engineer may decrease the frequency of the electronic status reports when the variances are consistently low.

3.4.5 The contractor shall collect asphalt tickets from the delivery trucks and group them per each one-mile segment. The contractor shall submit to the engineer a daily summary report that includes all of the information specified in Section 3.4.3. The contractor shall sign the summary report confirming that the information is accurate and that the attached tickets represent the asphalt material placed.

3.4.6 The contractor shall be equipped with a contractor-furnished cellular device capable of providing and maintaining a reliable means of immediate communication with the engineer when the engineer is not present on the project.

4.0 Excessive Quantity. If the contractor places Surface Level mix on any one-mile segment, or any other isolated areas, in excess of plan quantity by 5% or more, without prior approval from the engineer, further investigation may be required to determine if the excess was warranted. If directed by the engineer, the contractor shall core the pavement at locations established by the engineer to determine the amount that was excessive, if any. No payment will be made for the cost to core the pavement or for the tons of Surface Level mix that the engineer determines to be excessive. If the amount of Surface Level mix is determined to be justified, payment will be made for the mix, and for the cost of coring at the fixed price established in Sec 109. Placement of asphalt in excess of plan quantity for two consecutive segments without prior approval from the engineer may result in issuance of an Order Record to stop work.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision. All costs shall be considered completely covered under the pay items provided in the contract.

U. Cooperation Between Contractors - SW

1.0 Description. This contract is one of several contemplated relative to the overall project. Separate contracts may be let that will be within this contract's area.

2.0 Construction Requirements.

2.1 The work for this project shall be performed in the order necessary to best facilitate the early completion of the combined projects on this improvement. The contractor shall be

required to arrange the storage of materials and equipment and perform the construction operations so as not to unduly interfere with the operations of other contractors. This may require the contractor to store equipment and materials off state right of way and make the necessary arrangements for storage sites.

2.2 Full cooperation of the contractors involved with this improvement in careful and complete coordination of their respective activities in the area will be required. Each contractor involved shall so schedule and conduct work as to avoid unnecessary inconvenience, delay to another and a manner as not to damage work being performed or completed by another. When necessary for proper prosecution of work, each contractor shall permit the other access through the overlapping construction areas and the use of any access or haul roads constructed by others.

2.3 *JSR0091 – US65 Intersection improvements at MO265.*

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made.

4.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for the above-described work will be considered completely covered by the contract unit price for other items included in the contract.

V. Culvert Location

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of the Contractor documenting the location of all existing crossroad culverts prior to conducting grading operations or placement of permanent aggregate edge treatment.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to the start of grading or edge treatment work, the Contractor shall document the location of the existing crossroad culverts. The Contractor shall submit the method of documentation to the Engineer for approval prior to recording the existing culvert location.

2.1 The documentation provided by the Contractor shall include the location of existing crossroad culverts by either station or log mile. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor begin grading or edge treatment work without the Engineer's approval.

2.2 The location of each crossroad culvert shall be indicated with a lathe or other identifier that can be seen during contractor operations.

2.3 The contractor shall exercise reasonable care in the locations of the crossroad culverts and all driveway culverts to ensure that grading or edge treatment operations do not result in the blockage of the culvert.

2.4 The contractor as directed by the engineer shall remove any material from all culverts that was placed by grading or edge treatment operations.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for compliance with this provision. All costs associated with the equipment, labor, materials, and time necessary to fulfill the requirements of this provision shall be considered completely covered by line items in the contract.

W. Utilities JSP-93-26F

1.0 For informational purposes only, the following is a list of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the known utility companies in the area of construction work for this improvement:

<u>Utility Name</u>	<u>Known Required Adjustment</u>	<u>Type</u>
Liberty Utilities Cody Ponder 2690 W Broadway St. Boliver, MO 65613 Phone: (417) 706-8140 Email: cody.ponder@libertyutilities.com	None	Power
Brightspeed Kelly Weigle 117 N Madison Ave. Lebanon, MO 65536 Phone: (417) 733-7866 Email: kelly.weigle1@brightspeed.com	None	Communications
City of Hollister Terry Brashear 10864 Historic Hwy 165, Hollister, MO 65672 417-348-0891 publicworks@cityofhollister.com	None	Sewer and Water
Summit Natural Gas of Mo James Trujillo 272 Keystone Industrial Park Dr., Camdenton, MO 65020 (720) 981-2123 ext. 1664 customerservice@SummitNaturalGas.com	None	Gas

Optimum Alex Gomez 769 N. 20th Street, Ozark, MO 65721 316-644-2823 alexander.gomez@alticeusa.com	None	Fiber
City of Branson Kendall Powell 616 W. Pacific St. 4th Floor Branson, MO 65616 Phone: 417-234-2731 kpowell@bransonmo.gov	None	Sewer and Gas
MoDOT-Signals, Lighting, ITS Joe Dotson 2455 N. Mayfair Ave. Springfield, MO. 65803 Phone: 417-599-3043 Email: joseph.dotson@modot.mo.gov	None	Fiber
Taney County Regional Sewer District Bradley D. Allbritton, PE 6733 MO-76 Kirbyville, MO 65679 417-544-0655 Emergency Phone: (417) 331-0578 customerservice@tcrsd.org	None	Sewer
SHO-ME Technologies Brad McGoon 301 West Jackson St., Marshfield, MO 65706 417-859-3475 dmcgoon@shomepower.com	None	Telephone
White River Connect Matt Smith Construction Coordinator P.O. Box 969 Branson, MO 65615 417-335-9347 msmith@whiteriverconnect.com	None	Communication
Northern Arkansas Telephone Company Monica Principato 301 E Main St, Flippin, AR 72634 870-453-9213 monica@natconet.com	None	Phone

White River Valley Electric Beau Jackson 2449 State Highway 76 East, Branson, MO 65615 (417) 335-9249 bjackson@whiteriver.org	None	Electric and Fiber
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- 1.1** The existence and approximate location of utility facilities known to exist, as shown on the plans, are based upon the best information available to the Commission at this time. This information is provided by the Commission "as-is" and the Commission expressly disclaims any representation or warranty as to the completeness, accuracy, or suitability of the information for any use. Reliance upon this information is done at the risk and peril of the user, and the Commission shall not be liable for any damage that may arise from any error in the information. It is, therefore, the responsibility of the contractor to verify the above listing information indicating the existence, location and status of any facility. Such verification includes direct contact with the listed utilities.
- 1.2** Overhead Primary Electric. Various utilities listed above have overhead lines within the project limits near the contractor's work. The contractor shall comply with the Missouri Overhead Powerline Safety Act, which makes it illegal for an unauthorized person or entity to work or bring equipment within 10 feet of a high-voltage line that has not been covered or de-energized. If the contractor requires line cover when working near a primary power line, the contractor shall notify the utility owner a minimum of 14 days prior. Most power providers perform this service free of charge for municipally driven projects. The contractor is responsible for any damage to overhead lines caused by their operations. There will be no direct payment for compliance with this specification.

Job No.: JSR0346

Route: 65

County: TANEY

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 09/17/2026 08:37:22 DARRELL RAY COOK - CIVIL MO-PE-2005000971	MISSOURI HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
	If a seal is present on this sheet, JSP's have been electronically sealed and dated.
	JOB NUMBER: JSR0346 TANEY, MO DATE PREPARED: July 1, 2026
	ADDENDUM DATE:

Only the following items of the Job Special Provisions (Roadway) are authenticated by this seal: All

JOB
SPECIAL PROVISION

A. General – Federal JSP-09-02M

1.0 Description. The Federal Government is participating in the cost of construction of this project. All applicable Federal laws, and the regulations made pursuant to such laws, shall be observed by the contractor, and the work will be subject to the inspection of the appropriate Federal Agency in the same manner as provided in Sec 105.10 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction with all revisions applicable to this bid and contract.

1.1 This contract requires payment of the prevailing hourly rate of wages for each craft or type of work required to execute the contract as determined by the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations and requires adherence to a schedule of minimum wages as determined by the United States Department of Labor. For work performed anywhere on this project, the contractor and the contractor's subcontractors shall pay the higher of these two applicable wage rates. State Wage Rates, Information on the Required Federal Aid Provisions, and the current Federal Wage Rates are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT", "Contractor Resources". Effective Wage Rates will be posted 10 days prior to the applicable bid opening. These supplemental bidding documents have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

1.2 The following documents are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at www.modot.org under "Doing Business with MoDOT"; "Standards and Specifications". The effective version shall be determined by the letting date of the project.

General Provisions & Supplemental Specifications

Supplemental Plans to July 2026 Missouri Standard Plans
For Highway Construction

These supplemental bidding documents contain all current revisions to the published versions and have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

B. Contract Liquidated Damages JSP- 13-01E

1.0 Description. Liquidated Damages for failure or delay in completing the work on time for this contract shall be in accordance with Sec 108.8. The liquidated damages include separate amounts for road user costs and contract administrative costs incurred by the Commission.

2.0 Period of Performance. Prosecution of work is expected to begin on the date specified below in accordance with Sec 108.2. Regardless of when the work is begun on this contract, all work on all projects shall be completed on or before the date specified below. Completion by this date shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sec 108.7.1.

Notice to Proceed: December 21, 2026
Contract Completion Date: November 1, 2027

2.1 Calendar Days. Completion of the project is required as specified herein. The count of calendar days will begin on the date the contractor starts any construction operations on the project.

Project	Calendar Days	Daily Road User Cost
JSR0346	168	\$7,600

3.0 Liquidated Damages for Contract Administrative Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged contract administrative liquidated damages in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount of **\$2000** per calendar day for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. For projects in combination, these damages will be charged in full for failure to complete one or more projects within the specified contract completion date or calendar days.

4.0 Liquidated Damages for Road User Costs. Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged road user costs in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount specified in Section 2.1 for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. These damages are in addition to the contract administrative damages and any other damages as specified elsewhere in this contract.

C. Work Zone Traffic Management JSP-02-06N

1.0 Description. Work zone traffic management shall be in accordance with applicable portions of Division 100 and Division 600 of the Standard Specifications, and specifically as follows.

1.1 Maintaining Work Zones and Work Zone Reviews. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall maintain work zones in accordance with Sec 616.3.3 and as further stated herein. The WZS shall coordinate and implement any changes approved by the engineer. The WZS shall ensure all traffic control devices are maintained in accordance with Sec 616, the work zone is operated within the hours specified by the engineer, and will not deviate from the specified hours without prior approval of the engineer. The WZS is responsible to manage work zone delay in accordance with these project provisions. When requested by the engineer, the WZS shall submit a weekly report that includes a review of work zone operations for the week. The report shall identify any problems encountered and corrective actions taken. Work zones are subject to unannounced inspections by the engineer and other departmental staff to corroborate the validity of the WZS's review and may require immediate corrective measures and/or additional work zone monitoring.

1.2 Work Zone Deficiencies. Failure to make corrections on time may result in the engineer suspending work. The suspension will be non-excusable and non-compensable regardless if road user costs are being charged for closures.

2.0 Traffic Management Schedule.

2.1 Traffic management schedules shall be submitted to the engineer for review prior to the start of work and prior to any revisions to the traffic management schedule. The traffic management schedule shall include the proposed traffic control measures, the hours traffic control will be in place, and work hours.

2.2 The traffic management schedule shall conform to the limitations specified in Sec 616 regarding lane closures, traffic shifts, road closures and other width, height and weight restrictions.

2.3 The engineer shall be notified as soon as practical of any postponement due to weather, material or other circumstances.

2.4 In order to ensure minimal traffic interference, the contractor shall schedule lane closures for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. Lanes shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

2.5 Traffic Congestion. The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of **15 minutes** to prevent congestion from escalating beyond this delay threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues equal to or greater than the delay time threshold listed above, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable. When a Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet is provided, the contractor will find it in the electronic deliverables on MoDOT's Online Plans Room. The contractor may refer to the Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet for detailed information on traffic delays.

2.5.1 Traffic Safety.

2.5.1.1 Recurring Congestion. Where traffic queues routinely extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway, the contractor shall extend the advance warning area, as approved by the engineer.

2.5.1.2 Non-Recurring Congestion. When traffic queues extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway infrequently, the contractor shall deploy a means of providing advance warning of the traffic congestion, as approved by the engineer. The warning location shall be no less than 1000 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on divided highways and no less than 500 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on undivided highways.

2.6 Traffic Management Center (TMC) Coordination. The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) or their designee shall contact by phone the MoDOT Traffic Management Center (KC Scout TMC at #816-347-2250 or Gateway Guide TMC at #314-275-1513) within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure

beginning and within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure being removed. The WZS shall make this phone call 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year since the MoDOT Traffic Management Centers are always staffed.

3.0 Work Hour Restrictions.

3.1 Except for emergency work, as determined by the engineer, and long term lane closures required by project phasing, all lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during the five major holiday periods shown below, from 12:00 noon on the last working day preceding the holiday until 6:00 a.m. on the first working day subsequent to the holiday unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Memorial Day
Labor Day
Thanksgiving
Christmas
New Year's Day

3.1.1 Independence Day. The lane restrictions specified in Section 3.1 shall also apply to Independence Day, except that the restricted periods shall be as follows:

When Independence Day falls on:	The Holiday is Observed on:	Halt Lane Closures beginning at:	Allow Lane Closures to resume at:
Sunday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Monday	Monday	Noon on Friday	6:00 a.m. on Tuesday
Tuesday	Tuesday	Noon on Monday	6:00 a.m. on Wednesday
Wednesday	Wednesday	Noon on Tuesday	6:00 a.m. on Thursday
Thursday	Thursday	Noon on Wednesday	6:00 a.m. on Friday
Friday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday
Saturday	Friday	Noon on Thursday	6:00 a.m. on Monday

3.2 The contractor shall not perform any construction operation on the roadway, roadbed or active lanes, including the hauling of material within the project limits, during restricted periods, holiday periods or other special events specified in the contract documents.

3.3 The contractor shall be aware that traffic volume data indicates construction operations on the roadbed between the following hours will likely result in traffic queues greater than 15 minutes. Based on this, the contractor's operations will be restricted accordingly unless it can be successfully demonstrated the operations can be performed without a 15 minute queue in traffic. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine if the above work hours may be modified. Working hours for evenings, weekends and holidays will be determined by the engineer. The contractor may not work during the following listed hours:

Route 65 Southbound:

6:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday

Route 65 Northbound:

6:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday

3.4 Any work requiring a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic shall be completed during nighttime hours. Nighttime hours shall be considered to be 8:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. for this project.

3.5 The contractor shall not alter the start time, ending time, or a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic or ramp closures without advance notification and approval by the engineer. The only work zone operation approved to begin 30 minutes prior to a reduction in through traffic lanes or ramp closures is the installation of traffic control signs. Should lane closures be placed or remain in place, prior to the approved starting time or after the approved ending time, the Commission, the traveling public, and state and local police and governmental authorities will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, increased construction administration cost, potential liability, traffic and traffic flow regulation cost, traffic congestion and motorist delays, with a resulting cost to the traveling public. These damages are not easily computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of **\$750 per 15 minute increment** for each 15 minutes that the temporary lane closures are in place and not open to traffic in excess of the limitation as specified elsewhere in this special provision. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine the quantity of unapproved closure time.

3.5.1 The said liquidated damages specified will be assessed regardless if it would otherwise be charged as liquidated damages under the Missouri Standard Specification for Highway Construction, as amended elsewhere in this contract.

4.0 Detours and Lane Closures.

4.1 When a changeable message sign (CMS) is provided, the contractor shall use the CMS to notify motorists of future traffic disruption and possible traffic delays one week before traffic is shifted to a detour or prior to lane closures. The CMS shall be installed at a location as approved or directed by the engineer. If a CMS with Communication Interface is required, then the CMS shall be capable of communication prior to installation on right of way. All messages planned for use in the work zone shall be approved and authorized by the engineer or its designee prior to deployment. When permanent dynamic message signs (DMS) owned and operated by MoDOT are located near the project, they may also be used to provide warning and information for the work zone. Permanent DMS shall be operated by the TMC, and any messages planned for use on DMS shall be approved and authorized by the TMC at least 72 hours in advance of the work.

4.2 At least one lane of traffic in each direction shall be maintained at all times except for brief intervals of time required when the movement of the contractor's equipment will seriously hinder the safe movement of traffic. Periods during which the contractor will be allowed to interrupt traffic will be designated by the engineer.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials, or time required to fulfill the above provisions, unless specified elsewhere in the contract document. All authorized changes in the traffic control plan shall be provided for as specified in Sec 616.

D. Emergency Provisions and Incident Management JSP-90-11A

1.0 The contractor shall have communication equipment on the construction site or immediate access to other communication systems to request assistance from law enforcement or other

emergency agencies for incident management. In case of traffic accidents or the need for law enforcement to direct or restore traffic flow through the job site, the contractor shall notify law enforcement or other emergency agencies immediately as needed. The area engineer's office shall also be notified when the contractor requests emergency assistance.

2.0 In addition to the 911 emergency telephone number for ambulance, fire or law enforcement services, the following agencies may also be notified for accident or emergency situation within the project limits.

Missouri Highway Patrol Troop D: 417-895-6868		
City of Branson	City of Hollister	Taney County
Fire: 417-334-3300	Fire: 417-334-3440	Western Taney Fire: 417-334-3440
Police: 417-334-3300	Police: 417-334-3000	Sherrif: 417-546-7250

Emergency Only Numbers
911 *55 cell phone – Missouri Highway Patrol 417-864-1160 – MoDOT Incident Management Coordinator

2.1 This list is not all inclusive. Notification of the need for wrecker or tow truck services will remain the responsibility of the appropriate law enforcement agency.

2.2 The contractor shall notify law enforcement and emergency agencies before the start of construction to request their cooperation and to provide coordination of services when emergencies arise during the construction at the project site. When the contractor completes this notification with law enforcement and emergency agencies, a report shall be furnished to the engineer on the status of incident management.

3.0 No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of the communication equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

E. Project Contact for Contractor/Bidder Questions JSP-96-05A

1.0 All questions concerning this project during the bidding process shall be forwarded to the project contact listed below.

Ray Cook, Project Contact
Southwest District
3025 E Kearney St,
Springfield, MO 65803

Telephone Number: 417-895-7644
Email: Darrell.Cook@modot.mo.gov

1.1 All questions concerning the bid document preparation can be directed to the Central Office – Design as listed below.

Telephone Number: (573) 751-2876

Email: BCS@modot.mo.gov

2.0 Upon award and execution of the contract, the successful bidder/contractor shall forward all questions and coordinate the work with the engineer listed below:

Jason Evenden, Resident Engineer
Southwest District
251 SE Outer Rd,
Branson, MO 65616

Telephone Number: 417-408-6686
Email: Jason.Evenden@modot.mo.gov

F. Supplemental Revisions JSP-18-01KK

- Compliance with [2 CFR 200.216 – Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment](#).

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission shall not enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) using federal funds to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as substantial or as critical technology as part of any system where the video surveillance and telecommunications equipment was produced by Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

- Stormwater Compliance Requirements

1.0 Description. This provision requires the contractor to provide a Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for any project that includes land disturbance on the project site and the total area of land disturbance, both on the project site, and all Off-site support areas, is one (1) acre or more. Regardless of the area of Off-site disturbance, if no land disturbance occurs on the project site, these provisions do not apply. When a WPCM is required, all sections within this provision shall be applicable, including assessment of specified Liquidated Damages for failure to correct Stormwater Deficiencies, as specified herein. This provision is in addition to any other stormwater, environmental, and land disturbance requirements specified elsewhere in the contract.

1.1 Definitions. The project site is defined as all areas designated on the plans, including temporary and permanent easements. The project site is equivalent to the “permitted site”, as defined in MoDOT’s State Operating Permit. An Off-site area is defined as any location off the project site the contractor utilizes for a dedicated project support function, such as, but not limited to, staging area, plant site, borrow area, or waste area.

1.2 Reporting of Off-Site Land Disturbance. If the project includes any planned land disturbance on the project site, prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit a written report to the engineer that discloses all Off-site support areas where land disturbance is planned, the total acreage of anticipated land disturbance on those sites, and the land disturbance permit number(s). Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a copy of its land disturbance permit(s) for Off-site locations. Based on the total acreage of land disturbance, both on and Off-site, the engineer shall determine if these Stormwater Compliance Requirements shall

apply. The Contractor shall immediately report any changes to the planned area of Off-site land disturbance. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining its own separate land disturbance permit for Off-site areas.

2.0 Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM). The Contractor shall designate a competent person to serve as the Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for projects meeting the description in Section 1.0. The Contractor shall ensure the WPCM completes all duties listed in Section 2.1.

2.1 Duties of the WPCM:

- (a) Be familiar with the stormwater requirements including the current MoDOT State Operating Permit for construction stormwater discharges/land disturbance activities; MoDOT's statewide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); the Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, when applicable; the project specific SWPPP, the Project's Erosion & Sediment Control Plan; all applicable special provisions, specifications, and standard drawings; and this provision;
- (b) Successfully complete the MoDOT Stormwater Training Course within the last 4 years. The MoDOT Stormwater Training is a free online course available at MoDOT.org;
- (c) Attend the Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading and Land Disturbance and all subsequent Weekly Meetings in which grading activities are discussed;
- (d) Oversee and ensure all work is performed in accordance with the Project-specific SWPPP and all updates thereto, or as designated by the engineer;
- (e) Review the project site for compliance with the Project SWPPP, as needed, from the start of any grading operations until final stabilization is achieved, and take necessary actions to correct any known deficiencies to prevent pollution of the waters of the state or adjacent property owners prior to the engineer's weekly inspections;
- (f) Review and acknowledge receipt of each MoDOT Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) for the Project within forty eight (48) hours of receiving the report and ensure that all Stormwater Deficiencies noted on the report are corrected as soon as possible, but no later than stated in Section 5.0.

3.0 Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading/Land Disturbance and Required Hold Point. A Pre-Activity meeting for grading/land disturbance shall be held prior to the start of any land disturbance operations. No land disturbance operations shall commence prior to the Pre-Activity meeting except work necessary to install perimeter controls and entrances. Discussion items at the pre-activity meeting shall include a review of the Project SWPPP, the planned order of grading operations, proposed areas of initial disturbance, identification of all necessary BMPs that shall be installed prior to commencement of grading operations, and any issues relating to compliance with the Stormwater requirements that could arise in the course of construction activity at the project.

3.1 Hold Point. Following the pre-activity meeting for grading/land disturbance and subsequent installation of the initial BMPs identified at the pre-activity meeting, a Hold Point shall occur prior to the start of any land disturbance operations to allow the engineer and WPCM the time needed

to perform an on-site review of the installation of the BMPs to ensure compliance with the SWPPP is met. Land disturbance operations shall not begin until authorization is given by the engineer.

4.0 Inspection Reports. Weekly and post run-off inspections will be performed by the engineer and each Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) will be entered into a web-based Stormwater Compliance database. The WPCM will be granted access to this database and shall promptly review all reports, including any noted deficiencies, and shall acknowledge receipt of the report as required in Section 2.1 (f.).

5.0 Stormwater Deficiency Corrections. All stormwater deficiencies identified in the Inspection Report shall be corrected by the contractor within 7 days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer when weather or field conditions prohibit the corrective work. If the contractor does not initiate corrective measures within 5 calendar days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer, all work shall cease on the project except for work to correct these deficiencies, unless otherwise allowed by the engineer. All impact costs related to this halting of work, including, but not limited to stand-by time for equipment, shall be borne by the Contractor. Work shall not resume until the engineer approves the corrective work.

5.1 Liquidated Damages. If the Contractor fails to complete the correction of all Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the MoDOT Inspection Report within the specified time limit, the Commission will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, potential liability, required mitigation, environmental clean-up, fines, and penalties. These damages are not reasonably capable of being computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of \$2,000 per day for failure to correct one or more of the Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the Inspection Report within the specified time limit. In addition to the stipulated damages, the stoppage of work shall remain in effect until all corrections are complete.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

106.9 Buy America Requirements.

Buy America Requirements are waived if the total amount of Federal financial assistance applied to the project, through awards or subawards, is below \$500,000.

106.9.1 Buy America Requirements for Iron or Steel Products.

The contractor's attention is directed to Title 23 CFR 635.410 *Buy America Requirements*. Where articles, materials or supplies that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both are to be permanently incorporated into the contract work, steel and iron material shall be manufactured, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, in the USA except for "minimal use" as described herein. Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. Under a general waiver from FHWA the use of pig iron and processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the USA will be permitted in the domestic manufacturing process for steel or iron material.

106.9.1.1 Any sources other than the USA as defined will be considered foreign. The required domestic manufacturing process shall include formation of ingots and any subsequent process. Coatings shall include any surface finish that protects or adds value to the product.

106.9.1.2 "Minimal use" of foreign steel, iron or coating processes will be permitted, provided the cost of such products does not exceed 1/10 of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost

or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. If foreign steel, iron, or coating processes are used, invoices to document the cost of the foreign portion, as delivered to the project, shall be provided and the engineer's written approval obtained prior to placing the material in any work.

106.9.1.3 Buy America requirements include a step certification for all fabrication processes of all steel or iron materials that are accepted per Sec 1000. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliance program verifies that all steel and iron products fabrication processes conform to 23 CFR 635.410 Buy America Requirements and is an acceptable standard per 23 CFR 635.410(d). AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant suppliers will not be required to submit step certification documentation with the shipment for some selected steel and iron materials. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant supplier shall maintain the step certification documentation on file and shall provide this documentation to the engineer upon request.

106.9.1.3.1 Items designated as Category 1 will consist of steel girders, piling, and reinforcing steel installed on site. Category 1 items require supporting documentation prior to incorporation into the project showing all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. This includes the Mill Test Report from the original producing steel mill and certifications documenting the manufacturing process for all subsequent fabrication, including coatings. The certification shall include language that certifies all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project was procured and processed domestically and all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410.

106.9.1.3.2 Items designated as Category 2 will include all other steel or iron products not in Category 1 and permanently incorporated in the project. Category 2 items shall consist of, but not be limited to items such as fencing, guardrail, signing, lighting and signal supports. The prime contractor is required to submit a material of origin form certification prior to incorporation into the project from the fabricator for each item that the product is domestic. The Certificate of Materials Origin form ([link to certificate form](#)) from the fabricator must show all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements and be signed by a fabricator representative. The engineer reserves the right to request additional information and documentation to verify that all Buy America requirements have been satisfied. These documents shall be submitted upon request by the engineer and retained for a period of 3 years after the last reimbursement of the material.

106.9.1.3.3 Any minor miscellaneous steel or iron items that are not included in the materials specifications shall be certified by the prime contractor as being procured domestically. Examples of these items would be bolts for sign posts, anchorage inserts, etc. The certification shall read "I certify that all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project during all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements procured and processed domestically in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. Any foreign steel used was submitted and accepted under minor usage". The certification shall be signed by an authorized representative of the prime contractor.

106.9.1.4 When permitted in the contract, alternate bids may be submitted for foreign steel and iron products. The award of the contract when alternate bids are permitted will be based on the lowest total bid of the contract based on furnishing domestic steel or iron products or 125 percent

of the lowest total bid based on furnishing foreign steel or iron products. If foreign steel or iron products are awarded in the contract, domestic steel or iron products may be used; however, payment will be at the contract unit price for foreign steel or iron products.

106.9.2 Buy America Requirements for Construction Materials other than iron or steel products.

Construction materials mean articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed. Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material. Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a domestic certification for all construction materials listed that are incorporated into the project.

- (a) Non-ferrous metals
- (b) Plastic and Polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables)
- (c) Glass (including optic glass)
- (d) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable)
- (e) Optical fiber
- (f) Lumber
- (g) Engineered wood
- (h) Drywall

106.9.3 Buy America Requirements for Manufactured Products.

Manufactured products mean articles, materials or supplies that have been processed into a specific form and shape, or combined with other articles, materials or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials or supplies. If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, an excluded material, or other product category as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184, then it is not a manufactured product. However, an article, material or supply classified as a manufactured product may include components that are iron or steel products, excluded materials, or other product categories as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184. Mixtures

of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

106.9.3.1 Produced in the United States, in the case of manufactured products, means:

(A) For projects obligated on or after October 1, 2025, the product was manufactured in the United States; and

(B) For projects obligated on or after October 1, 2026, the product was manufactured in the United States and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.

106.9.3.2 (i) With respect to precast concrete products that are classified as manufactured products, components of precast concrete products that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. The cost of such components shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether the precast concrete product is produced in the United States.

(ii) With respect to intelligent transportation systems and other electronic hardware systems that are installed in the highway right of way or other real property and classified as manufactured products, the cabinets or other enclosures of such systems that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. The cost of cabinets or other enclosures shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether systems referred to in the preceding sentence are produced in the United States.

106.9.4 Waiver for De Minimis Costs for Manufactured and Construction Materials other than iron or steel products.

“The total value of the non-compliant products is no more than the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 5% of total applicable costs for the project.” The contractor shall submit to the engineer any non-domestic materials and their total material cost to the engineer. The contractor and the engineer will both track these totals to assure that the minimal usage allowance is not exceeded.

- Third-Party Test Waiver for Concrete Aggregate

1.0 Description. Third party tests may be allowed for determining the durability factor for concrete pavement and concrete masonry aggregate.

2.0 Material. All aggregate for concrete shall be in accordance with Sec 1005.

2.1 MoDOT personnel shall be present at the time of sampling at the quarry. The aggregate sample shall be placed in an approved tamper-evident container (provided by the quarry) for shipment to the third-party testing facility.

2.2 AASHTO T 161 Method B Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing, shall be used to determine the aggregate durability factor. All concrete beams for testing shall be 3-inch wide by 4-inch deep by 16-inch long or 3.5-inch wide by 4.5-inch deep by 16-inch long. All beams for testing shall receive a 35-day wet cure fully immersed in saturated lime water prior to initiating the testing process.

2.3 Concrete test beams shall be made using a MoDOT approved concrete pavement mix design.

3.0 Testing Facility Requirements. All third-party test facilities shall meet the requirements outlined in this provision.

3.1 The testing facility shall be AASHTO accredited.

3.1.1 For tests ran after January 1, 2025, accreditation documentation shall be on file with the Construction and Materials Division prior to any tests being performed.

3.1.2 Construction and Materials Division may consider tests completed prior to January 1, 2025, to be acceptable if all sections of this provision are met, with the exception of 3.1.1. Accreditation documentation shall be provided with the test results for tests completed prior to January 1, 2025. No tests completed prior to September 1, 2024, will be accepted.

3.2 The testing facility shall provide their testing process, list of equipment, equipment calibration documentation, and testing certifications or qualifications of technicians performing the AASHTO T 161 Procedure B tests. The testing facility shall provide details on their freezing and thawing apparatus including the time and temperature profile of their freeze-thaw chamber. The profile shall include the temperature set points throughout the entirety of the freeze-thaw cycle. The profile shall show the cycle time at which the apparatus drains/fills with water and the cycle time at which the apparatus begins cooling the specimens.

3.3 Results, no more than five years old, from the third-party test facility shall compare within ± 2.0 percent of an independent test from another AASHTO accredited test facility or with MoDOT test records, in order to be approved for use (e.g. test facility results in a durability factor of 79, MoDOT's recent durability test factor is 81; this compared within +2 percent). The independent testing facility shall be in accordance with this provision. The comparison test can be from a different sample of the same ledge combination.

3.4 When there is a dispute between the third party durability test results and MoDOT durability test results, the MoDOT durability test result shall govern.

3.5 Test results shall be submitted to MoDOT's Construction and Materials division electronically for final approval. Test results shall include raw data for all measurements of relative dynamic modulus of elasticity and percent length change for each individual concrete specimen. Raw data shall include initial measurements made at zero cycles and every subsequent measurement of concrete specimens. Raw data shall include the cycle count and date each measurement was taken. Test results shall also include properties of the concrete mixture as required by AASHTO T 161. This shall include the gradation of the coarse aggregate sample. If AASHTO T 152 is used to measure fresh air content, then the aggregate correction factor for the mix determined in accordance with AASHTO T 152 shall also be included.

4.0 Method of Measurement. There is no method of measurement for this provision. The testing requirements and number of specimens shall be in accordance with AASHTO T 161 Procedure B.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to the contractor or quarry to recover the cost of aggregate samples, sample shipments, testing equipment, labor to prepare samples or test samples, or developing the durability report.

15.0 Bidder's List Quote Summary. MoDOT is a recipient of federal funds and is required by 49 CFR 26.11 to provide data about its DBE program. All bidders who seek to work on federally assisted contracts must submit data about all DBE and non-DBEs in accordance with Sec 102.7.9. MoDOT will not compare the submitted Bidder's List Quote Summary to any other documents or submittals, pre or post award. All information will be used by MoDOT in accordance with 49 CFR 26.11 for reporting to USDOT and to aid in overall DBE goal setting.

102.7.9 Bidder's List Quote Summary. Each bidder shall submit with each bid a summary of all subcontractors, material suppliers, and service providers (e.g. hauling) considered on federally funded projects pursuant to 49 CFR 26.11. The bidder will provide the firm's name, the corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code(s) the firm(s) were considered for, and whether or not they were used in the bid. The information submitted should be the most complete information available at the time of bid. The information shall be disclosed on the Bidder's List Quote Summary form provided in the bidding documents and submitted in accordance with Sec 102.10. Failure to disclose this information may result in a bid being declared irregular.

G. Bridge End Transitions

1.0 Description. At all bridge exceptions, the engineer will determine in the field the ending point of the transition. This point will not necessarily be at the bridge end but will be located at a point which provides a smooth transition and approach to the bridge. The limits of all bridge end transitions shall be approved by the engineer before any milling proceeds on these transitions. Where bridges are to be resurfaced, the surfacing shall be from curb to curb.

H. Contractor Furnished, Contractor Installed Radar Detection System

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of providing radar detection for all traffic signal installations. The radar detection shall be in accordance with the standard specifications and installed to provide detection at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer in accordance with Sec 902.

2.0 Equipment. Radar equipment must meet or exceed all the following requirements.

- a. Equipment must be FCC certified.
- b. Equipment must meet all NEMA TS2-2003 specifications for traffic control equipment.
- c. Each radar unit must be composed of multiple sensors to establish two-dimensional coverage.
- d. Radar Detection must be compatible with SDLC inputs.

3.0 Construction Requirements. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing all necessary items to make the new radar detection system operational with stop bar presence detection and count detection for each lane of travel. Input BIU 9 shall be used for presence detector inputs according to the following chart.

Vehicle Detection Assignments

	BIU	IO	Detector	Call Phase	Mvmt
PRESENCE DETECTION	BIU 9	1	1	1	SBL
		2	2	2	NBT
		3	3	3	EBL
		4	4	4	WBT
		5	5	5	NBL
		6	6	6	SBT
		7	7	7	WBL
		8	8	8	EBT
		9	9		
		10	10	2	NBR*
		11	11		
		12	12	4	WBR*
		13	13		
		14	14	6	SBR*
		15	15		
		16	16	8	EBR*

*Right turn presence detection only used if the RT lane is signalized

3.1 BIU 10 and 11 shall be used for count detector inputs according to the following chart.

Vehicle Detection Assignments					
	BIU	IO	Detector	Call Phase	Lane
COUNT DETECTION	BIU 10	1	17	1	SBL 1
		2	18	1	SBL 2
		3	19	1	SBL 3
		4	20	2	NBT 1
		5	21	2	NBT 2
		6	22	2	NBT 3
		7	23	2	NBT 4
		8	24	2	NBR 1
		9	25	3	EBL 1
		10	26	3	EBL 2
		11	27	3	EBL 3
		12	28	4	WBT 1
		13	29	4	WBT 2
		14	30	4	WBT 3
		15	31	4	WBT 4
		16	32	4	WBR 1
	BIU11	1	33	5	NBL 1

2	34	5	NBL 2
3	35	5	NBL 3
4	36	6	SBT 1
5	37	6	SBT 2
6	38	6	SBT 3
7	39	6	SBT 4
8	40	6	SBR 1
9	41	7	WBL 1
10	42	7	WBL 2
11	43	7	WBL 3
12	44	8	EBT 1
13	45	8	EBT 2
14	46	8	EBT 3
15	47	8	EBT 4
16	48	8	EBR 1

3.2 Presence Zones for left turn lanes shall be assigned to Radar Channel 1. Presence Zones for through lanes shall be assigned to Radar Channel 2. Presence Zones for RT lanes, if needed, shall be assigned to Radar Channel 3. Counts Zones shall be assigned to Radar Channels 4-8. Each Count Zone shall be assigned to its own Channel. All detector programming shall be approved by the MoDOT signal engineer.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be per intersection, complete in place including all necessary incidental items to complete the work. An intersection is defined as all legs in each direction including all lanes on each leg of the intersection.

5.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for the installation of the radar detection system will be completely covered by the contract unit price for Pay Item No. 902-99.02, Contractor Furnished, Contractor Installed Radar Detection System, per each.

I. Pole Height Extension for Advanced Radar

1.0 Description. The contractor shall install an extension to existing signal poles to increase the detection zone of advanced radar.

2.0 Material Requirements. One extension is to be made of ten feet of conduit with Astro-Brac signal mounting clamps to attach to the existing signal pole. Conduit is to be two inch diameter.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The Pay Item No. 902-99.02, Pole Height Extension for Advanced Radar, is to cover any costs to complete the work.

J. Contractor Furnished, Contractor Installed Advanced Radar Detection System

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of providing radar detection for all traffic signal installations. The radar detection shall be in accordance with the standard specifications and installed to provide detection at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer in accordance with Sec 902.

2.0 Equipment. Radar equipment must meet or exceed all the following requirements.

- b. Equipment must be FCC certified.
- c. Equipment must meet all NEMA TS2-2003 specifications for traffic control equipment.
- d. Each radar unit must be composed of multiple sensors to establish two-dimensional coverage.
- e. Radar Detection must be compatible with SDLC inputs.
- f. Radar detection zone must be capable of being greater than 140 feet but a maximum of 600 feet.

3.0 Construction Requirements. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing all necessary items to make the new radar detection system operational with stop bar presence detection and count detection for each lane of travel. Input BIU 9 shall be used for presence detector inputs according to the following chart.

Vehicle Detection Assignments					
	BIU	IO	Detector	Call Phase	Mvmt
PRESENCE DETECTION	BIU 9	1	1	1	SBL
		2	2	2	NBT
		3	3	3	EBL
		4	4	4	WBT
		5	5	5	NBL
		6	6	6	SBT
		7	7	7	WBL
		8	8	8	EBT
		9	9		
		10	10	2	NBR*
		11	11		
		12	12	4	WBR*
		13	13		
		14	14	6	SBR*
		15	15		
		16	16	8	EBR*

*Right turn presence detection only used if the RT lane is signalized

3.1 BIU 10 and 11 shall be used for count detector inputs according to the following chart.

Vehicle Detection Assignments					
COUNT DETECTION	BIU	IO	Detector	Call Phase	Lane
		1	17	1	SBL 1

	BIU 10	2	18	1	SBL 2
		3	19	1	SBL 3
		4	20	2	NBT 1
		5	21	2	NBT 2
		6	22	2	NBT 3
		7	23	2	NBT 4
		8	24	2	NBR 1
		9	25	3	EBL 1
		10	26	3	EBL 2
		11	27	3	EBL 3
		12	28	4	WBT 1
		13	29	4	WBT 2
		14	30	4	WBT 3
		15	31	4	WBT 4
		16	32	4	WBR 1
	BIU11	1	33	5	NBL 1
		2	34	5	NBL 2
		3	35	5	NBL 3
		4	36	6	SBT 1
		5	37	6	SBT 2
		6	38	6	SBT 3
		7	39	6	SBT 4
		8	40	6	SBR 1
		9	41	7	WBL 1
		10	42	7	WBL 2
		11	43	7	WBL 3
		12	44	8	EBT 1
		13	45	8	EBT 2
		14	46	8	EBT 3
		15	47	8	EBT 4
		16	48	8	EBR 1

3.2 Presence Zones for left turn lanes shall be assigned to Radar Channel 1. Presence Zones for through lanes shall be assigned to Radar Channel 2. Presence Zones for RT lanes, if needed, shall be assigned to Radar Channel 3. Counts Zones shall be assigned to Radar Channels 4-8. Each Count Zone shall be assigned to its own Channel. All detector programming shall be approved by the MoDOT signal engineer.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be per intersection, complete in place including all necessary incidental items to complete the work. An intersection is defined as all legs in each direction including all lanes on each leg of the intersection.

5.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for the installation of the radar detection system will be completely covered by the contract unit price for Pay Item No. 902-99.02, Contractor Furnished, Contractor Installed Advanced Radar Detection System, per each.

K. Signal Connection For Remote Location

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of providing and installing a new router at the intersection of US65 and MO86.

2.0 Material Requirements. The equipment installed with this project shall consist of a new Cisco Catalyst IR1821-K9 Router with Network Advantage License, power supply, power cord, and multi-carrier brand -14 CAT4 LTE Cellular Modem (P-LTE-MNA) placed inside a 332 cabinet.

3.0 Communications. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing all necessary items to bring the new signal controllers online and operational. This includes but is not limited to the router. The information systems technologist will provide and program the necessary IP address, subnet mask, and gateway.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be lump sum as installed by the contractor and accepted by the engineer.

5.0 Basis of Payment. Accepted signal connection equipment will be paid for at the contract unit price for item 902-99.02 Wireless Subscriber Unit, per each.

L. Loop Detectors

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of providing loop detectors for signal installations. Detectors shall be in accordance with the standard specifications and installed to provide detection at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

2.0 Method of Measurement. Method of measurement will be in accordance with Section 902.

3.0 Basis of Payment. Loop Detectors will be paid for at the contract unit price for Pay Item No. 902-85.00, Cable, Loop Detector, In Duct, per Linear Foot. No direct payment will be made for incidental items necessary to complete the work.

M. Pavement Marking Log

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of the Contractor documenting the location of all existing pavement markings prior to coldmilling or resurfacing and installing new pavement markings to match the scheme that was in place prior to the project.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to the start of resurfacing work, the Contractor shall document the color, type, and location of the existing pavement markings, including any change in pavement marking (e.g., solid yellow to intermittent yellow on the centerline) and no passing zones. The Contractor shall submit the method of documentation to the Engineer for approval prior to recording the existing pavement marking information.

2.1 The existing pavement marking documentation provided by the Contractor shall include the location of existing pavement markings by either station or log mile. The Engineer shall reserve the right to make adjustments to the final pavement marking locations. The Engineer will provide the Contractor with any adjusted locations. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor make adjustments to the location of permanent pavement markings without the Engineer's approval.

2.2 All permanent pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Sec 620.

3.0. Temporary Pavement Marking. The Contractor shall provide temporary pavement marking in accordance with Sec 620 and Standard Plan 620.10. No compensation will be made to the Contractor for temporary pavement marking.

4.0 Method of Measurement. Measurement will be made in accordance with Sec 620.

5.0 Basis of Payment. No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for compliance with this provision. All costs associated with the equipment, labor, materials, and time necessary to fulfill the requirements of this provision shall be considered completely covered by the pavement marking (Sec 620) line items in the contract.

N. Permanent Pavement Marking - SW

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing permanent centerline, edge line, lane line markings, and preformed thermoplastic pavement marking, as specified, at locations shown on the plans or as approved by the engineer. The preformed thermoplastic pavement marking includes, but not limited to, 24" White (Stop Bars) and 24" Yellow (Hash Mark), 6" White for Crosswalks, Turn Arrows, Railroad Crossings, Yield Markings, and the word "ONLY". This work shall be in accordance with Section 620 and specifically as follows.

2.0 Construction Requirements. On roadways open to traffic, permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings shall be in place no later than five days after the final paving operations. This requirement applies per individual route if multiple routes are included in a contract or if a 15 mile section of an individual route is open to traffic within a contract. This requirement also applies to divided highways, once a directional segment of 15 mile, or the entire directional segment if less than 15 miles, is paved and open to traffic within a contract. To fulfill this requirement, the contractor may have to mobilize more than once for the installation of permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings. The contractor will also need to coordinate the permanent pavement marking with the installation of rumble strips. The contractor shall place the preformed thermoplastic pavement marking after the permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line marking is installed by the contractor or by others. The contractor will have 5 five days after the permanent centerline, edge line, and lane line markings are placed to start the preformed thermoplastic pavement marking installation and shall be placed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as approved by the engineer.

3.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of permanent pavement marking will be paid for at the contract unit price for each of the pay items include in the contract. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, material or time necessary to complete the described work including any other incidental items.

O. Signal Detection Disconnection

1.0 Description. The contractor shall contact the Traffic Management Center to coordinate a new signal timing at a minimum of 2 working days prior to the disconnection of the signal's detection capabilities or prior to the milling of an approach with inductive loop detection.

2.0 Contact Information.

Cole Ketchum, Traffic Studies Specialist
Southwest District Traffic Management Center
Telephone Number: 417-829-8061
Cell Number: 417-766-3241
Email Cole.Ketchum@modot.mo.gov

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

P. Coordination of Traffic Control with Adjacent Governmental Entities

1.0 Description. This project is adjacent to roadways owned and operated by governmental entities outside the jurisdiction of the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission. Adjacent governmental entities may include other states, counties, townships, special road districts, Turnpike authorities, Tribal authorities, or other governmental agencies responsible for owning, operating and maintaining roadways within their respective jurisdictions.

1.1 The adjacent governmental entities impacted by this project are listed below. Traffic control devices will need to be set up on routes owned by adjacent governmental entities in order to facilitate the construction operations in Missouri. **Details can be found in the project plans.**

(1) Arkansas Department of Transportation (ARDOT), US Route 65 adjacent to US Route 65 at the state line.

2.0 Construction Requirements.

2.1 MoDOT has made initial contact with adjacent governmental entities to inform them of the upcoming project and to give them an approximate timeline for the work. The contractor shall contact adjacent governmental entities once the construction schedule is known, and shall provide the entities with all details concerning the construction schedule, traffic control setup, and any other items of work that will be needed along or adjacent to entity-owned roadways. Contact information will be furnished by the engineer upon request.

2.2 Any required permits, agreements, MOUs, or other approvals for work outside of Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission jurisdiction shall be solely between the contractor and the adjacent governmental entity. Signed copies of any such permits, agreements, MOUs, or other approvals shall be furnished to the engineer.

2.3 All traffic control devices installed within the adjacent governmental entity jurisdiction shall be in accordance with Sec 616.

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made.

4.0 Basis of Payment.

4.1 No direct payment will be made for fulfilling the requirements of this provision.

4.2 Payment for any permit fees, tolls, or additional traffic control devices required as a condition of adjacent governmental entity approval will be the sole responsibility of the contractor.

4.3 Payment for traffic control devices as shown in the project plans will be made according to the contract unit prices for the traffic control line items included in the contract.

Q. Airport Requirements JSP-15-09

1.0 Description. The project is located near a public use airport or heliport or is more than 200 feet above existing ground level, which requires adherence to Federal Aviation Regulation Part 77 (FAA Reg Part 77). "Near" to a public use airport or heliport is defined as follows:

20,000 feet (4 miles) from an airport with a runway length of at least 3,200 feet
10,000 feet (2 miles) from an airport with runway length less than 3,200 feet
5,000 feet (1 mile) from a public use heliport

2.0 The maximum height of the improvement and the equipment operating while performing the improvements was assumed to be 15.0 feet above the current travelway during the process of evaluating the project for compliance with FAA Reg Part 77.

2.1 If the contractor's height of equipment or if the improvement itself is beyond the assumed height as indicated in Sec 2.0, the contractor will work with the resident engineer to fill out the Form 7460-1, or revise the original Form 7460-1 based upon the proposed height and resubmit, if necessary, for a determination by FAA on compliance with FAA Reg Part 77. Further information can be found in MoDOT's Engineering Policy Guide 235.8 Airports. If the Form 7460-1 must be filed, the associated work shall not be performed prior to the FAA determination, which could take up to 45 days.

2.2 If the contractor's height of equipment and the improvement itself is below the assumed height as indicated in Sec 2.0, no further action is necessary to fulfill the requirements set forth in FAA Reg Part 77.

3.0 Basis of Payment. There will be no direct payment for any work associated with this provision. Contract time extension will be given for the time necessary to obtain or revise the FAA permit. Any delays or costs incurred in obtaining the revised permit will be noncompensable.

R. High Friction Surface Treatment NJSP-15-13D

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing a High Friction Surface Treatment (HFST) on asphalt or concrete pavement.

1.1 The HFST shall be comprised of surface preparation and a minimum of a single layer using a Binder Resin System which holds a surface applied aggregate firmly in place. The Binder Resin System shall include Polymeric or Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) Resins.

2.0 Material.

2.1.1 Resin Binder System. Resin Binder Systems shall be recommended by the manufacturer as suitable for use on the intended pavement surface and for the potential range of atmospheric exposure.

2.1.2 The contractor shall furnish and install a Resin Binder System that meets the criteria in (AASHTO PP 79-14 Table 1):

Table 1 - Resin Binder System			
Property	Test Method	Requirements	
		Polymeric Resin	MMA
Ultimate Tensile Strength	AASHTO M-235	2500-5000 psi	1500-5000 psi
Elongation at break point	AASHTO M-235	30-70%	30-70%
Compressive Strength	ASTM C 579	1000 psi min. at 3 hours 5000 psi min. at 7 days	1000 psi min. at 3 hours 2000 psi min. at 7 days
Water Absorption	AASHTO M-235	1% max.	1% max.
Durometer Hardness (Shore D)	ASTM D-2240	60-80	40-75
Viscosity	ASTM D-2556	Class C: 7-30 poises	Class C: 12-20 poises
Gel Time	AASHTO M-235	Class C: 10 minutes min.	Class C: 10 minutes min.
Cure Rate (Dry through time)	ASTM D-1640	3 hrs. max.	3 hrs. max.
Adhesive Strength at 24 hours	ASTM D 4541	250 psi min. or 100% substrate failure	250 psi min. or 100% substrate failure

2.1.3 Independent laboratory reports per formulation shall be provided, documenting that the resin binder meets the requirements of this specification. A sample of the resin binder or components lot/batch shall be supplied upon request.

2.1.4 At the request of the engineer, the manufacturer of the Resin Binder System shall certify that the Resin Binder System meets the requirements of this specification. Such certification shall consist of either a copy of the manufacturer's test report or a statement by the manufacturer, accompanied by a copy of the current test results, that the Resin Binder System has been sampled and tested. Such certification shall indicate the date of testing and shall be signed by the manufacturer.

2.2.1 Aggregate. The contractor shall furnish and install a high friction aggregate that is clean, dry and free from deleterious material. The high friction aggregate shall be Calcined Bauxite or

an approved alternate high friction aggregate that meets the specifications stated herein and meets the surface friction requirements stated in section 5.2.

2.2.2 The high friction aggregate shall meet the criteria in Table 2:

Table 2 - High Friction Aggregate		
Property	Test Method	Requirement
Resistance to Degradation	AASTHO T-96	20% max.
Aggregate Grading	AASHTO T-27	No. 4 Percent Passing 100% min. No. 6 Percent Passing 95% min. No. 16 Percent Passing 5% max.
Moisture Content	AASHTO T-255	0.2% max.
Aluminum Oxide	ASTM C-25	87% min.

2.2.3 All aggregates shall be furnished in appropriate packaging that is clearly labeled and protects the aggregate from any contaminants on the jobsite and from exposure to rain or other moisture.

2.2.4 At the request of the engineer, the manufacturer of the aggregate shall certify that the aggregate meets the requirements of this specification. Such certification shall consist of either a copy of the manufacturer's report or a statement by the manufacturer, accompanied by a copy of the current test results, that the aggregate has been sampled and tested. Such certification shall indicate the date of testing and shall be signed by the manufacturer.

2.2.5 Test methods should be in accordance with AASHTO PP 79-14.

3.0 Construction Requirements. A manufacturer's representative of the Resin Binder System shall be present at the jobsite during all construction operations relating to the preparation and placement of the HFST. All construction operations relating to the HFST shall meet the recommendations of the manufacturer's representative. Final approval of all HFST placement operations will be given by the engineer.

3.1 Weather Limitations. Resin Binder systems shall not be placed on any wet surface or when the ambient temperature or the temperature of the pavement is above or below the manufacturer's recommendations or when the anticipated weather conditions would prevent the proper application of the surface treatment as directed by the manufacturer's representative. Temperatures shall be obtained in accordance with MoDOT Test Method TM 20.

3.2 Surface Preparations. The surface shall be thoroughly cleaned immediately prior to installation of the HFST. The surface shall be clean, dry and free of all dust, oil, debris and any other material that might interfere with the bond between the resin binder material and the existing surface as recommended by the manufacturer's representative.

3.2.1 The contractor shall pre-treat joints and cracks greater than ¼ inch in width and depth with the mixed Resin Binder System. Once the resin binder in the pre-treated areas has gelled, the installation of the HFST may proceed.

3.2.2 Asphalt Pavement. Clean asphalt pavement surfaces using mechanical sweepers and high-pressure air wash with sufficient oil traps. Mechanically sweep all surfaces to remove dirt, loose aggregate, debris, and deleterious material. Vacuum sweep or air wash using a minimum of 180 cfm of clean and dry compressed air, all surfaces to remove all dust, debris, and deleterious material. HFST shall not be applied to newly placed asphalt pavement surfaces that are less than 30 days old.

3.2.3 Concrete Pavement. Clean concrete pavement surfaces by shot blasting and vacuum sweeping. Shot blast all surfaces to remove all curing compounds, loosely bonded mortar, surface carbonation, and deleterious material. The prepared surface shall comply with the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI) standard for surface roughness CSP 5. After shot blasting, vacuum sweep or air wash, with a minimum of 180 cfm of clean and dry compressed air, all surfaces to remove all dust, debris, and deleterious material.

3.2.4 All existing edge line pavement markings that are adjacent to the HFST location shall be covered and protected as approved by the engineer prior to performing surface preparation. HFST shall not be placed over existing pavement markings or rumble strips. Lane line pavement markings that conflict with the HFST installation shall be removed by methods approved by the manufacturer's representative. Any existing edge line pavement markings that are damaged during the HFST application process shall be replaced at the contractor's expense.

3.3 HFST shall be allowed to cure for the minimum duration as recommended by the binder component supplier's specifications and during that time the application area shall be closed to all vehicles and contractor's equipment traffic.

3.4 Excess and loose aggregate shall be removed from the traveled way and shoulders in such a way that the HFST is not damaged or disturbed. Excess aggregate that can be reused shall be reclaimed by a vacuum sweeper. The recovered aggregate shall be clean, uncontaminated and dry, if it is to be re-used in the HFST application. All reclaimed aggregate must be in conformance with the requirements in Section 2.0. Material.

3.5 Utilities, drainage structures, curbs and any other structures within or adjacent to the treatment location shall be protected against the application of the HFST materials.

4.0 Application Methods. HFST shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The HFST can be applied by either mechanical or manual techniques.

4.1 The Resin Binder System shall be blended and mixed in the ratio per the manufacturer's specification (± 2 percent by volume) and shall be continuously applied once blended.

4.1.1 The Resin Binder System shall be applied at a uniform thickness of 50-65 mils (25-32 square feet per gallon). Coverage rate is based upon expected variances in the surface profile of the pavement.

4.1.2 The operation shall proceed in such a manner that will not allow the mixed material to separate, cure, dry, be exposed or otherwise harden in such a way as to impair retention and bonding of the high friction aggregate.

4.1.3 The high friction aggregate shall be immediately applied at a rate of 12-15 pounds per square yard (achieving saturation) in such a manner that there is no disruption to the leveled

binder. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure full embedment of the high friction aggregate.

4.1.4 Wet spots shall be covered with the high friction aggregate prior to the gelling of the Resin Binder System.

4.1.5 Walking, standing on, or any form of contact or contamination with the wet uncured Resin Binder System without spiked shoes as approved by the engineer, prior to application of the aggregate, will result in that section of Resin Binder System being removed and replaced at the contractor's expense.

4.1.6 Applications on high-speed highways such as interstate, interstate ramps, and bridge decks will require additional sweeping three days after the initial installation is completed to remove excess and loose aggregate from the traveled way and shoulders.

5.0 Basis of Acceptance. Acceptance of the HFST will be made based on the engineer's final Surface Quality Examination and satisfactory Surface Friction Testing, when required.

5.1 Surface Quality Examination. No less than fourteen (14) days following application, the engineer will check the HFST for areas where: the resin binder has not cured properly (i.e., binder remains soft), there is excessive resin binder at the surface, signs of delamination exist, the surface has an insufficient aggregate coverage, the surface aggregate is not sufficiently bonded (i.e., approximately 50% embedment into the resin), or any other surface deficiencies. Any deficiencies found shall be either removed and replaced or repaired in accordance with manufacturer recommendations and to the satisfaction of the engineer.

5.2 Surface Friction Testing. Surface friction testing shall be performed by the contractor, and at the contractor's expense, when an alternate to calcined bauxite is used for the high friction aggregate. Surface friction testing may also be required as a condition of acceptance of repairs to the HFST if, in the opinion of the engineer, the corrective work adversely affected surface friction as compared to non-repair areas.

5.2.1 Surface Friction Requirements. When surface friction testing is required, the completed HFST shall meet a minimum requirement of 65 FN40R from the ASTM E274 test within fourteen (14) calendar days after completion of the HFST. Any surface that fails to conform to the above friction requirement must be removed and replaced at the contractor's expense within one week after being notified by the engineer.

6.0 Method of Measurement. Final measurement of the completed HFST will not be made except for authorized changes during construction, or where appreciable errors are found in the contract quantity. When required, measurement of HFST, complete in place, will be made to the nearest square yard. The revisions or correction will be computed and added to or deducted from the contract quantity.

7.0 Basis of Payment. The accepted quantity of HFST, in place, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid for Item Number 413-99.05, High Friction Surface Treatment, per square yard. The contract price per square yard of HFST shall include full compensation for all labor, materials, tools, equipment, testing and incidental items necessary to complete the described work.

S. Paving Sequence

1.0 Description. The pavement shall be laid in lanes approximately one half the full width of the completed pavement, and the full width shall be completed as soon as practical. Unless otherwise permitted, a single lane shall not be constructed to a length that cannot be completed to full width of the pavement the succeeding operating day.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No additional payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

T. Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking - SW

In addition to the requirements of Section 627 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, the following shall apply:

1.0 Description. The contractor shall be responsible for all layout required on the project. This responsibility shall include, but not be limited to the following: Construction signing, transition milling, pavement marking, loop detectors, etc.

1.1 The above list is not all inclusive. The contractor shall have the primary responsibility for these operations. The contractor shall provide the Resident Engineer (RE) with a staking plan layout for approval prior to the installation of signs. The RE will also provide assistance during this layout provided a request is submitted to the RE or Construction Project Manager 48 hours in advance. This will ensure that all permanently mounted traffic control devices remain consistent with District policy and avoid re-staking. If the contractor installs any signs without engineer approval, all costs associated with re-staking and/or relocation will be at the contractor's expense.

1.2 The intent of this provision is to increase the quality of our work zones and minimize negative impacts to the contractor's schedule that can result from delays in staking.

1.3 Any adjustments to the plan quantities or line numbers established in the contract shall be approved by the Engineer.

2.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made to cover the costs associated with these additional requirements. All costs will be considered completely covered by the unit bid price submitted for Contractor Furnished Surveying and Staking.

U. Contractor Quality Control NJSP-15-42

1.0 The contractor shall perform Quality Control (QC) testing in accordance with the specifications and as specified herein. The contractor shall submit a Quality Control Plan (QC Plan) to the engineer for approval that includes all items listed in Section 2.0, prior to beginning work.

2.0 Quality Control Plan.

(a) The name and contact information of the person in responsible charge of the QC testing.

(b) A list of the QC technicians who will perform testing on the project, including the fields in which they are certified to perform testing.

(c) A proposed independent third party testing firm for dispute resolution, including all contact information.

(d) A list of Hold Points, when specified by the engineer.

(e) The MoDOT Standard Inspection and Testing Plan (ITP). This shall be the version that is posted at the time of bid on the MoDOT website (www.modot.org/quality).

3.0 Quality Control Testing and Reporting. Testing shall be performed per the test method and frequency specified in the ITP. All personnel who perform sampling or testing shall be certified in the MoDOT Technician Certification Program for each test that they perform.

3.1 Reporting of Test Results. All QC test reports shall be submitted as soon as practical, but no later than the day following the test. Test data shall be immediately provided to the engineer upon request at any time, including prior to the submission of the test report. No payment will be made for the work performed until acceptable QC test results have been received by the engineer and confirmed by QA test results.

3.1.1 Test results shall be reported on electronic forms provided by MoDOT. Forms and Contractor Reporting Excel2Oracle Reports (CRE2O) can be found on the MoDOT website. All required forms, reports and material certifications shall be uploaded to a Microsoft SharePoint® site provided by MoDOT, and organized in the file structure established by MoDOT.

3.2 Non-Conformance Reporting. A Non-Conformance Report (NCR) shall be submitted by the contractor when the contractor proposes to incorporate material into the work that does not meet the testing requirements or for any work that does not comply with the contract terms or specifications.

3.2.1 Non-Conformance Reporting shall be submitted electronically on the Non-Conformance Report form provided on the MoDOT Website. The NCR shall be uploaded to the MoDOT SharePoint® site and an email notification sent to the engineer.

3.2.2 The contractor shall propose a resolution to the non-conforming material or work. Acceptance of a resolution by the engineer is required before closure of the non-conformance report.

4.0 Work Planning and Scheduling.

4.1 Two-week Schedule. Each week, the contractor shall submit to the engineer a schedule that outlines the planned project activities for the following two-week period. The two-week schedule shall detail all work and traffic control events planned for that period and any Hold Points specified by the engineer.

4.2 Weekly Meeting. When work is active, the contractor shall hold a weekly project meeting with the engineer to review the planned activities for the following week and to resolve any outstanding issues. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent or project manager and any foreman leading major activities. This meeting may be waived when, in the opinion of the engineer, a meeting is not necessary. Attendees may join the meeting in person, by phone or video conference.

4.3 Pre-Activity Meeting. A pre-activity meeting is required in advance of the start of each new activity, except when waived by the engineer. The purpose of this meeting is to review

construction details of the new activity. At a minimum, the discussion topics shall include: safety precautions, QC testing, traffic impacts, and any required Hold Points. Attendees shall include the engineer, the contractor superintendent and the foreman who will be leading the new activity. Pre-activity meetings may be held in conjunction with the weekly project meeting.

4.4 Hold Points. Hold Points are events that require approval by the engineer prior to continuation of work. Hold Points occur at definable stages of work when, in the opinion of the engineer, a review of the preceding work is necessary before continuation to the next stage.

4.4.1 A list of typical Hold Point events is available on the MoDOT website. Use of the Hold Point process will only be required for the project-specific list of Hold Points, if any, that the engineer submits to the contractor in advance of the work. The engineer may make changes to the Hold Point list at any time.

4.4.2 Prior to all Hold Point inspections, the contractor shall verify the work has been completed in accordance with the contract and specifications. If the engineer identifies any corrective actions needed during a Hold Point inspection, the corrections shall be completed prior to continuing work. The engineer may require a new Hold Point to be scheduled if the corrections require a follow-up inspection. Re-scheduling of Hold Points require a minimum 24-hour advance notification from the contractor unless otherwise allowed by the engineer.

5.0 Quality Assurance Testing and Inspection. MoDOT will perform quality assurance testing and inspection of the work, except as specified herein. The contractor shall utilize the inspection checklists provided in the ITP as a guide to minimize findings by MoDOT inspection staff. Submittal of completed checklists is not required, except as specified in 5.1.

5.1 Inspection and testing required in the production of concrete for the project shall be the responsibility of the contractor. Submittal of the 501 Concrete Plant Checklist is required.

6.0 Basis of Payment. No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

V. Cooperation Between Contractors - SW

1.0 Description. This contract is one of several contemplated relative to the overall project. Separate contracts may be let that will be within this contract's area.

2.0 Construction Requirements.

2.1 The work for this project shall be performed in the order necessary to best facilitate the early completion of the combined projects on this improvement. The contractor shall be required to arrange the storage of materials and equipment and perform the construction operations so as not to unduly interfere with the operations of other contractors. This may require the contractor to store equipment and materials off state right of way and make the necessary arrangements for storage sites.

2.2 Full cooperation of the contractors involved with this improvement in careful and complete coordination of their respective activities in the area will be required. Each contractor involved shall so schedule and conduct work as to avoid unnecessary inconvenience, delay to another and a manner as not to damage work being performed or completed by another. When necessary for

proper prosecution of work, each contractor shall permit the other access through the overlapping construction areas and the use of any access or haul roads constructed by others.

2.3 JSR0091 – US65 Intersection improvements at MO265.

3.0 Method of Measurement. No measurement will be made.

4.0 Basis of Payment. Payment for the above-described work will be considered completely covered by the contract unit price for other items included in the contract.

W. Culvert Location

1.0 Description. This work shall consist of the Contractor documenting the location of all existing crossroad culverts prior to conducting grading operations or placement of permanent aggregate edge treatment.

2.0 Construction Requirements. Prior to the start of grading or edge treatment work, the Contractor shall document the location of the existing crossroad culverts. The Contractor shall submit the method of documentation to the Engineer for approval prior to recording the existing culvert location.

2.1 The documentation provided by the Contractor shall include the location of existing crossroad culverts by either station or log mile. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor begin grading or edge treatment work without the Engineer's approval.

2.2 The location of each crossroad culvert shall be indicated with a lathe or other identifier that can be seen during contractor operations.

2.3 The contractor shall exercise reasonable care in the locations of the crossroad culverts and all driveway culverts to ensure that grading or edge treatment operations do not result in the blockage of the culvert.

2.4 The contractor as directed by the engineer shall remove any material from all culverts that was placed by grading or edge treatment operations.

3.0 Basis of Payment. No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for compliance with this provision. All costs associated with the equipment, labor, materials, and time necessary to fulfill the requirements of this provision shall be considered completely covered by line items in the contract.

X. Utilities JSP-93-26F

1.0 For informational purposes only, the following is a list of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the known utility companies in the area of construction work for this improvement:

<u>Utility Name</u>	<u>Known Required Adjustment</u>	<u>Type</u>
Liberty Utilities Cody Ponder 2690 W Broadway St. Boliver, MO 65613 Phone: (417) 706-8140 Email: cody.ponder@libertyutilities.com	None	Power
Brightspeed Kelly Weigle 117 N Madison Ave. Lebanon, MO 65536 Phone: (417) 733-7866 Email: kelly.weigle1@brightspeed.com	None	Communications
City of Hollister Terry Brashear 10864 Historic Hwy 165, Hollister, MO 65672 417-348-0891 publicworks@cityofhollister.com	None	Sewer and Water
Summit Natural Gas of Mo James Trujillo 272 Keystone Industrial Park Dr., Camdenton, MO 65020 (720) 981-2123 ext. 1664 customerservice@SummitNaturalGas.com	None	Gas
Optimum Alex Gomez 769 N. 20th Street, Ozark, MO 65721 316-644-2823 alexander.gomez@alticeusa.com	None	Fiber
City of Branson Kendall Powell 616 W. Pacific St. 4th Floor Branson, MO 65616 Phone: 417-234-2731 kpowell@bransonmo.gov	None	Sewer and Gas

MoDOT-Signals, Lighting, ITS Joe Dotson 2455 N. Mayfair Ave. Springfield, MO. 65803 Phone: 417-599-3043 Email: joseph.dotson@modot.mo.gov	None	Fiber
Taney County Regional Sewer District Bradley D. Allbritton, PE 6733 MO-76 Kirbyville, MO 65679 417-544-0655 Emergency Phone: (417) 331-0578 customerservice@tcrsd.org	None	Sewer
SHO-ME Technologies Brad McGoon 301 West Jackson St., Marshfield, MO 65706 417-859-3475 dmcgoon@shomepower.com	None	Telephone
White River Connect Matt Smith Construction Coordinator P.O. Box 969 Branson, MO 65615 417-335-9347 msmith@whiteriverconnect.com	None	Communication
Northern Arkansas Telephone Company Monica Principato 301 E Main St, Flippin, AR 72634 870-453-9213 monica@natconet.com	None	Phone
White River Valley Electric Beau Jackson 2449 State Highway 76 East, Branson, MO 65615 (417) 335-9249 bjackson@whiteriver.org	None	Electric and Fiber

- 1.1 The existence and approximate location of utility facilities known to exist, as shown on the plans, are based upon the best information available to the Commission at this time. This information is provided by the Commission "as-is" and the Commission expressly disclaims any representation or warranty as to the completeness, accuracy, or suitability of the information for any use. Reliance upon this information is done at the risk and peril of the

user, and the Commission shall not be liable for any damage that may arise from any error in the information. It is, therefore, the responsibility of the contractor to verify the above listing information indicating the existence, location and status of any facility. Such verification includes direct contact with the listed utilities.

- 1.2** Overhead Primary Electric. Various utilities listed above have overhead lines within the project limits near the contractor's work. The contractor shall comply with the Missouri Overhead Powerline Safety Act, which makes it illegal for an unauthorized person or entity to work or bring equipment within 10 feet of a high-voltage line that has not been covered or de-energized. If the contractor requires line cover when working near a primary power line, the contractor shall notify the utility owner a minimum of 14 days prior. Most power providers perform this service free of charge for municipally driven projects. The contractor is responsible for any damage to overhead lines caused by their operations. There will be no direct payment for compliance with this specification.